FJCL REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2022 LATIN LITERATURE

 The "father of Latin Literature" was Cato the Elder b. Ennius c. Livius Andronicus d. Naevius
2. The <i>Annales</i> of Ennius were written in a. elegaic couplet b. Saturnians c. dactylic hexameter d. Galliambic
3. Naevius was exiled for his political views and died in a. Utica b. Tomi c. Pandateria d. Corsica
The play of Plautus which is known as a "tragico-comoedia" is the a. <i>Amphitryon</i> b. <i>Pseudolus</i> c. <i>Captivus</i> d. <i>Aulularia</i>
5. The tragedy "Octavia" is ascribed to but may be by a later writer. a. Accius b Publilius Syrus c. Seneca the Younger d. Hadrian
5. Terence had as a patron. a. Scipio Africanus b. Scipio Aemilianus c. Scipio Nasica d. Scipio Barbatus
7. An account of Ovid's last night in Rome can be found in the third book of the a. Tristia b. Epistulae ex Ponto c. Halieutica d. Remedia Amoris
3. Plays that showed the constant exhibition of the conventional characters of a country town were known as a. Fabulae Atellanae b. Fabulae Tabernariae c. Fabulae Togatae d. Fabulae Palliatae
9. The writer of mimes who was forced to compete against Publilius Syrus in an extempore performance was a. Laberius b. Lentulus c. Marullus d. Valerius
10. Instead of invoking the muse, Lucretius invokes a. Minerva b. Venus c. Philosophia d. Sapientia
11. The description of the plague in Athens is found in book of <i>De Rerum Natura</i> . a. 4 b. 6 c. 2 d. 1
12. The "Dream of Scipio" is actually part of Cicero's a. De Re Publica b. De Legibus c. De Amicitia d. De Divinatione
13. The philosophical work of Cicero which was written for his son was The Tusculan Disputations by Topicae of the Finibus of the Officies.

14. Seneca was exiled by the emperor
a. Caligula b. Claudius c. Nero d. Tiberius
 15. Seneca's Consolatio to Polybius consoled him for a. the death of his father. b. his exile from Rome. c. the death of his brother. d. the exile of his son.
16. The author of the <i>Consolation of Philosophy</i> was a. Cicero b. Seneca c. Sextius d. Boethius
17. The famous Roman author who lived from 106 – 43 B.C. was a. Catullus b. Cicero c. Caesar d. Calvus
18. Cicero wrote <i>Philippics</i> . a. 4 b. 10 c. 12 d. 14
 19. Cicero's defense of a client's citizenship which contains a famous panegyric of literature is the a. Pro Murena b. Pro Roscio Comoedio c. Pro Sestio d. Pro Archia Poeta
20. The Roman author who was called "the Father of Latin Prose" and was the first to publish his speeches on a large scale was a. Cicero b. Cato the Elder c Laelius d. Tiberius Gracchus
21. The "De Mage" or "Apology on a Charge of Witchcraft" was written by a. Apuleius b. Pliny the Younger c. Tacitus d. Seneca the Elder
22. The Roman author, more famous for his letters, who wrote a panegyric on the emperor Trajan wasa. Martial b. Tacitus c. Pliny the Younger d. Silius Italicus
23. The number of books of Livy's <i>Ab Urbe Condita</i> to survive is a. 21 b. 2 c. 135 d. 91
24. The Cena Trimalcionis is a long section in an ancient novel written by a. Petronius b. Apuleius c. Heliodorus d. Xenophon of Ephesus
 25. The first Roman to introduce a philosophic basis into Roman history was a. Claudius Quadrigarius b. Sempronius Asellio c. Licinius Macer d. Cato the Elder
26. The number of books in <i>De Bello Gallico</i> that were written by Caesar himself is a. 5 b. 6 c. 7 d. 8

27. The Roman historian known for his history of the Catilinarian conspiracy and the Jugurthine
War is
a. Sallust b. Cicero c. Aulus Hirtius d. Cornelius Nepos
28. Cornelius Nepos' history of the world was called
a. Chronica b. Breviarium c. Origines d. Antiquitates
ar enterned at Previation of engines at rinarquitates
29. The Annales of Tacitus begins with
a. 31 B.C. b. 14 A.D. c. 37 A.D. d. 70 A.D.
30. The Helvetian campaign is found in <i>De Bello Gallico</i> book
a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 5
31. The invention of satire is credited to
a. Horace b. Persius c. Juvenal d. Lucilius
22. The order of high covins Order in Coulbra and and in a CV or iVe force in February
32. The eclogue which praises Octavian for the restoration of Vergil's farm is <i>Eclogue</i>
a. 1 b. 4 c. 6 d. 10
33. The poet commissioned by Augustus to write a poem for the Ludi Saeculares was
a. Horace b. Ovid c. Vergil d. Propertius
a. Horace B. Ovia C. Vergii a. Hopertias
34. The name of Propertius' lady love in his elegies was
a. Plania b. Delia c. Cynthia d. Corinna
,
35. Ovid's work on the myths and festivals of the Roman calendar was the
a. Ibis b. Halieutica c. Fasti d. Heroides
36. Ovid was exiled to by Augustus.
a. Corsica b. Pandateria c. Capri d. Tomi
37. The book of the <i>Aeneid</i> which contains the story of the fall of Troy is book
a. 6 b. 1 c. 2 d. 3
20. The model that Verril wood for his Felorose was the Creek wort
38. The model that Vergil used for his <i>Eclogues</i> was the Greek poet
a. Simonides b. Hesiod c. Alcaeus d. Theocritus
39. The woman Catullus called « Lesbia » is believed to be a famous noble woman named
a. Clodia. b. Hostia. c. Plania. d. Cynthia.
a. Glodia. G. Flostia. C. Flama. G. Cyntina.
40. The poet Lucan was the of Seneca the Younger.
a. brother b. nephew c. son d. uncle

41. Silius Italicus killed himself because
a. he wanted to avoid conviction in the Pisonian conspiracy.
b. his wife had left him.
c. he wanted to avoid capture in battle.
d. he was dying of a tumor.
42. The title of Statius' epic masterpiece is
a. Silvae b. Bellum Punicum c. Thebaid d. Achilleid
43 was exiled to Egypt for lampooning the actor Paris.
a. Gallus b. Statius c. Juvenal d. Persius
a. Gallus D. Statius C. Juvellai G. Fersius
44. The author of the <i>Xenia</i> and <i>Apophoreta</i> was
a. Martial. b. Juvenal. c. Catullus d. Petronius
45. The only native Italic meter is
a. dactylic hexameter b. iambic senarius c. Galliambic d. Saturnian
46. De Medicina was a Latin work in 8 books by
a. Galen b. Celsus c. Dioscorides d. Hippocrates
47. If you wanted to learn about Roman architecture, you would need to consult the works of
a. Columella. b. Phaedrus. c. Vitruvius. d. Quintilian
48. The 10 th book of Pliny the Younger's letters contains his correspondence with the emperor
48. The 10 th book of Pility the Founger's letters contains his correspondence with the emperor
a. Claudius b. Marcus Aurelius c. Trajan d. Hadrian
49. Cicero's close friend to whom one collection of his letters is addressed was
a. Brutus. b. Pompey the Great. c. Cato the Younger. d. Atticus.
FO. Suptonius convod as a cogretory under the convo
50. Suetonius served as a secretary under the emperor a. Nero b. Claudius c. Nerva d. Hadrian
a. IVEIO D. Claudius C. IVEIVA U. Madilali