

**REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2012**  
**GRAMMAR II**

**Part I. Select the word that does not belong GRAMMATICALLY.**

1. a. nox                      b. vox                      c. ignis                      d. finis
2. a. petentibus              b. gentibus              c. servantibus              d. facientibus
3. a. aureus                  b. ferus                  c. altus                      d. longus
4. a. cum                      b. a                          c. de                          d. sub
5. a. vocum                  b. temporum              c. puerum                  d. regum
6. a. fregi                      b. iungi                      c. terri                      d. probari
7. a. finitimus              b. similis                  c. difficilis                  d. facillimus
8. a. conicio                  b. scio                      c. munio                      d. sentio
9. a. patres                  b. reges                  c. spes                      d. gentes
10. a. alter                      b. pulcher                  c. vester                      d. miser

**Part II. Select the answer that best translates the underlined word(s) into Latin.**

11. The general hoped that the enemy would surrender.  
a. tradent                  b. tradant                  c. tradidisse                  d. tradituros esse
12. You will be able to lift the crate.  
a. potueris                  b. possis                      c. poteris                      d. potes
13. I know that the very brave man will win the battle.  
a. fortissimus              b. fortiorem                  c. fortissimum                  d. fortior
14. Bring the horn to me immediately!  
a. cornuum                  b. cornus                      c. cornua                      d. cornu
15. The girl found her brother.  
a. eum                          b. suum                          c. suam                          d. eius
16. Give that book to another boy.  
a. alii                          b. aliud                          c. alium                          d. alius
17. He can run faster than Marcus.  
a. quam Marco              b. Marcus                      c. Marco                      d. Marce
18. Let's not stay here tonight.  
a. Non maneamus              b. Ne maneamus              c. Non manebimus              d. Ne mansuri sumus

19. He gave a gift to the man sitting in the chair.  
 a. sedenti                      b. sedere                      c. sedentem                      d. sedet
20. Three of the boys finished their Latin homework.  
 a. tres pueri                      b. tres puerorum                      c. tres pueros                      d. tres ex pueris
21. He runs too quickly for me to catch him.  
 a. celerius                      b. celeriter                      c. celerrime                      d. celere
22. We have enough food for the banquet.  
 a. satis cibum                      b. satis cibi                      c. satis ciborum                      d. satis cibo
23. He was kept in a cell for five years.  
 a. pro quinque annis                      b. quinque annorum                      c. quinque annis                      d. quinque annos
24. Running is a fun sport.  
 a. currens                      b. currere                      c. currentem                      d. currenti
25. Which war was waged by the Gauls?  
 a. quis                      b. qui                      c. quod                      d. quid
26. She completed the work herself.  
 a. sua                      b. se                      c. ipsa                      d. idem
27. He was sent as aid to the king.  
 a. auxilium regi                      b. auxilii regi                      c. auxilium regem                      d. auxilio regi
28. We sent the boy to guard the farmhouse.  
 a. ut villam servet                      b. qui villam servaret                      c. qui villam servet                      d. villam servare
29. He will finish the test within two hours.  
 a. cum duabus horis                      b. cum duobus horis                      c. duabus horis                      d. duobus horis
30. I saw a seven foot tall man.  
 a. septem pede altum                      b. septem pedes altitudine  
 c. septem pedum altum                      d. septem pedum altitudine
31. When the forces were captured, Caesar decided to attack the city.  
 a. ubi copias captas                      b. copias captas                      c. copiae captae                      d. copiis captis
32. Identify the construction: Paulo ante ad castra venit.  
 a. time when                      b. comparison                      c. time within which                      d. degree of difference
33. The leader is a man of great authority.  
 a. magna auctoritate                      b. magna auctoritas                      c. magnae auctoritati                      d. de magna auctoritate
34. Which form is not subjunctive?  
 a. ageremus                      b. agemus                      c. egerimus                      d. egissemus

35. The Punic Wars lasted longer than I would have thought.  
 a. longius tempus      b. diutius      c. longo tempore      d. diu
36. The thief broke into the villa late at night.  
 a. magnam noctem      b. multa nocte      c. multam noctem      d. magna nocte
37. I have tried to make this test as difficult as possible.  
 a. quam difficillimum      b. quod difficillime  
 c. quem difficillime      d. quid difficillimum
38. My parents gave me eighteen gifts for my birthday.  
 a. duodeviginti      b. octodecim      c. octo plus decem      d. decem octo
39. Did Ariadne realize that she had been abandoned by Theseus?  
 a. eam relicturam esse      b. ea relictata erat      c. se relictam esse      d. sua relictata esset
40. Students, don't stop believing.  
 a. noli desistite      b. nolite desistere      c. nolite desistite      d. noli desistere

**Part III. Questions 41-50 refer to the following passage.**

Camillus Vēiīs exercitum colligēbat ut cīves suōs in arce perīculō mortis ēriperet, nam Rōmānīs timōre impetūs in arcem liberātīs famēs tamen īnstābat, quae tandem quoniam nihil auxiliī eīs ā Dictātōre ferēbātur vel dēdī vel redimī eōs iussit, iactantibus nōn obscurē Gallīs haud magnā mercēde sē obsidiōnem relictūrōs. Inde inter Q. Sulpīcium Tribūnum Mīlitum et Brennum prīncipem Gallōrum colloquiō trānsacta rēs est, et mīlle pondere aurī pretium populī gentibus mox imperātūrī factum. Aurō publicō dēficiente ā mātrōnīs collātum accēpērunt ut sacrō aurō in deorum aedibus abstinērētur, prō quō beneficiō post honor datus est quō eārum sicut virōrum post mortem sollemnis laudātiō futūra erat. Reī foedissimae per sē adiecta indīgnitās est: pondera ab Gallīs allāta sunt inīqua, et Tribūnō recūsante additus ab insolente Gallō ponderī gladius, audītaque intoleranda Rōmānis vox “Vae victīs!”

41. The best translation of *ut eriperet* (line 1):  
 a. as he rescued      b. that he was rescuing      c. after he rescued      d. in order to rescue
42. Timore (line 1) is an ablative of  
 a. cause.      b. separation      c. specification      d. means
43. What use of the genitive case is illustrated by *auxili* (line 2)?  
 a. objective      b. partitive      c. possession      d. description
44. *Dedi* and *redimi* (line 3) are  
 a. present active imperatives      b. 1<sup>st</sup> person singular perfect active indicative  
 c. present passive infinitives      d. perfect passive participles

45. *Iactantibus...relicturos* (lines 3-4) tells us that
- the Romans had acquired secret information about the resources of the Gauls
  - the Gauls made it clear that they could be paid to abandon Rome
  - the Gauls had sent for reinforcements and would never abandon the siege
  - the Romans would not pay for the return of the men captured by the Gauls
46. The phrase *populi gentibus mox imperaturi* (line 5) is a reference to
- the dominating presence of the Gauls
  - the expansion of Roman power
  - the return of Camillus to Rome
  - Brennus' role as chief of the Gauls
47. The best translation of *auro...deficiente* (lines 5-6):
- although the people lacked gold
  - out of the public supply of gold
  - because they were lacking public gold
  - the gold being presented to the people
48. The case and number of *rei* (line 7):
- nominative plural
  - genitive singular
  - dative singular
  - ablative singular
49. By the end of the passage the Romans are
- elated because they won a great victory
  - determined to persevere against the Gauls
  - demoralized over the loss of a great battle
  - angry at the Gauls' insulting and unjust behavior
50. How many subjunctive verbs are in this passage?
- 2
  - 3
  - 4
  - 5