

GREEK DERIVATIVES
2023 FJCL Regional Forum

I. Choose the response that defines the underlined word or best completes the sentence.

1. Saint Nicholas:

- a. Toy maker b. people's victory c. metal worker d. smell of steel

2. Captain Nemo in Jules Verne's 20,000 Leagues is a classic example of a misanthrope.

 - a. miserly b. greedy c. overly anxious d. hateful of humankind

3. Brevard County is famous for training astronauts.

 - a. space ships b cosmic sailors c. super heros d. star sailors

4. Roman baths made use of hypocaust which provided underground _____.

 - a. scarring b. stabilization c. causation d. heating

5. Roman mosaics which took the theme of Pantocrator displayed God as _____.

 - a. Creator of all b. Lover of all c. Savior of all d. Ruler of All

6. The Cumean Sybil spoke cryptically about the coming of a great ruler.

 - a. with candor b grandiloquently c. enigmatically d. openly

7. Dihydrogen monoxide is also known as _____.

 - a. water b. vinegar c. rust d. quartz

8. Encephalitis is a life-threatening inflammation of the _____.

 - a. lungs b. brain c. tongue d. tonsils

9. In which layer of the Indian River Lagoon would one find oyster beds?

 - a. endobenthic b hyperbenthic c. epibenthic d. metabenthic

10. "Terrorists are people who commit acts of terror" is an example of a _____:

 - a. Theology b. Psychology c. Philology d. Tautology

II. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Greek root.

11. λόγος (logos)

- a. loquacious b. logan stone c. logarithm d. loggerhead

12. ὄνομα (onoma)

- a. onomatopeia b. antimony c. autonomous d. Monotony

13. ψευδω (pseudo)

- a. pneumonia b. pseudonym c. pneumococcal d. pneumatic

14. φυτόν (phuton)

- a. Justify b. fidelity c. atrophy d. neophyte

15. πυρ (pur)

- a. pirouette b. pirogue c. pyre d. pirate

16. ὁμός (homos)

- a. homo sapiens b. homogeneous c. hominid d. homestead

17. ἔργον (ergon)

- a. Liturgy b. eager c. irk d. ergo

18. παις (pais)

- a. therapy b. encyclopedia c. pi d. foot

19. Λεων (leon)

- a. laity b. alien c. loan d. chameleon

20. ὄρνις (ornis)

- a. ornithologist b. ornament c. oranosauros d. horn

III. Choose the meaning of the Greek word from which the English word is derived

21. Anemometer

- a. sea polyp b. wind c. flood d. depth

22. Heterodoxy

- a. different teaching b. approved teaching
c. normal teaching d. uniform teaching

23. Disaster
a. bad look b. bad omen c. bad star d. double stars
24. Cacophony
a. bad sounding b. sweet sounding
c. complicated sounding d. harmonic sounding
25. calligraphy
a. hot topic b. lovely topic c. lovely writing d. hot branding
26. metaphor
a. metal making b. stand outside
c. outdoor light d. bring together
27. Sceptic
a. to behold b. to bewilder c. to bewitch d. to bedazzle
28. Endodontic
a. tongue b. mouth c. throat d. tooth
29. mesopotamia
a. between hills b. between rivers c. between meals d. between thoughts
30. oxygen
a. airy b. rough c. sharp d. smooth

IV. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation:

31. a. apotheosis b. thematic c. synthetic d. epithetical
32. a. nausea b. naughty c. Argonaut d. nautical
33. a. angel b. evangelist c. angle d. Los Angeles
34. a. ark b. archeology c. arch-enemy d. archive
35. a. pentagon b. hexagon c. polygon d. paragon
36. a. antediluvian b. antagonist c. antiseptic d. antipathy
37. a. metaphysics b. metamorphic c. metabolize d. metallic

38. a. rhizome b. zoology c. protozoa d. Zodiac
39. a. pyromania b. pyre c. empirical d. pyrite
40. a. diamond b. disinformation c. diadem d. diaspora

V. Choose the Greek word from which the English word is derived

41. Eukaryote
a. ein b. oun c. eu d. ouk
42. ephemeral
a. phaino b. hemera c. phemi d. epimeno
43. cosmonaut
a. ichor b. ioge c. naus c. neatos
44. parasite
a. sitos b. suto c. sitta d. Satyros
45. chiromancy
a. kairos b. chairo c. cheir d. Chiron
46. necropolis
a. poly b. Pallas c. Pelops d. polis
47. coprolite
a. Kyprios b. lithos c. kopelates d. leitourgia
48. Telepathy
a. Talos b. tele c. tillo d. tule
49. Ecclesiastes
a. chlaino b. kalein c. chloros d. Klepto
50. Synagogue
a. agein b. agon c. agape d. agora