

FLORIDA JUNIOR CLASSICAL LEAGUE 1990 FORUM

DERIVATIVES I

PART I (QUESTIONS 1 - 15).

Identify the English word which does NOT derive from the same Latin root as the other three.

1. a. acrimony b. agility c. exigency d. inaction
2. a. animadversion b. animosity
c. denomination d. unanimity
3. a. cargo b. cart c. chariot d. miscarriage
4. a. condition b. dictionary c. indictment d. traditionalism
5. a. formaldehyde b. formula
c. platform d. uniform
6. a. accurate b. curious c. insecure d. recurrent
7. a. adequate b. equatorial c. iniquitous d. requited
8. a. advanced b. antique c. enchanted d. disadvantaged
9. a. comfortable b. effortless c. fortified d. fortunate
10. a. ducal b. ductile c. dutiful d. subdued
11. a. agree b. disgrace c. exaggerate d. gratify
12. a. approach b. approve c. probe d. waterproof
13. a. convey b. envy c. purvey d. survey
14. a. enable b. exhibit
c. rehabilitate d. hibernate
15. a. retract b. retreat c. trace d. travel

PART II (QUESTIONS 16 - 30).

16. "Augmentation" derives from augeo. So does
a. auction b. auspices c. cogency d. exhaustion
17. "Precedent" derives from cedo. So does
a. accident b. decadence c. intercessor d. suicide
18. "Conceit" derives from capio. So does
a. achievement b. excerpt
c. recapitulation d. receptacle
19. "Pardon" derives from do. So does
a. danger b. domain c. dowry d. dungeon
20. "Deification" derives from facio. So does
a. default b. defeat c. defiance d. definition
21. "Collection" derives from lego. So does
a. coverlet b. league c. negligence d. obligation
22. "Mess" derives from mitto. So does
a. measure b. missile c. moiety d. motion

23. "Mutiny" derives from moveo. So does
 - a. amount
 - b. ammunition
 - c. mob
 - d. mosquito
24. "Acquaintance" derives from nosco. So does
 - a. announcer
 - b. nobleman
 - c. notary
 - d. novelist
25. "Separation" derives from paro. So does
 - a. disparity
 - b. jeopardy
 - c. rampart
 - d. party
26. "Agronomy" derives from ager. So does
 - a. aggravation
 - b. augury
 - c. eagerness
 - d. pilgrimage
27. "Cordial" derives from cor. So does
 - a. cornerstone
 - b. corpulence
 - c. course
 - d. encouragement
28. "Generosity" derives from genus. So does
 - a. agency
 - b. contingency
 - c. progeny
 - d. resurgence
29. "Conjurer" derives from ius. So does
 - a. adjuster
 - b. adjutant
 - c. joiner
 - d. juvenile
30. "Porch" derives from porta. So does
 - a. airport
 - b. opportunity
 - c. portfolio
 - d. portico

PART III (QUESTIONS 31 - 40).

31. What was originally stored in a pannier?
 - a. bread
 - b. goats
 - c. household gods
 - d. money
32. Which of the following individuals would be most concerned with interfenestration?
 - a. an architect
 - b. a chef
 - c. a diplomat
 - d. a doctor
33. What, literally, is a menagerie?
 - a. a dwelling place
 - b. a place for the poor
 - c. a place to which things are driven
 - d. a subdivided place
34. What, literally, is wrong with a demented person?
 - a. He has been possessed by a devil.
 - b. He has fallen from some height.
 - c. He imagines threats to his life.
 - d. He is out of his mind.
35. Which of the following words does NOT derive from a Latin root?
 - a. cent
 - b. nickel
 - c. dime
 - d. quarter
36. What was originally believed to cause malaria?
 - a. bad air
 - b. bathing in cold water
 - c. extreme heat
 - d. lack of sleep
37. What does a factotum do?
 - a. anything and everything
 - b. as little as possible
 - c. nothing whatsoever
 - d. only what is safe

38. The antepenultimate syllable of the word "antepenultimate" is
a. pe b. nul c. ti d. mate
39. Ubiquitous phenomena are
a. everywhere b. nowhere c. rare d. unique
40. A supernumerary is a(n)
a. dominant person b. extra person
c. integral person d. obedient person

PART IV (QUESTIONS 41 - 45).

For each of the following derivatives, identify the English definition of its Latin root.

41. contralto
a. deep b. middle c. strong d. sweet
42. lucid
a. leisure b. light c. right d. sadness
43. marine
a. husband b. sauce c. sea d. soldier
44. redundant
a. gift b. message c. route d. wave
45. tangential
a. hold b. stretch c. touch d. try

PART V (QUESTIONS 46 - 50).

Identify the response which is NOT a possible meaning of the given prefix.

46. ad-
a. before b. for c. near d. to
47. com-
a. completely b. forcibly c. through d. together
48. in-
a. against b. between c. in d. on
49. ob-
a. in opposition b. off
c. to meet d. towards
50. sub-
a. apart b. under c. up to d. to the aid (of)