REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 1999

GREEK LITERATURE

N.B. All dates are B.C.

- 1. The <u>Iliad</u> was written in a. iambic pentameter. b. blank verse. c. dactylic hexameter. d. elegiac couplet.
- 2. Hesiod's Works and Days is about a. making wine. b. politics. c. farming. d. economics.
- 3. In 490 Simonides wrote an epitaph for the Athenians who died at a. Salamis. b. Thermopylae. c. Plataea. d. Marathon.
- 4. Which of the following was a writer of New Comedy?
 a. Aristophanes b. Eupolis c. Cratinus d. Menander
- 5. Which orator rigorously trained by practicing with stones in his mouth? a. Isocrates b. Demosthenes c. Lysias d. Antiphon
- 6. Which of the following was born on Lesbos and wrote hymns to such deities as Aphrodite and Hera?
 - a. Alcman b. Simonides c. Sappho d. Pindar
- 7. Which poet is most famous for his <u>Epinician Odes</u>?
 a. Anacreon b. Pindar c. Solon d. Terpander
- 8. The author of <u>Pericles' Funeral Oration</u> who was also elected a general: a. Thucydides b. Herodotus c. Xenophon d. Sophocles
 - 9. Herodotus was born in a. 584. b. 530. c. 484. d. 430.
- 10. Plato's <u>Crito</u> describes the death ofa. Aristotle. b. Sophocles. c. Hippocrates. d. Socrates.
- 11. What were Aristotle's students called?

 a. Peripatetics b. Academicians c. Cynics d. Stoics
- 12. Which of the following fell victim to the plague but recovered and described it in his History?
 - a Xenophon b. Thucydides c. Herodotus d. Hecataeus
- 13. All of the following poets composed partheneions, or "maiden songs" **EXCEPT** a. Solon. b. Alcman. c. Pindar. d. Simonides.

- 14. Which of Hesiod's works begins with a description of how he received the inspiration to write the poem?
 - a. Melampodia b. Theogony c. Astronomy d. Works and Days
- 15. Which play has as its main character a chorus of 50 Danaids?
 - a. The Libation Bearers b. The Persians c. The Furies d. The Suppliants
- 16. Which is the correct order of the plays comprising the Oresteia?
 - a. Choephorae, Agamemnon, Eumenides
 - b. Agamemnon, Choephorae, Eumenides
 - c. Agamemnon, Eumenides, Choephorae
 - d. Choephorae, Eumenides, Agamemnon
- 17. Which of the following was **NOT** a pre-Socratic philosopher?

 a. Heracleitus b. Anaximenes c. Eratosthenes d. Anaxagoras
- 18. In what work of Plato does Socrates defend himself against the charge of impiety?

 a. Symposium b. Charmides c. Phaedo d. Apology
- 19. Thales, an early philosopher, was said to have predicted a(n) a. election. b. eclipse. c. murder. d. war.
- 20) The iambic and elegiac poet who openly mocked heroic codes: a. Archilochus b. Simonides c. Pindar d. Theognis
- The poet Simonides was the uncle of another lyric poet named a. Pindar. b. Bacchylides. c. Theognis. d. Ibycus.
- 22. Which of the following plays did Sophocles compose when he was 90 years old?

 a. Oedipus at Colonus b. Ajax c. Antigone d. Electra
- 23. The play Andromache by Euripides ends with Thetis making Peleus a a. hero. b. citizen. c. bird. d. deity.
- 24. In Euripides' Alcestis Heracles saves the life of the devoted wife by fighting a. Zeus. b. the Cyclops. c. the Furies. d. Death.
- 25. How many Sophoclean dramas are still extant? a. 5 b. 7 c. 10 d. 13
- 26. In Euripides' <u>Bacchae</u>, Agave unknowingly murders her a. brother. b. daughter. c. son. d. father.

- 27. The historian Xenophon wrote of his many experiences as all of the following **EXCEPT** a
 - a. cavalryman. b. mercenary. c. farmer. d. teacher.
- 28. The first speech Lysias delivered on his own behalf:
 - a. Against Eratosthenes b. Against the Crown c. Against Alcibiades
 - d. For Mantitheus
- 29. Which of the following orators wrote the earliest surviving speeches we have and also guided the oligarchic revolution to form the Four Hundred at Athens?
 - a. Antiphon b. Demosthenes c. Lysias d. Isocrates
- 30. Who succeeded Aristotle as the head of his school?
 - a. Theophrastus b. Epicurus c. Diogenes d. Heracleitus
- 31. The philosopher Anaxagoras believed the universe was guided by "nous," which means
 - a. truth. b. intelligence. c. love. d. pleasure.
- 32. Monodic lyric poetry which concentrated on intimate subjects like friendship, love, and hate, was written by all of the following **EXCEPT**
 - a. Pindar. b. Anacreon. c. Alcaeus. d. Sappho.
- 33. Which historian joined the Athenian colony at Thurii in Italy and probably lived out his life there?
 - a. Thucydides b. Xenophon c. Lucian d. Herodotus
- 34. Zeno, the author of a book of philosophical paradoxes, was the brilliant pupil of a. Parmenides. b. Plato. c. Aristotle. d. Anaxagoras.
- 35. The epic poem, the <u>Iliad</u>, covers a period of a. 15 days. b. 7 weeks. c. a year. d. a decade.
- 36. Which of the following is usually identified by fantastic, unattainable plots and jokes much concerned with sex?
 - a. New Comedy b. Middle Comedy c. Satire d. Old Comedy
- 37. Xenophon's Anabasis includes an account of the quarrel that eventually led to the
 - a. Battle of Marathon. b. First Peloponnesian War. c. Battle of Cunaxa.
 - d. Archidamian War.
- 38. In which play does Aristophanes use a father and son to mock Socrates and his new school?
 - a. Clouds b. Frogs c. Birds d. Wasps

- 39. Which of the following statements about Empedocles is **NOT** true?
 - a. He was an aristocrat of Acragas in Sicily.
 - b. He believed everything was composed of four elements.
 - c. He quite accurately calculated the circumference of the earth.
 - d. The Sophist Gorgias was one of his pupils.
- 40. Which philosopher, who believed in the relativity of all knowledge, was appointed to draw up a code of laws for the Athenian colony of Thurii?
 - a. Democritus b. Pythagoras c. Protagoras d. Diogenes
- 41. Who was the teacher of Pindar?
 - a. Solon b. Sappho c. Corinna d. Praxilla
- 42. Which lyricist fought with the Lesbians against the Athenians for the possession of Sigeum circa 606?
 - a. Alcaeus b. Terpander c. Tyrtaeus d. Alcman
- 43. Electra is married in the version of her story written by
 - a. Aeschylus. b. Sophocles. c. Aristophanes. d. Euripides.
- 44. Which orator did **NOT** teach rhetoric?
 - a. Isaeus b. Gorgias c. Isocrates d. Aeschines
- 45. Which is the correct order of Andocides' speeches?
 - a. On His Return, On the Peace, On the Mysteries
 - b. On the Peace, On His Return, On the Mysteries
 - c. On His Return, On the Mysteries, On the Peace
 - d. On the Mysteries, On His Return, On the Peace
- 46. Who coined the famous saying, "All art is based on imitation"?
 - a. Sophocles b. Plato c. Socrates d. Aristotle
- 47. Which pre-Socratic philosopher attacked the established polytheistic and anthropomorphic traditional Greek religion?
 - a. Xenophanes b. Parmenides c. Anaximander d. Empedocles
- 48. The thymele in a Greek theater was a(n)
 - a. 3-sided prism. b. altar to Dionysus. c. dressing room.
 - d. entrance passage.
- 49. Which of the following is **NOT** used for identification in any version of the Electra tragedy?
 - a, clothing b. goblet c. footprints d. lock of hair

- 50. The famous speech of Demosthenes entitled On the Crown did all of the following EXCEPT
 - a. ridicule Aeschines' humble background.
 - b. attack Aeschines for his dealings with Philip.
 - c. invoke the Athenians who had fought the Persians at Marathon and Salamis.
 - d. contrast the ancient spirit of Athens with her present degeneracy.