

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1994

DERIVATIVES I

- I. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word, OR choose the pair of words which best completes the analogy.
1. What number is the basis of a vigesimal system?
a. twenty b. fifty c. one hundred d. five hundred
 2. Which of the following is an example of a hiemal sport?
a. sailing b. bowling c. wrestling d. skiing
 3. A commensal relationship exists between people who share
a. a home. b. meals. c. books. d. ideas.
 4. A uxorious man is excessively devoted to his
a. children. b. wife. c. job. d. leisure time.
 5. Which type of film would be the one likely to contain a defenestration scene?
a. romance b. documentary c. murder mystery
d. musical
 6. When one of the commissioners supported the issue before the council, another impugned her motives for doing so.
a. attacked b. approved c. questioned d. praised
 7. The auriferous river drew many people to its shores because it
a. promised longanimity.
b. offered a salubrious environment.
c. provided a safe habitat.
d. satiated their greed.
 8. celerity : speed ::
a. enmity : friendship b. paucity : abundance
c. senility : disease d. verity : truth
 9. mature : puerile ::
a. rural : oppidan b. littoral : riparian
c. pulchritude : beauty d. ambulatory : mobile
 10. nescience : teacher ::
a. dexterity : athlete b. animosity : friend
c. felicity : gambler d. fidelity : canis

II. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

11. itinerary
a. plan b. hold c. journey d. time
12. bonbon
a. sweet b. good c. short d. twice
13. casino
a. camp b. song c. house d. reason
14. currency
a. care b. desire c. seize d. run
15. interval
a. valley b. wall c. some d. turn
16. investment
a. force b. sell c. clothing d. voice
17. conjecture
a. throw b. think c. take d. try
18. vinegar
a. do b. equal c. sharp d. bold
19. reputation
a. think b. place c. prove d. ask
20. student
a. eagerness b. safety c. work d. attempt
21. discomfort
a. every b. against c. shape d. brave

III. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

22. auspicious
a. avis b. augeo c. spes d. spatium
23. lieutenant
a. tenuis b. tempto c. tempus d. teneo
24. revelry
a. bellum b. bonus c. verito d. valeo
25. overdue
a. duco b. debeo c. do d. duo

26. amount
a. mons b. moneo c. mos d. modus
27. peer
a. pars b. par c. peior d. puer
28. necessary
a. sacer b. certus c. cedo d. sedeo
29. patricide
a. cibus b. cado c. civis d. caedo
30. remnant
a. manus b. mens c. mando d. maneo
- IV. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.
31. solus
a. console b. solar c. obsolete d. solitude
32. fortis
a. force b. fortunate c. fortuitous d. forge
33. lego
a. privilege b. oblige c. ligament d. legible
34. spes
a. despair b. spite c. inspire d. special
35. vox
a. vow b. vowel c. vote d. devote
36. domus
a. indemnity b. danger c. pardon d. endow
37. sum
a. consume b. essence c. summary d. issue
38. gero
a. engine b. agree c. suggest d. generous
39. quaero
a. quiet b. quarrel c. squadron d. require
40. premo
a. premier b. prison c. print d. premonition

- V. Choose the word which is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others.
41. a. square b. ewer c. aqueous d. sewer
42. a. servile b. dessert c. serf d. serpent
43. a. ancient b. accent c. antiquarian d. antics
44. a. correct b. recent c. regime d. erect
45. a. deter b. inter c. territory d. terrace
46. a. libel b. liberal c. deliver d. livery
47. a. presidency b. session c. insidious d. resent
48. a. adultery b. altercation c. exalt d. alternate
49. a. curious b. manicure c. concur d. assure
50. a. convey b. survey c. envy d. vision