

2007 FJCL State Latin Forum Grammar II

I. Select the word that does not belong grammatically.

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|---------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. a. soleo | b. redeo | c. gaudeo | d. fido |
| 2. a. urbs | b. nox | c. pater | d. mare |
| 3. a. dextra | b. incola | c. pirata | d. poeta |
| 4. a. servio | b. persuadeo | c. peto | d. pareo |
| 5. a. amicus | b. latus | c. vicinus | d. gratus |
| 6. a. civis | b. dies | c. res | d. coniunx |
| 7. a. nuntius | b. virtus | c. senectus | d. manus |
| 8. a. vulnus | b. tempus | c. latus | d. campus |
| 9. a. ob | b. propter | c. ab | d. super |
| 10. a. labor | b. utor | c. moror | d. uror |

II. Select the best answer.

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|---|-----------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| 11. <u>He</u> has to get first place on this test | a. ei | b. eius | c. is | d. eum |
| 12. He is much better at Latin <u>than</u> he is at Greek | a. quamdiu | b. quamquam | c. quam | d. quamvis |
| 13. <u>He</u> will be allowed to drive when he turns sixteen. | a. ille | b. hic | c. eum | d. ei |
| 14. If <u>you</u> answer correctly, you will get a trophy | a. respondebis | b. respondes | c. respondas | d. responderes |
| 15. Your <u>deeds</u> disgust <u>me</u> ! | a. facta...mihi | b. factis...me | c. facta...me | d. factorum...me |
| 16. <u>They</u> were going to run to the Forum yesterday. | a. currebant | b. current | c. currant | d. cursuri erant |
| 17. <u>I</u> remembered your name, but then I forgot it! | a. memineram | b. memini | c. meminisse | d. meminerim |

18. This test will be a great use for you.
a. magnus usus tibi
c. magnus usus pro te

b. magno usui tibi
d. magnum usum tibi

19. Marcus said that he would have to take the test.
a. is
b. ipse

c. se
d. sibi

20. Shelly likes reading Latin.
a. legere
b. legit

c. leget
d. legendum

21. If he should come to Rome, we would all rejoice.
a. veniet...gavisi eramus
c. eundum erit...gaudemus

b. veniat...gaudeamus
d. venisset....gavisi essemus

22. I hope you can finish this test within two hours!
a. in duas horas
c. duabus horis

b. duas horas
d. per duas horas

23. Marcus semper _____ caret.
a. pecuniae
b. pecuniā

c. pecuniam
d. pecunia

24. Caesar milites suos in _____ impetum facere iussit.
a. Gallia
b. Galliā

c. Gallīs
d. Gallos

25. Daedalus et Icarus _____ e Creta volaverunt.
a. alīs
b. cum alīs

c. alas
d. in alis

26. Mors similis _____ est.
a. somnium
b. somnii

c. somnia
d. somnio

27. Marcus Sextum in via _____ spectat.
a. ludens
b. ludentem

c. ludenti
d. ludentis

28. Ubi est puella _____ non credidisti?
a. qui
b. cui

c. quae
d. quam

29. Pompeius nesciebat cur Caesar numquam _____.
a. vincitur
b. vinci

c. victus esset
d. victus sit

30. Ille est servus _____ nobis multam pecuniam dedit!
a. qui
b. cuius

c. cui
d. quem

31. Four of the men did not make it out of the burning building.
a. quattuor ex viris
b. quattuor viri

c. quattuor virorum
d. bis duo viri

32. We have come to buy slaves.
a. ad emendum servos
c. ad emendos servi

b. ad emendum servorum
d. ad emendos servorum

33. I saw the emperor himself today!
a. imperatorem se
c. imperatorem sibi
b. eundem imperatorem
d. ipsum imperatorem

34. Soldiers, follow me!
a. sequere
b. sequite
c. sequimini
d. sequi

35. Cum feri hostes victi essent, militibus Romanis tamen nullum gaudium erant.
a. when
b. with
c. since
d. although

36. He took this test for a longer time than his brother.
a. diu
b. diutius
c. magis diu
d. diutissime

37. There is a certain girl that this gift is for.
a. eadem
b. aliquis
c. quisquis
d. quaedam

38. Let's not walk over there just yet.
a. non ambulamus
c. ne ambulemus
b. ne ambulamus
d. non ambulemus

39. The leader is a man of highest virtue.
a. summae virtutis
c. both a & b
b. summā virtute
d. neither a nor b

40. **Antonius, the extremely well-known athlete, is much better at running a mile than he is at swimming.** In the preceding sentence, if all possible uses of the ablative were used, which of these would NOT be among them?
a. manner
b. degree of difference
c. specification
d. comparison

The following is a short excerpt about the rule of Romulus. Select the best answer for each question following.

Conditā civitate, quam ex nomine suo Romam vocavit, haec egit: Multitudinem finitimorum in civitatem recepit, centum ex senioribus legit, quorum consilio omnia ageret, quos senatorēs nominavit propter senectutem. Tum, cum uxores ipse et populus suus non haberent, invitavit ad spectaculum ludorum vicinas urbi Romae nationes atque earum virgines rapuit. Commotis bellis propter raptarum iniuriam Caeninenses vicit, Antemnates, Crustuminos, Sabinos, Fidenates, Veientes. Haec omnia oppida urbem cingunt. Et cum ortā subito tempestate non comparuisset, anno regni tricesimo septimo ad deos transisse creditus est et consecratus. Deinde Romae per quinos dies senatorēs imperaverunt et his regnantibus annus unus completus est.

**The subject of *vocavit* is Romulus
orior, oriri, ortus sum - to arise
compareo- to be visible or in existence
quinos- by five, five at a time**

41. Which of the following is the best translation of *conditā civitate* in line 1?
- a. as he founded the city
 - b. with the founding city
 - c. the city founded
 - d. after he founded the city
42. What is the antecedent of *quam* in line 1?
- a. civitate
 - b. nomine
 - c. Romam
 - d. condita
43. Which of these is the syntax of *ageret* in line 3?
- a. 3rd person singular future perfect active indicative
 - b. 3rd person singular imperfect active subjunctive
 - c. 3rd person singular pluperfect active indicative
 - d. 3rd person singular present active subjunctive
44. What does *vicinas* in line 4 modify?
- a. virgines
 - b. nationes
 - c. spectaculum
 - d. urbi
45. Which of these best describes *urbi* in line four?
- a. genitive, possession
 - b. dative, indirect object
 - c. objective genitive
 - d. dative with a special adjective
46. The pronoun *earum* in line 4 refers to whom/what?
- a. nationes
 - b. urbi
 - c. virgines
 - d. the Romans
47. According to the passage, why did Romulus call the 100 men *senatores*?
- a. they had been elected
 - b. because of their old age
 - c. as a sign of respect
 - d. because of their number
48. What case is *omnia* in line 6?
- a. nominative
 - b. ablative
 - c. dative
 - d. accusative
49. What is thought to have happened to Romulus?
- a. five senators killed him
 - b. he became a god
 - c. he crossed over to Alba Longa
 - d. he was finally conquered by the Veii
50. What case is *Romae* in line 8?
- a. locative
 - b. genitive
 - c. dative
 - d. nominative