

**FJCL REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2011**  
**HISTORY OF THE MONARCHY AND REPUBLIC**

- 1 The shepherd who raised Romulus and Remus was named
  - a. Faustulus.
  - b. Numitor.
  - c. Amulius.
  - d. Laurentius.
- 2 Who was the wife of Romulus?
  - a. Tarpeia
  - b. Egeria
  - c. Hersilia
  - d. Quirina
- 3 Which Alban king was drawn and quartered by Tullus Hostilius for breaking an oath?
  - a. Mettius Fufetius
  - b. Marcus Curiatus
  - c. Gaius Horatius
  - d. Titus Tatius
- 4 Which Roman king is credited with building the Cloaca Maxima?
  - a. Ancus Marcius
  - b. Tarquinius Priscus
  - c. Servius Tullius
  - d. Tarquinius Superbus
- 5 In what city was Lars Porsenna's capital?
  - a. Clusium
  - b. Veii
  - c. Tarentum
  - d. Coriolus
- 6 Horatius Cocles is known for defending a bridge against the Etruscans. What bridge was it?
  - a. Aemilian
  - b. Mulvian
  - c. Sublician
  - d. Flaminian
- 7 Which of these never "lost his head" in battle or otherwise?
  - a. Cicero
  - b. Crassus
  - c. Hasdrubal
  - d. Hamilcar
- 8 What were the *decemviri* noted for?
  - a. ruling the government
  - b. codifying the laws
  - c. choosing the top 10 generals
  - d. watching out for plebeian interests
- 9 Where did Decius Mus commit his act of *devotio*?
  - a. Caudine Forks
  - b. Sentinum
  - c. Mt. Algidus
  - d. Lautulae
- 10 Where did the Gauls defeat the Romans in 390 BC?
  - a. Allia River
  - b. Metaurus River
  - c. Rubicon River
  - d. Po River
- 11 Which of the following was not called *pater patriae*?
  - a. Cicero
  - b. Camillus
  - c. Caesar
  - d. Cato
- 12 The mother of the Gracchi called them her *gemmae*. What was her name?
  - a. Cornelia
  - b. Aemilia
  - c. Aurelia
  - d. Sempronia
- 13 Tiberius Gracchus held what office when he was attempting to attain agrarian reform?
  - a. consul
  - b. quaestors
  - c. aedile
  - d. tribune
- 14 What was Rome's second province, gained after which war?
  - a. Sardinia/Corsica; 1<sup>st</sup> Punic War
  - b. Sicily; 1<sup>st</sup> Punic War
  - c. Sardinia/ Corsica; 2<sup>nd</sup> Punic War
  - d. Sicily; 2<sup>nd</sup> Punic War
- 15 After the First Punic War, the Carthaginians agreed not to cross what area?
  - a. Saguntum
  - b. Carthago Nova
  - c. Alps
  - d. Ebro River
- 16 The first naval battle won by the Romans was
  - a. Aegates Islands.
  - b. Drepanum.
  - c. Ecnomus.
  - d. Mylae.

- 17 Rome's worst defeat against the Carthaginians was at  
 a. Carrhae.                      b. Cannae.                      c. Trebia River.                      d. Lake Trasimene.
- 18 Which great general was able to defeat the Cimbri and the Teutones?  
 a. Metellus Numidicus                      b. Catulus                      c. Marius                      d. Sulpicius Rufus
- 19 Which of these was NOT a battle in which Sulla was a commander?  
 a. Orchomenus                      b. Chaeronea                      c. Colline Gate                      d. Aquae Sextiae
- 20 Which Roman general defeated Philip V at Cynoscephalae?  
 a. Flaminius                      b. Flamininus                      c. Aelius Paulus                      d. Aemilius Paulus
- 21 Which man was the first to extend the dictatorship beyond the usual 6 months, without a state emergency?  
 a. Cincinnatus                      b. Marius                      c. Sulla                      d. Caesar
- 22 Caesar sent the "telegram" to the Senate, "veni, vidi, vici," after his win at  
 a. Zela                      b. Pharsalus                      c. Ilipa                      d. Munda
- 23 Who was Caesar's first co-consul?  
 a. Crassus                      b. Antony                      c. Cicero                      d. Bibulus
- 24 In which of these battles did Pompey defeat Caesar?  
 a. Munda                      b. Dyrrhachium                      c. Gergovia                      d. Thapsus
- 25 Why was Collatinus, but not Brutus, forced out of the office of consul, when both were related to the Tarquins?  
 a. Brutus was still thought to be stupid  
 b. the death of Lucretia ruined Collatinus' reputation  
 c. Collatinus' name included Tarquinius, Brutus' did not  
 d. People wanted Poplicola to be consul
- 26 Which was NOT a name for the Social War?  
 a. Marsic                      b. Italian                      c. War of the Allies                      d. War of Livius Drusus
- 27 Which is NOT a true statement about Julius Caesar?  
 a. Caesar was proconsul of Illyricum and Gallia  
 b. Caesar was proscribed by Sulla.  
 c. Caesar never lost a battle in Gallia  
 d. In Caesar's life time he was priest, politician, military commander, writer, and orator
- 28 What Law made the second triumvirate legal?  
 a. Lex Julia                      b. Lex Titia                      c. Lex Gabinia                      d. Lex Manilia
- 29 Who succeeded Caesar as Pontifex Maximus?  
 a. Lepidus                      b. M. Antony                      c. Plancus                      d. Cassius Longinus
- 30 Where was Caesar assassinated?  
 a. Curia                      b. Basilica Julia                      c. Theater of Pompey                      d. Rostra

- 31 Although Spartacus was considered the leader of the slave war in 73 B.C., which of the following was NOT among the other leaders of the rebellion?  
 a. Crixus      b. Oenomaus      c. Castus      d. Batiatus
- 32 Which of these is NOT true about Lucullus?  
 a. He brought the cherry and apricot to Rome.  
 b. His biography was included in Varro’s compendium of famous Romans.  
 c. He sided with Marius in the civil war.  
 d. He commanded armies in Africa, Cilicia, and Bithynia.
- 33 Which general ended the war against Numantia in 133BC?  
 a. Metellus      b. Scipio Aemilianus      c. Gaius Gracchus      d. Carbo
- 34 Which Roman, even as a child, had such strong beliefs that he refused to agree to the political position of a visitor to his house, even when hung from a window by his ankles?  
 a. Cato Minor      b. Cicero      c. Sulla      d. Q. Hortensius
- 35 Why did the reluctant Senate allow Lucius Cornelius Scipio to command a Roman fleet against Antiochus?  
 a. His brother, Scipio Africanus, gave a stirring speech in his favor.  
 b. His brother, Scipio Africanus, agreed to be his 2<sup>nd</sup> in command.  
 c. Lucius was the only man with experience against Antiochus and his tactics.  
 d. Lucius was the only man with experience in Asia.
- 36 The last time the Macedonian phalanx faced the Roman legion was at which battle?  
 a. Magnesia      b. Pydna      c. Thermopylae      d. Cynoscephalae
- 37 Macedon became a Roman province after Q. Caecilius Metellus defeated this king.  
 a. Perseus      b. Philip II      c. Eumenes II      d. Andriscus
- 38 Which general supposedly said the following to his soldiers as they were looting great works of art in Corinth: “Don’t let them be damaged or you will have to replace them.”  
 a. Cato Minor      b. Fabius      c. Mummius      d. Lucius Scipio
- 39 In what year did the First Servile War end?  
 a. 132 BC      b. 71 BC      c. 101 BC      d. 107 BC
- 40 Jugurtha became sole king of Numidia  
 a. as his father’s heir      b. by killing off his cousins  
 c. by Roman appointment      d. as an elected official who took the kingship
- 41 Marius’ first army, as consul, was obtained  
 a. with the Senate’s approval      b. by gathering volunteers against the Senate’s wishes  
 c. with the help of Sulla      d. by means of a vote of the people
- 42 Marius lost popular support when he was forced by the Senate to quell an uproar in the Forum resulting in the death of which tribune, who had been his ally?  
 a. Saturninus      b. Gaius Gracchus      c. Livius Drusus      d. Pompeius Strabo

- 43 Which of the following was NOT a *novus homo*?  
 a. M. Porcius Cato    b. Marcus Tullius Cicero    c. Marcus Lepidus    d. Gaius Marius
- 44 Before which First Punic War battle did Claudius throw the sacred chickens overboard, declaring, “If they will not eat, let them drink!”  
 a. Panormus    b. Ecnomus    c. Lilybaeum    d. Drepanum
- 45 In what battle did Octavian and Antony defeat the assassins of Caesar?  
 a. Philippi    b. Actium    c. Mutina    d. Amphipolis
- 46 Where did the triumvirs meet in 56 BC to renew their leadership?  
 a. Carrhae    b. Lucca    c. Munda    d. Gallia
- 47 In what year was Clodius killed on the Appian Way, possibly by Milo, and who was sole consul in that year?  
 a. 52 BC; Pompey    b. 55 BC; Pompey    c. 52 BC; Crassus    d. 55 BC; Crassus
- 48 Which of these did NOT occur in the year 63 BC?  
 a. Octavian born    b. Bona Dea Scandal  
 c. Cicero and Hybrida consuls    d. Mithridates died
- 49 Which battle of the Second Punic War was NOT a victory for Rome?  
 a. Ilipa    b. Baecula    c. Upper Baetis    d. Metaurus River
- 50 Which of the following is correctly matched with his kingdom?  
 a. Massinissa – Mauretania    b. Syphax - Utica    c. Micipsa- Numidia    d. Adherbal- Cirta