

**N.B. Both Greek and Roman names are used in this test and there are alternate spellings of some names.**

1. Who was the son of Odysseus?  
a. Tyndareus      b. Eumaeus      c. Telemachus      d. Mentor
2. The fire-breathing monster with the head of a lion, body of a goat and tail of a serpent was:  
a. Sphinx      b. Chimaera      c. Gryphon      d. Hydra
3. The wife of Cadmus who was owner of a beautiful necklace was:  
a. Haemonia      b. Harpalyce      c. Harmonia      d. Hecate
4. Dido was also known as:  
a. Creusa      b. Elissa      c. Clytemnestra      d. Electra
5. The son of Priam and Hecuba who married Andromache and became a king in Epirus after the Trojan War was:  
a. Helenus      b. Polydorus      c. Deiphobus      d. Polites
6. The builder of the labyrinth at Knossos on Crete was:  
a. Minos      b. Laomedon      c. Daedalus      d. Argus
7. The powerful enchantress who helped Jason obtain the Golden Fleece was:  
a. Circe      b. Glauce      c. Medusa      d. Medea
8. The tribe of female warriors who lived east of the Greek lands of Asia Minor were:  
a. Danaans      b. Lesbians      c. Pelasgians      d. Amazons
9. Hermes is often pictured with a rod entwined with two serpents called:  
a. petasus      b. aegis      c. caduceus      d. thyrsus
10. What kind of a tree did Daphne become?  
a. laurel      b. oak      c. linden      d. pine
11. This member of the Pleiades married a mortal and became the faintest star in the constellation.  
a. Merope      b. Alcyone      c. Maia      d. Alcmena
12. The Furies were also known by all of the following EXCEPT:  
a. Dirae      b. Eumenides      c. Erinyes      d. Charites

**Questions 13-15 select the name that does not belong with the others or is not like the others.**

13. a. Argus      b. Cerberus      c. Orthos      d. Ladon

14. a. Cithaeron                      b. Parnassus                      c. Alpheus      d. Ida
15. a. Castalia                      b. Scamander                      c. Lethe      d. Simois
16. Dionysus was also known as Bacchus, Bromius, Lenaeus, Liber and:  
a. Silenus                      b. Lycurgus                      c. Pentheus                      d. Lyaeus
17. Which of the following did Odysseus NOT see in the underworld?  
a. Achilles                      b. Circe                      c. Antikleia                      d. Teiresias
18. Who lost a music contest with Apollo and was flayed alive and killed?  
a. Orpheus                      b. Arachne                      c. Midas                      d. Marsyas
19. The nymph companions of Artemis were the:  
a. Muses                      b. Graces                      c. Pleiads                      d. Oceanids
20. Which was NOT a Fate?  
a. Atropos                      b. Celaeno                      c. Clotho                      d. Lachesis
21. According to one tale, Atlas was turned into stone by:  
a. a Gorgon head                      b. Theseus                      c. Perseus' magic helmet  
d. Zeus
22. Who stole some of the cattle of Geryon from Hercules?  
a. Cadmus                      b. Cacus                      c. Calchas                      d. Calais
23. The god of adverse criticism, faultfinding, mockery and pleasantry who was banished from Mt. Olympus was:  
a. Momus                      b. Molossus                      c. Mnesthius                      d. Mopsus
24. Water nymphs that lived in, presided over, and gave perpetuity to lakes, rivers, springs and fountains were the:  
a. Nereids                      b. Naiads                      c. Napaeae                      d. Nyseides
25. The god, also known as Lycius, who had once cleared Athens of wolves was:  
a. Lupercal                      b. Ares                      c. Poseidon                      d. Apollo
26. A rural Roman deity, one of the Numina, a wood god, half man and half goat was called:  
a. Silvanus                      b. Silenus                      c. Silvius                      d. Sinon
27. The virgin warrior who assisted Turnus against Aeneas was:  
a. Juturna                      b. Antiope                      c. Camilla                      d. Penthesilea
28. After Paris' death, the Trojans gave Helen to his brother:  
a. Troilus                      b. Polites                      c. Polydorus                      d. Deiphobus
29. The priest of Poseidon who warned the Trojans not to accept the Greek gift of the horse and was killed by sea serpents was known as:  
a. Laocoon                      b. Calchas                      c. Meleager                      d. Tiresias

30. Cassandra was awarded as booty of war to:  
a. Menelaus      b. Odysseus      c. Agamemnon      d. Ajax
31. Diomedes carried away from Troy the Palladium, a statue of :  
a. Hera      b. Aphrodite      c. Zeus      d. Athena
32. Who slew the Chimera?  
a. Perseus      b. Theseus      c. Bellerophon      d. Minos
33. The deity who was the patroness of unmarried girls and of chastity was:  
a. Diana      b. Minerva      c. Vesta      d. Hebe
34. Heracles' wife, who caused his death by giving him a garment dipped in the poisoned blood of the centaur Nessus was:  
a. Megara      b. Hebe      c. Hesione      d. Deianira
35. Theseus was murdered, according to legend, on the island of Scyrus by king:  
a. Lycomedes      b. Agamemnon      c. Polydectes      d. Minos
36. The oracle of Dodonna that was the oldest in Greece belonged to:  
a. Apollo      b. Zeus      c. Trophonius      d. Ammon
37. The mother of Plutus, the god of wealth was:  
a. Rhea      b. Aphrodite      c. Hera      d. Demeter
38. Cyparissus was changed into a cypress tree by:  
a. Apollo      b. Zeus      c. Poseidon      d. Hera
39. Pegasus was caught by Bellerophon with the aid of a golden bridle which was the gift of:  
a. Hermes      b. Athena      c. Zeus      d. Apollo
40. The three women who were gray haired from birth and had only one eye and one tooth among them were the:  
a. Graces      b. Heliades      c. Hyades      d. Graiae
41. The " horn of plenty" or Cornucopia came from the divine goat that suckled Zeus in Crete and had the power of becoming filled with whatever its possessor wished. The goat was:  
a. Fauna      b. Amalthea      c. Epona      d. Arethusa
42. Which of these groups had two or three members?  
a. Muses      b. Danaids      c. Sirens      d. Pleiades
43. This maiden pined away for love of Apollo (who spurned her) and was changed into a sunflower:  
a. Coronis      b. Clymene      c. Calliope      d. Clytie

44. The three judges in the underworld were Minos, Rhadamanthus and;  
a. Aegeus                      b. Aegisthus                      c. Aeacus                      d. Aeolus
45. Aeneas' helmsman whom he saw wandering in the underworld was:  
a. Pirithous                      b. Patroclus                      c. Peleus                      d. Palinurus
46. The Laestrygones, a most ancient race of giants, were renowned as:  
a. cannibals    b. Cyclopes    c. lotus eaters    d. crazed followers of Dionysius
47. The soothsayer and physician of Argos who could understand the speech of all creatures was:  
a. Melanippus                      b. Hippocrates                      c. Melampus                      d. Asclepius
48. Killed by Theseus, he tied travelers to his bed and made them fit by stretching them or cutting off body parts. He was:  
a. Cercyon                      b. Phineus                      c. Sciron                      d. Procrustes
49. Sons of the dragon's teeth, sown by \_\_\_ helped him build Thebes.  
a. Menelaus                      b. Cadmus                      c. Jason                      d. Heracles
50. What shape changer won the love of the Hamadryad Pomona by transforming himself into a helpful old crone?  
a. Iphis                      b. Palaemon                      c. Proteus                      d. Vertumnus