

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1995

DERIVATIVES II

I. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word.

- 1. Which of the following could be called dolorific?
a. cancer b. honey c. a holiday d. apples
- 2. Which of the following words does NOT have a pejorative meaning?
a. king b. despot c. tyrant d. dictator
- 3. The error in the financial records was _____ to the accountant.
a. impecunious b. imputable c. impulsive d. implacable
- 4. Hibernate : estivate ::
a. flammable : inflammable
b. marital : martial
c. dilapidation : reclamation
d. horticulture : agriculture
- 5. The front-runner was an inveterate campaigner.
a. strong b. pugnacious c. experienced d. unbeatable
- 6. My mother was prone to give me iterative advice.
a. felicitous b. annoying c. repetitive d. evanescent
- 7. She completed her work in an expeditious manner.
a. careless b. wasteful c. orderly d. speedy
- 8. A complaisant person is
a. self-satisfied. b. flattering. c. perfect. d. easy to please.
- 9. A person overly fond of using axioms and proverbs could be called
a. sentient. b. sensorial. c. sensate. d. sententious
- 10. The indentee border on the shield of a knight was
a. serrated. b. thick and dark. c. composed of lions' heads. d. was multicolored.

II. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

- 11. exorbitant
a. circle b. rise c. rank d. cost

12. finesse
a. end b. become c. cut d. shape
13. patience
a. wait b. extend c. suffer d. feed
14. invective
a. violence b. carry c. tribute d. turn
15. sparse
a. equal b. divide c. few d. scatter
16. latent
a. hidden b. wide c. side d. weary
17. pendulum
a. swing b. weigh c. enter d. hang
18. annoy
a. new b. hate c. know d. every
19. puny
a. find b. little c. weak d. begin
20. nuisance
a. nothing b. learn c. harm d. divinity

III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

21. dens
a. dense b. dandelion c. denial d. dandruff
22. metior
a. commerce b. immense c. meticulous d. mitigate
23. solve
a. console b. insolent c. resolute d. desolate
24. traho
a. tranquil b. intrepid c. treaty d. intrench
25. vito
a. inevitable b. vitiate c. vitality d. vitreous
26. cohors
a. courage b. incorporate c. record d. discourtesy
27. genus
a. jest b. gerund c. gentian d. jaunty

28. caedo
a. chisel b. cheat c. chance d. chute
29. fero
a. interfere b. elation c. bilateral d. ferment
30. iungo
a. juggle b. just c. jostle d. jut
- IV. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.
31. pursue
a. sum b. sequor c. pugno d. prope
32. perish
a. ius b. eo c. res d. periculum
33. adjutant
a. iungo b. ius c. iudex d. iuvo
34. sojourn
a. ius b. socius c. dies d. aevum
35. asset
a. servus b. sedeo c. sto d. satis
36. victuals
a. vinco b. vivo c. vicus d. vir
37. usurp
a. utor b. spiro c. rapio d. rumpo
38. avail
a. valeo b. vello c. vallis d. velum
39. intuition
a. tueor b. inter c. utor d. eo
40. toga
a. tango b. teneo c. tollo d. tego
- V. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.
41. a. million b. mistress c. maxim d. magnate
42. a. integument b. pertinacious c. protect d. tile
43. a. native b. naïve c. natural d. nasal
44. a. alluvial b. lava c. allow d. launder

45. a. aborigine b. orient c. ornate d. abortion
46. a. abuse b. usual c. perusal d. combustion
47. a. hostility b. hostage c. hotel d. hospital
48. a. intact b. tangent c. retaliate d. distaste
49. a. intrepid b. trace c. entreat d. portray
50. a. umpire b. party c. disparage d. peer