1. Who wrote the *Institutio Oratoria*?

2. Which author is known as the poet of Epicureanism?
   a. Lucretius  b. Catullus  c. Livy  d. Vergil

3. Terence wrote all the following plays **EXCEPT**

4. Which of the following was **NOT** written by Sallust?
   a. *Bellum Jugurthimum*  b. *Historiae*  c. *Bellum Alexandrinum*
   d. *Bellum Catilinae*.

5. The "Lives of the Caesars" by Suetonius includes the biographies of Roman rulers from Julius Caesar through

6. How many books comprised Livy's history of Rome?
   a. 15  b. 37  c. 83  d. 142

7. Which school of philosophy was most popular among the Romans?

8. Which author encouraged the future emperor Claudius in his historical studies?
   a. Seneca  b. Livy  c. Lucan  d. Tacitus

9. Which author first melded Greek epic meter with Latin?

10. Which author does **NOT** belong to the Ciceronian period?
    a. Catullus  b. Caesar  c. Tibullus  d. Lucretius

11. Which of the following is **NOT** a satiric poet?

12. Which of Ovid's works contributed to his banishment?

13. Who is the author of the eighth book of *De Bello Gallico*?

14. Which author refers in his writings to his initiation into the mysteries of Isis?
15. Which of Cicero's speeches is in part an attack on Clodia, the sister of Publius Clodius Pulcher?

16. Which friend and fellow author in a letter on Martial's death describes him as "talented, subtle, penetrating, and sincere"?

17. How many of the 130 plays attributed to Plautus have survived in complete form?
   a. 6  b. 13  c. 20  d. 35

18. How many tragedies of Seneca have survived to this day?
   a. 3  b. 6  c. 9  d. 12

19. Which of the following did NOT receive the patronage of Maecenas?

20. How many poems are included in Catullus' "lepidus libellus"?
   a. 58  b. 116  c. 130  d. 200

21. Propertius :: Hostia :: Catullus ::
   a. Delia  b. Clodia  c. Plania  d. Lesbia

22. Which of the following is NOT a theme found in the poems of Catullus?
   a. politics  b. friendship  c. marriage  d. travel

23. The name of a history in seven books written by Cato the Elder:

24. Which author enjoyed a successful public career under Domitian but later wrote of the pain and difficulty involved in surviving under such a tyrant?
   a. Pliny the Younger  b. Suetonius  c. Martial  d. Tacitus

25. Which writer was known as the Rhetorician?
   a. Pliny the Elder  b. Seneca the Elder  c. Pliny the Younger  d. Seneca the Younger

26. Who included a memorable story about witches substituting a changeling made of straw for a real boy in a larger work about a dinner party?

27. Which author identified the stimulus for his writing with the words, "Facit indignatio versum"?
28. What is the term for a drama which derived its subject from Roman history?
   a. fabula togata  b. fabula palliata  c. fabula praetexta  d. fabula crepidata

29. Which tragic playwright was the nephew of Ennius?

30. The writings of Sallust are hostile to the
   a. populares  b. nobiles  c. plebeii  d. equites.

31. The plays of Plautus include all of the following EXCEPT
   a. satire on public affairs  b. stock scenes and motifs.
      c. alliteration, puns, and word-play  d. scansion based largely on stress accent.

32. The first rhetorician to receive a salary from the state treasury:
   a. Quintilian  b. Cicero  c. Seneca the Elder  d. Hortensius

33. Which of the following would be classified as epideictic oratory?
   a. political speeches delivered from the Rostra
   b. speeches given in the Senate to support a bill
   c. funeral orations
   d. orations spoken in courts of law

34. Which author describes the courageous death of Seneca in A.D. 65?
   a. Petronius  b. Silius Italicus  c. Tacitus  d. Pliny the Younger

35. Which of the following is the last work written by Cicero on moral philosophy?

36. What author includes the story of Androclus and the lion in his work?

37. Whom did Quintilian call "the most learned of the Romans"?

38. Who is the author of the longest surviving Latin poem, an epic in seventeen books on
   the Second Punic War?

39. The theory of human proportion which Leonardo da Vinci illustrated with a man in a
   square circumscribed by a circle is based on the work of
40. Which early writer supposedly wrote his own epitaph, claiming that the Latin language died with him?

41. Which of Horace's works had become a textbook even before he died?
   a. Epistles  b. Epodes  c. Ars Poetica  d. Odes

42. The proverbial quotes of Terence, "quot homines tot sententiae" and "fortis fortuna adiuvat," both come from the

43. Who coined the phrase *hoi neoteroi* to describe the group of poets which included Catullus, Calvus, and Cinna?
   a. Quintilian  b. Cicero  c. Varro  d. Pliny the Elder

44. Which of the following authors thought of himself as the Roman Callimachus?

45. The poet Martial received his cognomen because he
   a. composed epigrams on fallen Roman heroes  b. served in the Roman army.
   c. wrote a poem eulogizing the coming of spring  d. was born on the Matronalia.

46. To what work was Quintilian referring when he wrote, "It is a safer model for orators than poets."

47. Which philosopher was taken into the household of Scipio Aemilianus?

48. Which of the following was a pupil of the Stoic Cornutus?

49. Which dialogue is an unattractive piece written by Seneca to win a recall from exile?

50. Which writer travelled the lecture circuit in northern Africa giving lectures in Latin on philosophy, a collection of which has come down to us under the title of *Florida*?