STATE LATIN FORUM - 1986

HISTORY OF THE EMPIRE

- 1. Which of the following was not one of the offspring of the elder Julia and Marcus Agrippa?
 - a. Postumus Agrippa b. Lucius Caesar c. Agrippina (wife of Germanicus)
 - d. Julia the Younger e. All were children of Julia and Marcus Agrippa
- 2. How many of the nine children of Germanicus and Agrippina the Younger died during Tiberius' reign? a. 3 b. 6 c. 1 d. 5 e. all of them
- 3. In what battle did Constans defeat and kill Constantine II? a. Verona b. Gela c. Aquileia d. Uxellodunum e.
- 4. In what year was Arabia Petraea made a province? a. 167 AD b. 180 AD c. 114 AD d. 106 AD
- Under what emperor and in what year was John the Baptist killed? a. Tiberius; 34 AD b. Caligula; 40 AD c. Caligula; 38 AD d. Tiberius; 27 AD e. Tiberius; 36 AD
- 6. When Valentinian I came to the throne in 364 AD, he realized that he was unable to rule the empire alone. Whom did he appoint as co-Augustus? a. Valens b. Valerian c. Valentinian II d. Valerianus e. Lucius Verus
- 7. Claudius made himself somewhat unpopular with the senatorial nobility by reviving the censorship. In what year did he do this? a. 44 AD b. 41 AD c. 47 AD d. 45 AD
- 8. In what year did Cleander appoint himself, along with two other men, to be praetorian prefect. thus making three for the first time? a. 189 AD b. 118 AD c. 205 AD d. 185 AD
- 9. During what emperor's reign were the ludi saecularii conducted for the fourth time since Augustus' establishment of the principate? a. Trajanus Decius' b. Domitian's c. Philip the Arab's e. Septimius Severus'
- 10. Which of the following did Augustus banish in 7 AD? Postumus Agrippa b. Tiberius c. Julia the Elder d. Ovid none of these
- Who overcame the resistance of Anthemius and took Rome in 472 AD? a. Alaric b. Wallia c. Ricimer d. Ataulf e. Odoacer
- 12. Who passed the Edict of Toleration, legalizing Christianity, in 311 AD? a. Constantine b. Galerius c. Constans d. Maximianus e. Maxentius
- What emperor did Lentulus Gaetulicus lead a revolt against, in hopes of replacing him with M. Aemilius Lepidus? a. Caligula b. Tiberius c. Augustus d. Nero e. Domitian

- 14. After abdicating on May 1, 305 AD, Diocletian retired to his palace at Spalato in 306 AD. In what province was this palace? a. Noricum b. Dalmatia c. Appolonia d. Illyricum e. Raetia
- In 293 AD, the imperium Britanniarum was destroyed when Asclepiodotus defeated Carausius successor Allectus at what battle? a. Mons Graupius b. Camulodunum c. Verulamium d. Rutupiae e. Silchester
- 16. Although Augustus ruled from 27 BC to 14 AD, he allowed others to hold the consulship during his reign. What famous figure held the consulship in 1 AD? a. Postumus Agrippa b. Tiberius c. Gaius Caesar e. Lucius Caesar
- 17. How did M. Cocceius Nerva come to the throne? a. The senate selected him. b. He was Domitian's heir. c. He was appointed by the praetorian guard. d. The army appointed him e. The conspirators who killed Domitian named him.
- 18. The Claudian invasion of Britain overcame the resistance of which British king? a. Caratacus b. Divitiacus c. Boudicca d. Cassivellaunus e. Cunobelinus
- 19. Which of the following did not rule in 238 AD? a. Gordian I b. Gordian III c. Maximinus Thrax d. C. Furius Timesitheus D. Caelius Balbinus
- On what hill did Nero construct the Domus Aurea? The Quirinal b. The Capitoline c. The Esquiline d. The Caelian e. The Aventine
- In what year was Constantine's Arch erected in Rome? a. 315 AD b. 330 AD c. 337 AD d. 312 AD e. 324 AD
- At the conference of Caruntum in 308 AD, which of the following was appointed to replace the co-Augustus Flavius Valerius Severus killed in 307 AD? a. Maxentius b. Licinianus Licinus c. Maximian d. Maximinus Daia e. Constantine
- 23. Only one of the 26 Augusti who ruled between 235 and 285 AD did not die a violent death. Who was he? a. Maximinus Thrax b. Hostilianus c. Aurelian d. Gordian III . e. Claudius Gothicus
- 24. Who captured the Druidic center of Mona (Anglesey) in 59 AD? a. Suetonius Paulinus b. Ostorius Scapula c. Flavius Vespasianus d. Cn. Domitius Corbulo e. Aulus Plautius
- 25. What law of 9 AD gave precedence in public election to fathers, as opposed to childless men? a. The Julian Law b. The Plautian Law c. The Papian-Poppaean Law
 - d. The Aelian Law e. The Fufian-Caninian Law

- 26. The long series of Olympic Games was brought to an end, until its revival in 1896, during the reign of what emperor?
 - a. Romulus Augustulus b. Valentinian III c. Honorius d. Theodosius I e. Constantine
- 27. In 196 AD Septimius Severus made his throne secure by destroying the forces of Clodius Albinus in what battle?
 a. Interamna b. Lugdunum c. Patavium d. Nemausus e. Mediolanum
- 28. Which of the following emperors swore not to put a senator to death except when the senate itself condemned the man?a. Vespasian b. Nerva c. Augustus d. Marcus Aurelius e. Tiberius
- 29. In what year did Gaiseric, the Vandal leader who led his people into Africa in 429 AD, sack Rome?
 a. 472 AD b. 440 AD c. 430 AD d. 455 AD e. 439 AD
- 30. In what year did Augustus marry his daughter Julia to C. Claudius Marcellus, thus making the latter his heir?
 a. 23 BC b. 27 BC c. 21 BC d. 19 BC e. 12 BC
- 31. On the reign of what previous emperor did Domitian attempt to model his? a. Vespasian's b. Augustus' c. Titus' d. Tiberius' e. Nero's
- 32. Trajan was rather pleased with his victories over the Dacians. What monument did he build to commemorate this exploit?
 a. The Forum Trajani b. The Basilica Ulpia c. The Fornix Trajani d. Trajan's Column e. none of these
- 33. Which of the following was not one of the emperors who ruled in 69 AD? a. Vitellius b. Galba c. Otho d. Vespasian e. Nero
- 34. Which of the following was not among the prominent victims of the Pisonian conspiracy?

 a. Petronius b. Corbulo c. Lucan d. Seneca the Younger e. Annaeus fiela (Seneca's brother and Lucan's father)
- 35. After a six-month-long siege, Titus finally captured what city in 70 AD? a. Masada b. Herodium c. Jerusalem d. Machaerus e. none of these
- 36. What Gothic leader defeated and killed Trajanus Decius at the battle of Abrittus in 253 AD?
 a. C. Tetricus b. Ballista c. Cniva d. Cantabricus e. Garto
- 37. What area did Augustus add to the empire after the death of its king, Amyntas, in 25 BC?
 a. Cappadocia b. Egypt c. Baetica d. Commagene e. Galatia
- 38. King Shapur I of Persia become the first person to capture a Roman emperor alive when he beguiled whom into surrender in 260 AD?

 a. Valerian b. Gallienus c. Ingenuus d. Regalianus e. Tacitus

- 39. In what battle did Trajanus Decius defeat and kill Philip the Arab?
 a. Interamna b. Aquileia c. Mediolanum d. Verona e. Naissus
- 40. Which of the following people is not correctly matched with his or her place of retirement/exile?
 - a. Julia the Younger; Macedonia b. Tiberius; Rhodes and Capri
 - c. Postumus Agrippa; Planasia d. Julia the Elder; Pandateria
 - e. Seneca the Younger; Corsica
- 41. In what year was Constantine's eastern capital, Constantinople, dedicated? a. 312 AD b. 315 AD c. 325 AD d. 330 AD e. 336 AD
- 42. Whom did Diocletian defeat in the battle of Morava in 285 AD, thus making himself master of the entire empire?
 a. Numerianus b. M. Aurelius Carausius c. Carus d. Aper e. Carinus
- 43. Which emperor's motto was "Oderint dum probent" (Let them hate me, provided that they approve of my actions)?
 a. Nero b. Septimius Severus c. Caracalla d. Tiberius e. Commodus
- Who, by winning the battle of Dura Europas in 165 AD, took the Parthian capital, Ctesiphon, and put an end to the war with Vologeses III?
 a. Statius Priscus b. C. Julius Severus c. Licius Verus d. Avidius Cassius e. none of these
- 45. Commagene and Cappadocia were made into provinces by what emperor?
 a. Augustus b. Trajan c. Antoninus Pius d. Marcus Aurelius e. Tiberius
- 46. What British commander put to death the co-emperor Gratian in 383 AD?

 a. Magnus Maximus b. Count Theodosius c. Gallus d. Crispus
 e. Arbogast
- 47. In what year was Claudius' son Britannicus, killed by Nero in 55 AD, born? a. 39 AD b. 43 AD c. 36 AD d. 41 AD e. 48 AD
- 48. In what battle did the Goths overwhelmingly defeat the Romans under Valens and kill him?
 - a. Chrysopolis
 b. Nicopolis
 c. Hadrianople
 d. The Frigidus River
 e. Kossovo
- 49. In what year did Christian bishops meet at Nicaea and produce the Nicene creed in an attempt to unify the Christian church?a. 314 AD b. 312 AD c. 356 AD d. 325 AD e. 342 AD
- 50. Which emperor build Titus' arch?
 a. Vespasian b. Titus c. Domitian d. Nerva e. Trajan