## 2022 FJCL Regional Latin Forum DERIVATIVES ADVANCED

## I. Choose the response which means the same as the underlined word.

1. Julius stumbled through the room, bumping into inanimate objects.
A. mortal
B. lifeless
C. many
D. large
2. Tulia accepted the invitation with feigned enthusiasm.
A. disingenuous
B. true
C. elevated
D. genuine
3. Alexander's efforts proved to be meritorious.
A. adequate
B. fruitless
C. falsely earned
D. deserving praise
4. Before the altar of his ancestors, Marcus whispered a sincere orison.
A. prayer
B. blessing
C. thanksgiving
D. curse
5. Maria's surly disposition ostracized her from the others.
A. hyper
B. rude
C. benign
D. endearing
6. The airline passenger accrued a substantial amount of airline miles.
A. lost
B. stole
C. gained
D. donated
7. The mausoleum reeked of death and decay.
A. advancement
B. edification
C. maturation
D. putrefaction
8. Lucius visited the venerable sage in the depths of the swamp.
A. temple
B. guru
C. imbecile
D. bog
9. The genie exclaimed that it was a world class menagerie.
A. assortment of animals
B. assortment of plants
C. army
D. harem
10. Hector's intricate filigree made the candelabra both unique and expensive.
A. welding
B. value
C. simplicity
D. ornamentation

## II. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the English word is derived.

11. divulge
A. crowd
B. speech
C. rude
D. wicked
12. expectorate
A. back
B. chest
C. throat
D. neck
13. demolition
A. a disaster
B. a crane
C. an axe
D. a mass
14. infant
A. to use
B. to speak
C. to step
D. to attempt
15. eager
A. dull
B. happy
C. sharp
D. slick
16. mezzanine
A. side
B. left
C. right
D. middle
17. pedigree
A. tree
B. birth
C. crane
D. seek
18. salmon
A. to leave
B. to leap
C. to swim
D. to greet
19. rodeo
A. wheel
B. horse
C. show
D. ride
20. pawn
A. foot
B. father
C. peace
D few

## III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

21. bis
A. birch
B. bib
C. bile
D. balance
22. fallo
A. faulty
B. falchion
c. sacrificial
D. farce
23. mando
A. amanuensis
B. mantel
C. commodore
D. maul
24. nascor
A. nasal
B. nebulous
C. punctilious
D. puny
25. ripa
A. ripe
B. arrival
C. adapt
D. irrigate
26. pectus
A. pedal
B. pesticide
C. parapet
D. inspection
27. flāre
A. flare
B. flame
C. souffle
D. shuffle
28. umbra
A. somber
B. hombre
C. amber
D. under
29. ago
A. devastate
B. variegated
C. agricultural
D. acrid
30. villus
A. villa
B. velvet
C. vile
D. veil

## IV. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

31. combustible
A. uro
B. cumulus
C. buteo
D. secedo
32. commentator
A. comes
B. minimus
C. mens
D. meminisse
33. exercise
A. exeo
B. cedo
C. arceo
D. caedo
34. conjure
A. iuvenis
B. ius
C. condio
D. coniunx
35. sole (noun)
A. solum (adverb)
B. sol (noun)
C. sollus (adjective)
D. solum (noun)
36. pearl
A. perna
B. pira
C. purus
D. pereo
37. perilous
A. peto
B. porto
C. eo
D. scio
38. test
A. torpēre
B. trahere
C. torrēre
D. torquēre
39. willy-nilly
A. nihil
B. velle
C. volare
D. nemo
40. ad (noun)
A. vertere
B. vetus
C. aedis
D. miror

## V. Choose the word that does NOT belong by derivation.

41. 

A. solution
B. undissolved
C. irresolutely
D. consolidate
42.
A. kickshaw
B. kindergarten
C. disqualification
D. quality
43.
A. utensil
B. usurper
C. ounce
D. abuse
44.
A. fault
B. fuller
C. defile
D. foil (verb)
45.
A. segment
B. consecutive
C. insect
D. sickle
VI. Choose the word derived from the same Latin root as the given word.
46. deprecate
A. pray
B. pry
C. decent
D. deteriorate
47. pontine
A. poutine
B. pouty
C. pudding
D. pontoon
48. Persian
A. purse
B. Parisian
C. peach
D. partisan
49. vintage
A. vantage
B. sample
C. simple
D. voyage
50. siesta
A. consider
B. sedentary
C. insistent
D. semester

