

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1996

GREEK DERIVATIVES

37

I. Select the best meaning for the Greek prefix.

1. eu  
a. much b. many c. good d. large
2. a  
a. many b. not c. alone d. with
3. apo  
a. around b. through c. down d. from
4. tele  
a. near b. behind c. far d. toward
5. dys  
a. good b. bad c. large d. small

II. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined words.

6. Our neighbor is called a polyglot because he  
a. is a gifted speaker. b. holds dual citizenship.  
c. works several jobs. d. speaks several languages.
7. Some people suffer from apnea at night.  
a. interrupted breathing b. nightmares c. seizures  
d. muscle cramps
8. Stroke victims often suffer from aphasia, an inability to  
a. walk. b. see. c. remember. d. speak.
9. A scoliometer measures  
a. distances. b. curves. c. thickness. d. speed.
10. Which of the following would have benefitted from rhinoplasty?  
a. Jack Sprat b. Rapunzel c. Cyrano de Bergerac  
d. Edward Scissorhands
11. A gynarchy would be controlled by  
a. the rich. b. men. c. women. d. a chosen few.
12. A necropolis would be of interest to  
a. architects. b. engineers. c. lapidarists.  
d. archaeologists.
13. The dipsomaniac suffered from  
a. hangovers. b. excessively dry skin.  
c. constant hunger. d. sleeplessness.

14. Antipyogenic medicines are used to  
a. deter inflammation. b. induce healing.  
c. reduce pain. d. keep pus from forming.
15. Mycology is the study of  
a. cartilage. b. fungi. c. joints. d. parasites.

III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Greek root.

16. cheir  
a. chive b. surgeon c. chisel d. economics
17. hodos  
a. holocaust b. horoscope c. synod d. pilot
18. aion  
a. aloe b. enigma c. acme d. eon
19. hyle  
a. ethylene b. hypnotic c. hyaline d. hygienic
20. kolpos  
a. coma b. canopy c. protocol d. gulf
21. eleos  
a. alms b. organ c. epoch d. proselyte
22. porphyra  
a. polytheistic b. antipodal c. purple d. pyramidal
23. haima  
a. ephemeral b. anemic c. hepatic d. harmonic
24. koimao  
a. cockle b. colon c. cemetery d. comet
25. pipto  
a. pigmy b. symptom c. repine d. box
26. trecho  
a. truck b. trickle c. track d. tract
27. oura  
a. squirrel b. osmosis c. oxide d. oyster

IV. Choose the meaning of the Greek root from which the given English word is derived.

28. demagogue  
a. see b. worship c. rave d. lead

29. gymnasium  
a. strong b. young c. naked d. warlike
30. xylophone  
a. wood b. music c. wind d. drum
31. plethora  
a. empty b. strong c. weak d. full
32. metonymy  
a. name b. course c. mark d. father
33. eclectic  
a. choose b. match c. clash d. see
34. epithet  
a. place b. bury c. show d. suffer
35. histology  
a. form b. bird c. tissue d. womb
36. poem  
a. rhyme b. write c. put d. make
37. parallel  
a. stripe b. other c. under d. alone
38. troglodyte  
a. short b. ugly c. gnaw d. carve
39. carphagous  
a. meat b. grass c. insect d. fruit
40. diatribe  
a. talk b. rub c. study d. split

V. Choose the word that does NOT belong by derivation.

41. a. tendon b. tenant c. tetanus d. tuneless
42. a. callisthenics b. kaleidoscope c. calendar  
d. calligraphy
43. a. antipathy b. pathology c. telepathy d. pathway
44. a. anatomy b. epitome c. tomb d. atom
45. a. panegyric b. pangolin c. pantheon d. pantomime
46. a. calm b. cactus c. caustic d. holocaust
47. a. apostate b. ecstatic c. system d. apostrophe

48. a. plastic b. plateau c. platter d. fireplace
49. a. balustrade b. parable c. hyperbole d. devilish
50. a. pyorrhea b. hemorrhage c. rhyme d. rheumatism