

FLORIDA JUNIOR CLASSICAL LEAGUE 1990 FORUM
DERIVATIVES II

PART I (QUESTIONS 1 - 25).

Identify the English word which does NOT derive from the same Latin root as the other three.

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|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1. a. abusiveness | b. disuse | c. perusal | d. seclusion |
| 2. a. alloy | b. coil | c. legend | d. selection |
| 3. a. aspiration | b. despair | c. esprit | d. sprightliness |
| 4. a. assent | b. dissension | c. essence | d. nonsense |
| 5. a. coincidence | b. occasion | c. parachute | d. purchase |
| 6. a. compeer | b. nonpareil | c. partisan | d. umpire |
| 7. a. contretemps | b. contempt | c. tempest | d. tempo |
| 8. a. countenance | b. intensity | c. portent | d. pretense |
| 9. a. courage | b. court | c. discord | d. recorder |
| 10. a. deuce | b. double | c. duel | d. duet |
| 11. a. accurate | b. concurrent | c. curious | d. insecure |
| 12. a. cheated | b. decapitated | c. mischievous | d. precipitate |
| 13. a. collateral | b. dilatory | c. legislative | d. unrelated |
| 14. a. convoluted | b. evolution | c. involved | d. malevolent |
| 15. a. doubtful | b. dutiful | c. indebted | d. overdue |
| 16. a. adjust | b. conjure | c. journey | d. justify |
| 17. a. admire | b. immerse | c. marvel | d. mirror |
| 18. a. appreciate | b. express | c. praise | d. prize |
| 19. a. impeach | b. impede | c. pioneer | d. repeat |
| 20. a. convict | b. evince | c. vanquish | d. vindicate |
| 21. a. destine | b. distinguish | c. insist | d. substantiate |
| 22. a. dispense | b. expend | c. expound | d. preponderate |
| 23. a. distribute | b. entreat | c. portray | d. train |
| 24. a. execute | b. intersect | c. pursue | d. sequence |
| 25. a. oppose | b. postpone | c. posture | d. repossess |

PART II (QUESTIONS 26 - 35).

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|---|------------|--------------|----------------|
| 26. "Corsage" derives from <u>corpus</u> . | So does | | |
| a. core | b. cortege | c. corset | d. cuirass |
| 27. "Congress" derives from <u>gradus</u> . | So does | | |
| a. agreement | b. degree | c. grief | d. segregation |
| 28. "Appeasement" derives from <u>pax</u> . | So does | | |
| a. passion | b. penance | c. repayment | d. trespass |

29. "Solstice" derives from sol. So does
a. insole b. insulate c. parasol d. solace
30. "Voyage" derives from via. So does
a. avenue b. conveyance c. vehicle d. visit
31. "Certainty" derives from cerno. So does
a. concrete b. excitement c. secret d. solicitation
32. "Affair" derives from facio. So does
a. defiance b. fascination c. profit d. suffocation
33. "Allowance" derives from laudo. So does
a. applause b. conclusion c. interlude d. laudation
34. "License" derives from licet. So does
a. liaison b. leisure c. privilege d. prolixity
35. "Verse" derives from verto. So does
a. prose b. proverb c. vernacular d. virtuosity

PART III (QUESTIONS 36 - 40).

Identify the meaning of the given derivative.

36. averred
a. assumed b. confirmed c. prevented d. venerated
37. estimable
a. attempted b. intrinsic c. respectable d. settled
38. overt
a. apparent b. greedy c. reluctant d. surreptitious
39. proprietary
a. adapted
c. boding well
b. belonging to an owner
d. reciprocal
40. tacit
a. clever b. polite c. unimpaired d. unspoken

PART IV (QUESTIONS 41 - 50).

Identify the Latin root of the given derivative.

41. coyness
a. coeptus b. comitas c. quaestus d. quies
42. deliverance
a. laevus b. levis c. libens d. liber
43. demurral
a. mora b. mos c. murmur d. murus
44. entirety
a. tango b. tego c. traho d. tribuo

45. **heslancy**
a. haereo b. haurio c. sino d. sisto
46. **impairment**
a. parens b. parvus c. pauper d. pelor
47. **nulsance**
a. nego b. noceo c. odi d. scio
48. **opportunity**
a. porta b. portentum c. portio d. portus
49. **outrage**
a. contra b. extra c. intra d. ultra
50. **renown**
a. nomen b. numen c. omen d. onus