## STATE LATIN FORUM - 1986

## HELLENIC HISTORY

- During the Peloponnesian war the Athenian army retreating from Syracuse was delayed by an eclipse of the moon. When did the eclipse occur?
   Nov., 413 BC b. Sept., 413 BC c. June, 413 BC d. Aug., 413 BC e. None of these
- Where did Sparta settle the people who were driven out of Aegina by Athens during the Peloponnesian War?
   a. Naupactus b. Thyreatis c. Mytilene d. Pylos e. None of these
- 3. Which Athenian was given command of a fleet to besiege Sphacteria and captured the Spartans there?a. Eurymedon b. Alcibiades c. Cleon d. Nicias e. Pericles
- 4. Which of the following is <u>not</u> one of the conditions Sparta laid out for peace at the end of the Peloponnesian War?

  a. Athens must raze the long walls b. Athens must forfeit fleet except for 12 triremes c. All exiles to be allowed to return to Athens d. Athens must follow to Spartan leadership e. All were conditions
- 5. What was one of the main reasons for Darius' invasion of Greece?
  a. to avenge Xerxes' previous invasion which failed b. to punish Athens and Eretria for aid they gave the Ionian Greeks' revolt c. Athens had placed an embargo on important crops d. to try to stop Athens from gaining supreme dominance in Greece e. None of these
- 6. In 336 BC Philip was assassinated. Who did this? a. Attalus b. Olympias c. Pausanias d. Alexander III e. Cleopatra
- 7. According to Herodotus, how many men did the Athenians lose at the battle of Marathon?a. 178b. 192c. 215d. 429e. 638
- 8. Who won the name of having betrayed the Greeks at the battle of Thermopylae?
  a. Ephialtes b. Tissaphernes c. Phrynichus d. Dienekes e. Dicaeus
- The festival of Synoikia in Athens celebrates
   a. Victory of Plateae b. The goddess Athena c. The yearly harvest
   d. Unification of Attica e. Victory of Marathon
- 10. When was peace finally negotiated between Athens and Persia?
  a. 449 BC b. 476 BC c. 439 BC d. 466 BC e. None of these
- 11. Why did the Amphictyonic League declare was on Crisa in 590 BC?

  a. Crisa levied dues on all visitors of the Delphic Oracle b. Crisa robbed the Delphic Oracle c. Crisa committed an unholy sacrifice at the Delphic Oracle d. The Amphictyonic League didn't declare war on Crisa in 590 BC e. None of these

- 12. Which was <u>not</u> one of the original purposes of the Delian League?

  a. to protect the Ionian Greeks from reconquest by the great king

  b. to devastate the land of the great king c. to recover treasure stolen from the Delphic Oracle d. to obtain plunder to offset the expense of rebuilding after the war e. all were purposes
- 13. Which of the following Peloponnesian states refused the terms of the Peace of Nicias?
  a. Corinth b. Boeotia c. Megara d. Elis e. They all refused
- 14. Lysander was killed in what battle?
  a. Haliartus b. Cnidus c. Cunaxa d. Munychia e. None of these
- 15. Why was Thrasybulus killed?

  a. He was found to be a traitor b. He tried to continue Socrates teachings c. The anger aroused from his men collecting the war tax d. He belonged to the Alcmaeonids e. He was thought to have too much power and was assassinated
- 16. The King's Peace, aimed at settling hostilities in Greece, was the work of the ruler of:

  a. Rhodes
  b. Persia
  c. Macedonia
  d. Carthage
  e. India
- 17. Sculptor who fashioned the statue of Athena for the Parthenon: a. Memnon b. Praxiteles c. Phidias d. Callicrates e. None of these
- 18. When did Demosthenes give his first Phillipic?
  a. 351 BC b. 344 BC c. 341 BC d. 346 BC e. None of these
- 19. Whom did Pisistratus send to the Thracian Chersonese to found a colony?
  a. Marmodius b. Militiades c. Hipparchus d. Lamachus e. Onomacritus
- 20. Who was the Theban general killed in the Battle of Cynoscephalae? a. Theramenes b. Epaminondas c. Cyrus d. Pelopidas e. None of these
- 21. Theramenes died most like: a. Sophocles b. Aeschylus c. Timoleon d. Alexander III e. None of these
- 22. Where did Themistocles get the money to have the Athenian fleet build?
  a. land and property taxes b. had a liturgy passed c. money from the
  Delian Treasury d. silver mines e. he never had the Athenian fleet built
- 23. Which of the following tyrants was <u>not</u> tyrant of the land he is matched a. Cleisthenes tyrant of Sicyon b. Theagenes tyrant of Megara c. Cylon tyrant of Athens d. Two are incorrect e. all are correct
- 24. What general destroyed Selinus in 409 BC?
  a. Diocles b. Hermocrates c. Pherae d. Hannibal e. None of these
- 25. Which of the following was  $\underline{not}$  one of the Panhellenic festivals? a. Pythian b. Isthmian c. Delphic d. Nemean e. all were Panhellenic festivals

- 26. Where id Alexander III capture Porus?

  a. Hydaspes River b. Hyphasis River c. Indus River d. Alexandria
  Ultima e. Bactria
- 27. In 594 Solon created 4 classes of people, what were the classes called?
  - a. hektamori, zeugitae, hippeis, decakendra
  - b. heliaeas, thetes, zeugitae, hippeis
  - c. thetes, zeugitae, hippeis, pentacosiomedimni
  - d. quatrorum, pentacosiomedimni, decakendra, duomanaro
  - e. hektamori, zeugitae, hippeis, duomanaro
- 28. Which of the following did not occur in 480 BC?
  - a. Battle of Artemesium b. Battle of Himera c. Battle of Thermopylae
  - d. Tempe was abandoned e. Battle of Mycale
- 29. What was the first city to try to secede from the Delian confederacy?

  a. Carystus b. Mytilene c. Naupactus d. Naxos e. Ithome
- 30. Which of the following was never ostracized?
  - a. Hipparchus, son of Charmus b. Thucydides, son of Melesias
  - c. Xanthippus, son of Ariphron d. Hipparchus, son of Pisistratus
  - e. all were ostracized
- 31. Who instigated the revolt of the pages against Alexander?
  - a. Callisthenes b. Aristobulus c. Abisares d. Hermolaus
  - e. none of these
- 32. Which of the following was not on the Acropolis?
  - a. Sanctuary of Artemis and of Brauron b. Propylaea c. Parthenon
  - d. Temple of Rome and Augustus e. all of these were on the Acropolis
- 33. The subject communities around Sparta were
  - a. Ephors b. Metics c. Helots d. Perioeci e. Neodamodes
- 34. The revolt of what city caused the Athenian assembly to put its entire male population to death?
  - a. Megara b. Naxos c. Mytilene d. Lemnos e. Naupactus
- 35. returned the "bones of Theseus" to Athens.
  - a. Pericles b. Demosthenes c. Nicias d. Gylippius e. Cimon
- 36. Who passed the Seisactheia?
  - a. Periander b. Solon c. Theagenes d. Cleisthenes e. None of these
- 37. Rough dates of the Peloponnesian War are
  - a. 431-399 BC b. 440-404 BC c. 431-404 BC d. 449-427 BC
  - e. none of these
- 38. Who killed Hipparchus son of Pisistratus?
  - a. Harmodius b. Aristogoras c. Aristogiton d. two of the above
  - e. none of these
- 39. When did the Sicilian expedition sail?
  - a. 415 BC b. 421 BC c. 411 BC d. 414 BC e. 409 BC

- 40. How many men sat on the council created by Cleisthenes? a. 300 b. 50 c. 500 d. 400 e. 10
- 41. Who was the Greek commander at the battle of Plataea?

  a. Amompharetus b. Aristides the Just c. Mardonius d. Pausanias
  e. Phylacus
- 42. Which of the following was <u>not</u> one of the three original generals picked to lead the Sicilian expedition?
  a. Gylippus b. Alciabiades c. Nicias d. Lamachus e. a & d
- 43. When did the battle of Coronea occur?

  a. 401 BC b. 396 BC c. 378 BC d. 394 BC e. 398 BC
- 44. What area was fortified to be Athens' new harbor?

  a. Phaleron b. Arginusae c. Eryx d. Piraeus e. None of these
- 45. The Peace of Nicias was created by the work of Nicias and a. Brasidas b. Pericles c. Cleon d. Pleistoanax e. Nicias created it alone
- 46. Which of the following is credited with inventing coinage?
  a. Persia b. Macedonia c. Lydia d. Egypt e. Cnossus
- 47. When did Alexander the III die?
  a. 324 BC b. 322 BC c. 321 BC d. 323 BC e. None of these
- 48. When did archons become yearly officials?
  a. 690 BC b. 685 BC c. 680 BC d. 679 BC e. 683 BC
- 49. Who wrote the Anabasis?
  a. Socrates b. Aristotle c. Xenophon d. Sophocles e. Artaxerxes
- 50. When was the Delian League's treasury moved to Athens?
  a. 456 BC b. 454 BC c. 452 BC d. 450 BC e. 458 BC