

FJCL State Latin Forum 2004

Derivatives II

I. Choose the English meaning of the **Latin root** of the derivative word.

1. percussion
 - a. strike
 - b. resound
 - c. echo
 - d. danger
2. exhaust
 - a. tire
 - b. breathe out
 - c. drain
 - d. stick
3. duke
 - a. leader
 - b. fist
 - c. harsh
 - d. two
4. exclude
 - a. elite
 - b. clear
 - c. key
 - d. close
5. specious
 - a. hopeful
 - b. see
 - c. healthy
 - d. kind
6. itinerary
 - a. therefore
 - b. so
 - c. again
 - d. march
7. gusto
 - a. taste
 - b. enthusiasm
 - c. throat
 - d. drop
8. ambidextrous
 - a. left
 - b. walk
 - c. right
 - d. weave
9. edifice
 - a. face
 - b. eat
 - c. building
 - d. make
10. moratorium
 - a. death
 - b. moral
 - c. urn
 - d. delay

II. Choose the word with the **same Latin root** as the given word.

11. prevention
 - a. supervene
 - b. venial
 - c. ventilate
 - d. venerate
12. corsage
 - a. flower
 - b. corpse
 - c. heart
 - d. blood
13. perish
 - a. skilled
 - b. pear
 - c. circuitous
 - d. pitch
14. cook
 - a. colander
 - b. precocious
 - c. cultivate
 - d. cutlet

- 15. insurrection
a. insulation b. exude c. resurgent d. dissuade
- 16. famine
a. famish b. fame c. family d. profane
- 17. conifer
a. ferocious b. farrier c. relate d. abscond
- 18. reversion
a. revere b. verdant c. verbose d. extrovert
- 19. opportune
a. export b. airport c. portal d. portmanteau
- 20. merchant
a. measure b. mere c. descant d. mercer

III. Identify the **Latin word** from which the English word is derived.

- 21. nuclear
a. nux b. clarus c. nullus d. celer
- 22. virile
a. vir b. vis c. vivus d. vicus
- 23. enforce
a. for b. foris c. fors d. fortis
- 24. hesitate
a. sentio b. haereo c. sideo d. sidus
- 25. paludism
a. palleo b. palmus c. palus d. ludo
- 26. appease
a. pavo b. patior c. pax d. pellis
- 27. transcendental
a. scando b. scio c. seco d. sentio
- 28. reprehensible
a. reperio b. reprimo c. rependo d. prehendo
- 29. escutcheon
a. scutum b. sculpo c. edo d. aesculus
- 30. mix
a. mitis b. misceo c. mitto d. minuo

IV. Choose the word that **does not belong** by derivation.

31. a. militate b. militant c. militarism d. millet
32. a. intermittent b. omit c. mitigate d. promissory
33. a. promote b. automobile c. move d. admonish
34. a. mean b. mediation c. meridian d. remedial
35. a. conjoin b. injunction c. rejuvenate d. conjugate
36. a. homage b. homocentric c. humanity d. homunculus
37. a. hostile b. hospice c. hotel d. hostage
38. a. refulgent b. centrifugal c. fugue d. refuge
39. a. currency b. concourse c. procure d. hussar
40. a. charge b. charity c. car d. caricature

V. Choose the word or phrase which **best** completes the statement or means the same thing as the underlined word.

41. A nihilist believes:
 a. nothing exists b. in pacifism c. in a heliocentric planetary system
 d. in illimitable boundaries for all nations
42. An uxoricide killed his/her _____.
 a. snakes b. worms c. dandruff d. wife
43. A lethargic person is _____.
 a. brilliant b. ugly c. sluggish d. beautiful
44. The man was exculpated. He was _____.
 a. beheaded b. proven guiltless c. taken before his father
 d. thrown out a window
45. The old lady showed an unusual prescience.
 a. foresight b. bearing c. preparation
 d. knowledge of scientific method
46. The person excelled at equivocation.
 a. double talk b. cheating c. fair speech d. throwing his voice
47. The woman was obdurate in her later life.
 a. objective b. kindly c. a good cook d. hard hearted

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48. Which would you describe as impecunious?
- a. the pope
 - b. Bill Gates
 - c. a hobo
 - d. Bill Clinton
49. Which is the vernal equinox?
- a. winter
 - b. spring
 - c. summer
 - d. fall
50. While we're on the subject, what's an equinox anyway??
- a. poisons harvested in the fall
 - b. monsoon season
 - c. horse breeding season
 - d. when hours of day & night are about equal