

CLASSICAL GEOGRAPHY

N.B. All dates are B.C. unless specifically stated.

1. Mycenae, where beehive tombs dating from c. 1500 have been found, is located in
a. the Argolid b. Laconia c. Crete d. Thessaly
2. Which of Rome's seven hills is closest to the Tiber River?
a. Caelian b. Aventine c. Viminal d. Esquiline
3. The ruins of the wealthy city of Leptis Magna are located closest to the modern city of
a. Barcelona. b. Florence c. Lyons. d. Tripoli.
4. Petra, famous for its temples and tombs cut into sandstone, was the capital of ancient
a. Nabataea. b. Syria. c. Phoenicia. d. Armenia.
5. In what Roman province would one find Aquae Sulis, Eboracum, and Londinium?
a. Hispania b. Thracia c. Dalmatia d. Britannia
6. Which river does NOT belong?
a. Tagus b. Ebro c. Douro d. Savus
7. King Midas washed away his golden touch in the Pactolus River in
a. Lydia. b. the Peloponnese. c. Crete. d. Thrace.
8. In which direction would you travel from Athens to visit the Mausoleum of Halicarnassus, one of the seven wonders of the ancient world?
a. northeast b. southeast c. southwest d. northwest
9. Which sea is west of Rome?
a. Adriatic b. Tyrrhenian c. Ionian d. Aegean
10. Constantine built his new capital on the site of an older Greek city called
a. Byzantium. b. Nicomedia. c. Ephesus. d. Miletus
11. The Matrona and Sequana are rivers in what Roman province?
a. Britannia b. Mauretania c. Gallia d. Cappadocia
12. In what modern country has the site of the "Windy City" of Troy been excavated?
a. Palestine b. Greece c. Turkey d. Italy
13. What was the country located between the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers called?
a. Syria b. Mesopotamia c. Persia d. Bithynia

14. Which of these islands is closest to Crete?
a. Thera b. Aegina c. Chios d. Lemnos
15. If the Apennines form the vertical for a letter "T," what mountains cross it?
a. Pyrenees b. Caucasus c. Alps d. Pindos
16. The Roman enemy Pyrrhus was king of Epirus, a region located in
a. Italy. b. Sicily. c. Africa. d. Greece.
17. An area of very fertile fields to the south of Rome and east of Naples is called
a. Bruttium. b. Umbria. c. Gallia Cisalpina. d. Campania.
18. The city state located closest to Eleusis:
a. Sparta b. Athens c. Thebes d. Corinth
19. Cos, the birthplace of Hippocrates, is located
a. off the coast of Asia Minor. b. near Samothrace.
c. south of Athens. d. in the Cyclades.
20. Pontus, the kingdom of Rome's enemy Mithridates, is north of
a. Macedonia b. Raetia c. Dacia d. Galatia
21. In what direction from Carthage would one find Zama?
a. northeast b. southwest c. southeast d. east
22. The Mare Germanicum is the Roman name for the
a. Baltic Sea b. English Channel
c. Sea of Marmara d. North Sea
23. Which island is farthest east?
a. Ithaca b. Cyprus c. Sicily d. Crete
24. Which city is located between the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers?
a. Babylon b. Persepolis c. Susa d. Alexandria
25. Which of the following is a peninsula?
a. Corsica b. Mauretania c. Balears d. Peloponnesus
26. Lacus Lemanus is the modern Lake
a. Trasimene. b. Sabatinus. c. Fucinus. d. Geneva.
27. Which river flows north into the Mediterranean Sea?
a. Po b. Ebro c. Euphrates d. Nile
28. The nymph Arethusa fled from Alpheus and turned into a spring of the same name which is found near the city of
a. Athens b. Alexandria c. Syracuse d. Rome
29. Rome : Ostia :: Athens : _____
a. Sounion b. Piraeus c. Delos d. Salamis

30. Which of the following lists gives the correct order from north to south in Greece?
a. Sparta, Athens, Thermopylae, Mt. Olympus
b. Thermopylae, Mt. Olympus, Athens, Sparta
c. Athens, Thermopylae, Sparta, Mt. Olympus
d. Mt. Olympus, Thermopylae, Athens, Sparta
31. In which modern country is Persepolis, the capital city of ancient Persia, located?
a. Iraq b. Syria c. Iran d. Afghanistan
32. Mercury was born on Mt. Cyllene, which is located in
a. Thessalia. b. Arcadia. c. Thracia. d. Phrygia.
33. Knossos : Crete :: Mytilene : _____
a. Lemnos b. Rhodes c. Cyprus d. Lesbos
34. Prometheus was chained in the Caucasus Mountains located in
a. Africa. b. Greece.
c. Turkey. d. the former Soviet Union.
35. Jason sailed to Colchis on the eastern end of the _____ Sea to obtain the Golden Fleece.
a. Black. b. North. c. Aegean. d. Red.
36. Where are the straits of Messana (modern Messina) located?
a. between Spain and Africa b. between Corsica and Sardinia
c. between Italy and Sicily d. between Asia Minor and Thrace
37. When the Seven marched from Argos to Thebes, they headed
a. southwest b. northeast c. northwest d. southeast
38. Apollo was forced to serve King Admetus from Pherae, a kingdom located in
a. Attica. b. Achaea. c. Thessalia. d. Lacedaemonia.
39. Which town was NOT located on the Via Appia?
a. Beneventum b. Brundisium c. Capua d. Cumae

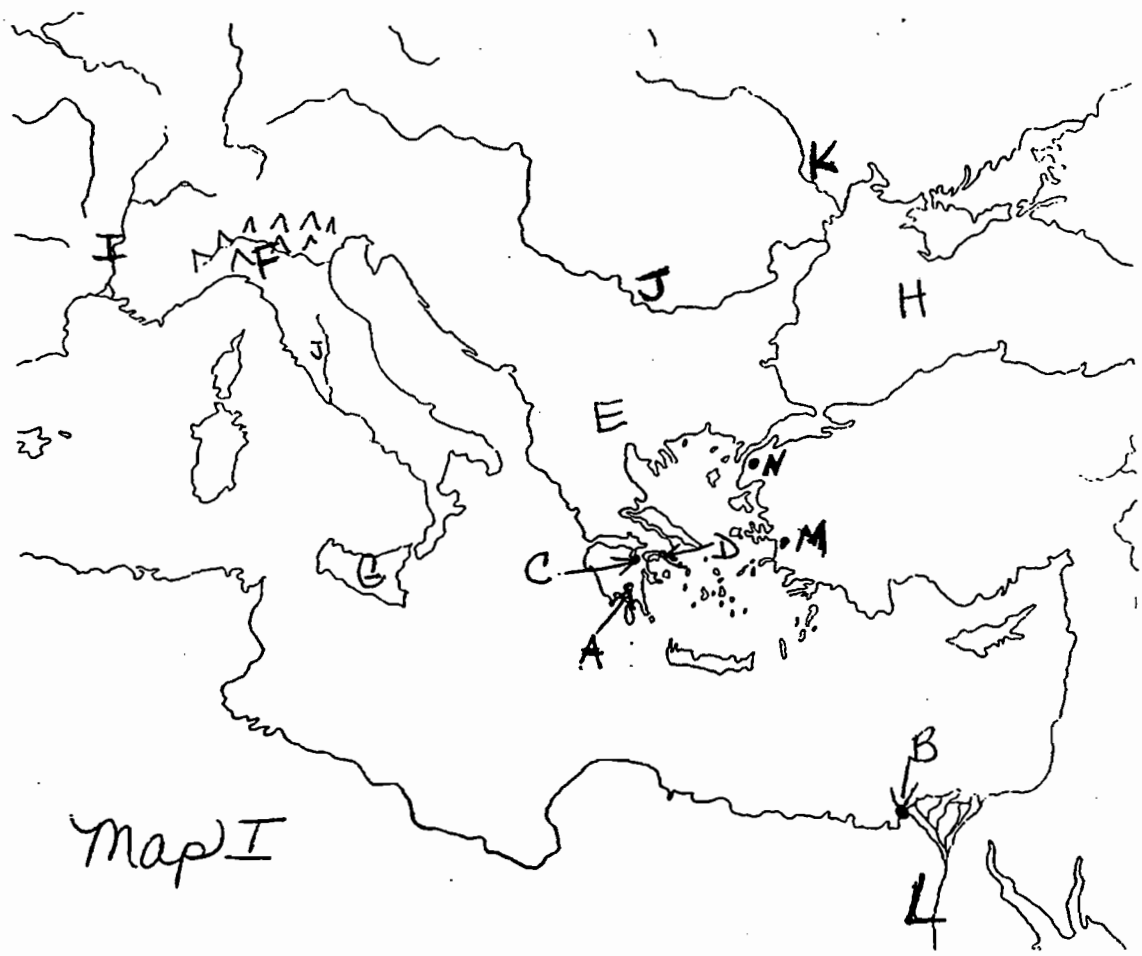
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Questions 40 - 46 refer to Map I.

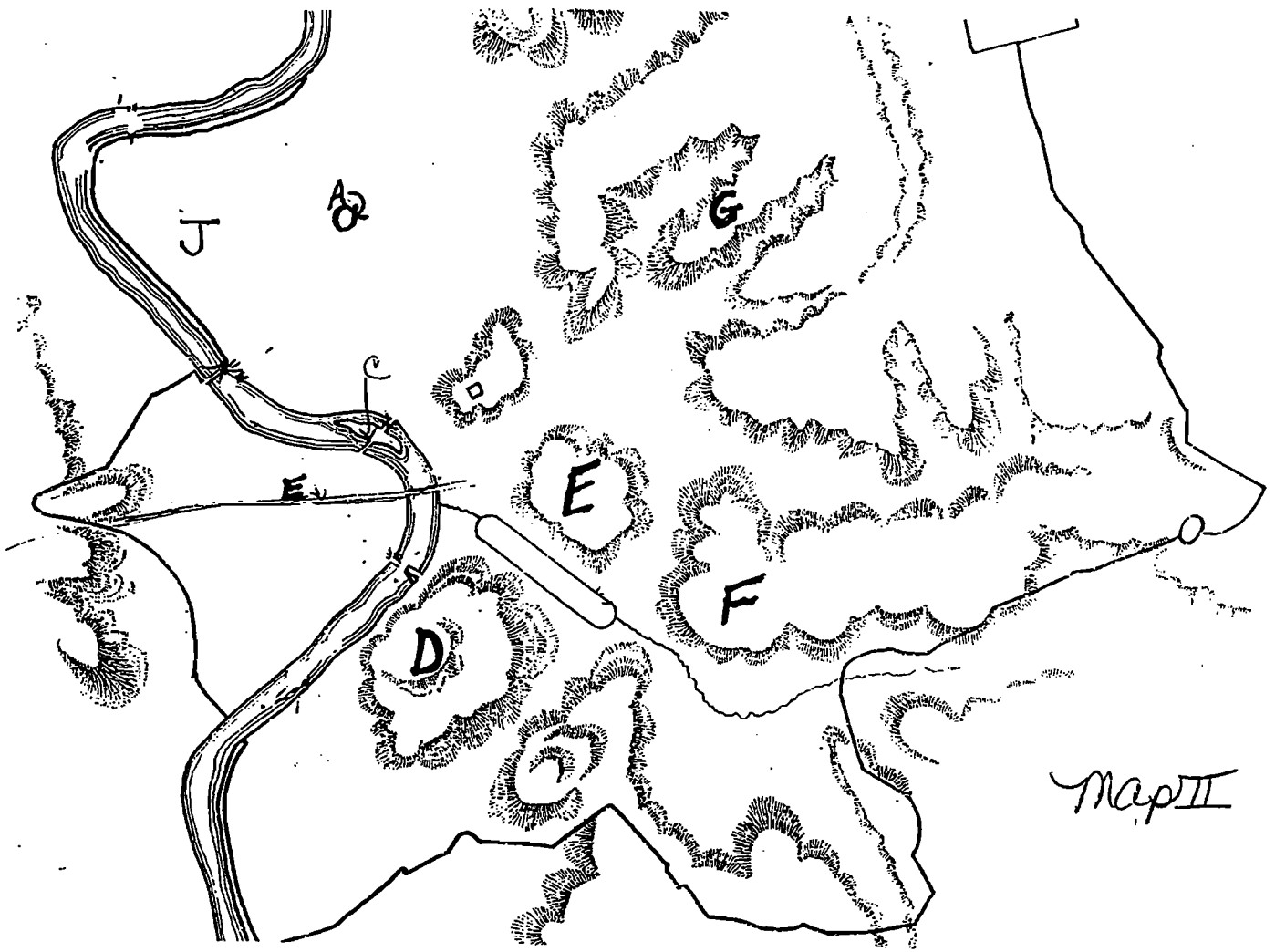
40. (B) marks the location of
 a. Alexandria b. Memphis c. Thebes d. Cairo
41. Which letter marks the location of Corinth?
 a. N b. M c. C d. A
42. (D) designates the island of
 a. Salamis b. Melos c. Euboea d. Rhodes
43. Which area is marked (E)?
 a. Thessaly b. Attica c. Achaea d. Macedonia
44. Which letter marks the Rhodanus River?
 a. I b. J c. K d. L
45. Which city is NOT on the island marked (G)?
 a. Syracuse b. Gela c. Acragas d. Hadrumetum
46. The body of water (H) was called _____ by the Romans.
 a. Mare Internum b. Pontus Euxinus
 c. Sinus Ligusticus d. Mare Caspium

Questions 47 - 50 refer to Map II.

47. (A) marks the location of the
 a. Circus Maximus b. Pantheon
 c. Baths of Diocletian d. Colosseum
48. Which letter marks the Viminal hill?
 a. D b. E c. F d. G
49. The area marked (J) is called the
 a. Campus Martius b. Subura
 c. Forum Romanum d. Palatine
50. What is the road marked (E)?
 a. Via Appia b. Via Sacra c. Via Flaminia d. Via Aurelia



Map I



Map II