

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1994

HEPTATHLON

I. Customs

- 1. The act of freeing a slave was called
a. misericordia. b. clementia. c. contubernia.
d. manumissio.
- 2. The Flamen Dialis was the priest of
a. Mars. b. Quirinus. c. Jupiter. d. Vulcan.
- 3. The sacred boundary of the city was called the
a. pomerium. b. vallum. c. moenia. d. paries sacer.
- 4. What was the Tullianum?
a. carcer b. balneum c. templum d. fons
- 5. Immense structures intended to receive a great number
of urns were called
a. sarcophagi. b. tituli. c. columbaria.
d. sacraria.
- 6. Who would use caestus?
a. a housewife b. a priest c. a boxer
d. a businessman
- 7. Crepundia, pupae, and turbines were all
a. farm tools. b. associated with worship.
c. used in the arena. d. children's toys.

II. Grammar

- 8. What type of pronoun is idem?
a. reflexive b. intensive c. demonstrative
d. interrogative
- 9. What is the form of the main verb in an indirect
statement?
a. indicative b. infinitive c. subjunctive
d. imperative
- 10. Antony addressed two thousand citizens who had gathered
in the Forum to hear him.
a. duo milia civium b. duobus milibus civium
c. duobus milia de civibus d. duo milia cives
- 11. Tullia loved her father and tried to help him in every
way.
a. suum b. eius c. suam d. eum

12. The sentence, "Marcus multo fortius pugnavit Lucio," contains an example of all of the following EXCEPT
 - a. ablative, comparison.
 - b. comparative adjective.
 - c. ablative, degree of difference.
 - d. adverb.
13. Identify the use of the subjunctive in this sentence: "Si Caesar Corneliae paruisset, non mortuus esset."
 - a. contrary to fact
 - b. future more vivid
 - c. future less vivid
 - d. deliberative
14. Which of the following sentences contains a supine?
 - a. Mater pueri omnia cognoscendi avida erat.
 - b. Venerunt qui se excusarent.
 - c. Utinam Augustus viveret.
 - d. Principes legatos miserunt pacem rogatum.

III. History

15. The emperor Diocletian came from
 - a. Dalmatia.
 - b. North Africa.
 - c. Spain.
 - d. Gaul.
16. This foreign king was defeated and brought to Rome by Marius:
 - a. Tacfarinas
 - b. Ariovistus
 - c. Jugurtha
 - d. Vercingetorix
17. Which Roman politician acquired the agnomen "Dives"?
 - a. Lucullus
 - b. Crassus
 - c. Pompey
 - d. Sulla
18. The first non-Italian emperor:
 - a. Vespasian
 - b. Trajan
 - c. Marcus Aurelius
 - d. Septimius Severus
19. Which of the following provinces was off-limits without the express consent of Augustus?
 - a. Syria
 - b. Greece
 - c. Numidia
 - d. Egypt
20. Which Roman politician advocated a Concordia Ordinum?
 - a. Caesar
 - b. Antony
 - c. Pompey
 - d. Cicero
21. A grand mausoleum was built in Ravenna for _____, the sister of the emperor Honorius.
 - a. Honoria Maior
 - b. Theodora
 - c. Gallia Placidia
 - d. Aelia Flaccilla

IV. Vocabulary

22. The ANTONYM of detrimentum is
 - a. victoria.
 - b. mors.
 - c. lux.
 - d. silentium.
23. Choose the SYNONYM of pretium.
 - a. poena
 - b. supplicium
 - c. subsidium
 - d. praemium

24. What is the meaning of supersum?
a. lack b. command c. benefit d. remain
25. Choose the **ANTONYM** of creber.
a. herba b. pauci c. dolor d. aeger
26. What is the Latin word for build?
a. exstruo b. incido c. occurro d. paco
27. What is the English meaning of for?
a. door b. outside c. speak d. spring
28. Which word does **NOT** belong by meaning?
a. daps b. epulae c. fames d. comteatus

V. Derivatives

29. The meaning of the word from which we derive proletariat:
a. crowd b. herd c. death d. offspring
30. What is the meaning of the word from which we derive disparage?
a. part b. obey c. equal d. spare
31. From which Latin word do we derive tense?
a. teneo b. tener c. tendo d. tenebrae
32. Which word does **NOT** belong by derivation?
a. reprimand b. surprise c. prison d. comprehend
33. fortuitous : inherent :: _____ : dispassionate
a. vindictive b. compromising c. inveterate
d. emotional
34. The young man behind you was voted the best-dressed student because he chooses his clothes with impeccable taste.
a. clever b. faultless c. well-trained
d. sophisticated
35. Hercules was given the _____ task of cleaning the Augean stables, which held 3000 oxen and hadn't been mucked out in 30 years.
a. onerous b. salutary c. salubrious d. indomitable

VI. Mythology

36. Whom did the Greeks sacrifice in order to get fair winds to Troy?
a. Iphigenia b. Electra c. Ismene d. Polyxena

37. Whom did the Greeks leave behind when they sailed from Troy?
a. Calchas b. Ulysses c. Sinon d. Nestor
38. What Trojan did Agamemnon take home?
a. Cressida b. Hecuba c. Cassandra d. Andromache
39. Which god did Psyche marry?
a. Jupiter b. Cupid c. Hercules d. Aeolus
40. The Symplegades appear in the story of
a. Jason. b. Aeneas. c. Hercules. d. Ulysses
41. Autolyclus became the champion thief of the world. Who was his father?
a. Sisyphus b. Pan c. Procrustes d. Hermes
42. Who was the only mortal to marry a goddess?
a. Anchises b. Pelops c. Peleus d. Amphitryon

VII. Mottoes

43. Which of the following might be used by a professor of logic?
a. non seq. b. D.O.M. c. ad lib. d. D.N.P.P.
44. Which of the following abbreviations would be used by the medical profession?
a. a.c. b. q.v. c. a.r. d. s.c.
45. What phrase might be used to indicate a person was speaking with authority?
a. in propria persona b. ne plus ultra
c. sui generis d. ex cathedra
46. The Latin term for one who vacillates:
a. mens sana in corpore sano b. nolens volens
c. non compos mentis d. ignis fatuus
47. Imperium in imperio is the motto of
a. Arizona. b. Oregon. c. Ohio. d. Arkansas.
48. Lex hominum vita is the motto of
a. John Hopkins University. b. University of Missouri.
c. New York University. d. University of New Mexico.
49. Which of the following quotations can be found in the works of Seneca?
a. Fortuna caeca est. b. Carpe diem!
c. Mea culpa. d. Remedium irae est mora.

50. Take the number of Roman kings, add how many sisters Medusa had, multiply by the number of Julio-Claudian emperors, divide by the number of words in the motto of North Carolina, add the number of feet in a dactylic hexameter line, subtract the date on which the Ides fall in July, and add the number of letters in the first principal part of the verb from which is derived the word toga. Your answer is
a. 10 b. 21 c. 36 d. 44