

2012 FJCL State Latin Forum Heptathlon

Part I. Mythology

1. Which was not a child of Hyperion and Theia?
a. Selene b. Eos c. Helios d. Phaethusa
2. Which hero is not a son of Zeus?
a. Theseus b. Heracles c. Perseus d. Sarpedon
3. What was the name of Agamemnon's daughter whom he sacrificed to Artemis at Aulis?
a. Iphigeneia b. Chrysothemis c. Electra d. Zminthe
4. Which is the correct order of events (earliest to latest) in the adventures of Odysseus?
a. Lotus eaters, Underworld, Polyphemus, Calypso
b. Sack of Ismarus, Polyphemus, Circe, Cattle of the Sun
c. Aeolus, Lotus Eaters, Calypso, Sirens
d. Laestrygonians, Polyphemus, Underworld, Phaeacians
5. Which king pursued Britomartis, a woman who later became the goddess Dictynna ?
a. Minos b. Salmoneus c. Perithoous d. Miletus
6. Which goddess took a special interests in Jason in order to destroy Pelias, the king of lolcus who had slighted her worship throughout his life?
a. Artemis b. Hera c. Aphrodite d. Athena
7. Although Europa only bore children to Zeus, she did marry this king of Crete
a. Atymnius b. Asterius c. Tectamus d. Cretheus

Part II. Customs

8. If a Roman agreed to entertain and protect an Athenian when he visited Rome, and the Athenian promised to reciprocate, the Athenian might be said be be a _____ of the Roman.
a. cliens b. hospes c. cognate d. agnate
9. Which of these priests were dedicated to the worship of Quirinus?
a. Salii Collini b. Augures c. Flamen Dialis d. Fetiales
10. Where would a Roman be most likely to see an *umbilicus*?
a. At the ceremony of the *dies lustricus* b. In the temple of Janus
c. At a *bibliotheca* d. at a the Circus Maximus

11. What was the *cinctus Gabinus*?
- a knot used to join the hands of the married couple
 - the spot outside Gabii where the traitorous schoolteacher had been put to death
 - a ceremonial style of wearing a toga
 - the oath of loyalty sworn by clients to patrons in the early Republic
12. Which of the following is specifically a double door?
- ianua
 - posticum
 - ostium
 - fores
13. Although slaves did not have any real right to own property, some masters allowed their slaves to save money with which the slave eventually might purchase freedom. What was this savings called?
- peculium
 - flagrum
 - subsellia
 - scirpus
14. What did the Romans call the dark, bitter fluid the first flowed from olives picked for pressing?
- arbustum
 - amurca
 - balanus
 - saliunca

Part III. Latin Literature

15. Whose work *De Lingua Latina* is the earliest extant example of a book on Latin grammar?
- Cato
 - Varro
 - Cicero
 - Quintillian
16. Which of the following authors did **NOT** write history?
- Nepos
 - Frontinus
 - Sallust
 - Velleius Paterculus
17. Which of the following plays was written by Plautus?
- Rudens*
 - Thyestes*
 - Phormio*
 - Eunuchus*
18. Which speech of Cicero defends a man charged with killing the infamous P. Clodius Pulcher?
- Pro Sex. Roscio Amerino*
 - Pro Caelio*
 - Pro Milone*
 - Pro Marcello*
19. Choose the poet who is correctly matched with the pseudonym of his mistress.
- Catullus/Cynthia
 - Tibullus/Lesbia
 - Ovid/Corinna
 - Propertius/Delia
20. Galliambic meter is only used once in the poems of Catullus. What is the subject of that poem?
- His brother's death
 - The story of Attis
 - The lock of Berenice
 - A wedding hymn
21. Which author wrote a *Panegyric* on Trajan?
- Tacitus
 - Martial
 - Pliny the Younger
 - Seneca the Younger

35. From what two Latin roots is *benignity* derived?
 a. ago and bonus b. bonus and facio c. ago and facio d. bonus and genus

Part VI. Vocabulary: Choose the best English meaning for the Latin word given.

36. *abdo*
 a. hide b. betray c. clean d. uncover
37. *eques*
 a. even b. horse c. plain d. rider
38. *for*
 a. door b. chance c. speak d. page
39. *adiuvo*
 a. help b. hear c. swear d. judge
40. *pario*
 a. obey b. prepare c. spare d. acquire
41. *ruo*
 a. break b. fall c. reckon d. refuse
42. *ratis*
 a. rope b. boat c. plan d. mind

Part VII. Grammar

43. Which word forms its superlative form in the same way that *similis* does?
 a. utilis b. gracilis c. gravis d. levis
44. Cicero wondered whom Catiline was killing.
 a. necabat b. necet c. necare d. necaret
45. Viri _____ iter faciebam erat consul.
 a. quo b. quibus c. quibuscum d. quibusdam
46. consul hosti imperat _____.
 a. ex urbe exire b. ut urbem exiret c. ut ex urbe exeat d. a or c
47. Caesar did not believe that he would attack.
 a. eum oppugnaturum esse b. se fuisse oppugnandum
 c. ut is oppugnaret d. ut oppugnaturus esset

48. Cicero had five pigs in Arpinum

- a. Cicero...Arpino
- c. Ciceroni ...Arpini

- b. Ciceronis... in Arpino
- d. Cicero... Arpinum

49. If I had not given the money to my brother, I would have it with me now

- a. dederam...haberem
- c. darem ... haberem

- b. dedissem... haberem
- d. dederam ... habiturus essem

50. Take the number of poems in the Eclogues, subtract the number of Muses, add the number of letters in the feminine accusative plural of the perfect passive participle of *amo*, multiply by the number of emperors in the Flavian dynasty, multiply by the number of letters in Latin antonym of *bellum*, subtract the number of letters in the Latin motto of the City College of New York. Now add one.

a. -21

b. 81

c. 42

d. 1