

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1996

DERIVATIVES II

16

- I. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the sentence or means the same as the underlined word.
1. An indentation is so-called because it looks like a
a. stream. b. hill. c. tooth. d. finger.
 2. He was amazed by the paucity of applicants for the position.
a. scarcity b. appearance c. ignorance d. audacity
 3. The audience derided the musical version of the play.
a. mocked b. admired c. welcomed d. applauded
 4. The lawyer made a cogent statement of the facts.
a. lengthy b. forceful c. weak d. witty
 5. His rapacity enabled him to become a rich man.
a. good looks b. grasping nature c. ability
d. family connections
 6. He was known as the most loquacious candidate in the race.
a. talkative b. boastful c. rude d. opinionated
 7. Which of the following attributes does an optimist possess?
a. animosity b. parsimony c. impertinence
d. resilience
 8. After killing the clerk, he immured the body to hide his crime.
a. buried it in a cemetery
b. burned it beyond recognition
c. threw it into the sea
d. walled it up
 9. It is obvious that I do not have an _____ talent for drawing.
a. implacable b. innate c. impervious d. incongruous
 10. Her nascent interest in architecture pleased them.
a. developing b. continuing c. extravagant
d. knowledgeable
- II. Choose the Latin word from which the English word is derived.
11. frail
a. fortis b. frango c. fruor d. firmus

12. traitor
a. trepidus b. trado c. traho d. tres
13. adulterated
a. alter b. altus c. alo d. alius
14. hotel
a. homo b. hortus c. hospes d. hostis
15. trajectory
a. iacio b. iungo c. iaceo d. iubeo
16. deluge
a. laudo b. labor c. lateo d. lavo
17. contingency
a. teneo b. tego c. tango d. tollo
18. ambience
a. eo b. ambulo c. sto d. bis
19. depreciation
a. premo b. precor c. pretium d. praeda
20. ransom
a. reddo b. sum c. rapio d. emo

III. Select the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

21. vivo
a. vicinity b. vicious c. revitalize d. inevitable
22. mos
a. mortality b. demoralize c. motive d. dismount
23. quaero
a. requisite b. acquittal c. quarantine d. quandary
24. credo
a. increment b. decrepit c. decree d. incredulity
25. verto
a. vernacular b. veracity c. divorce d. inveterate
26. sequor
a. suitable b. sequestration c. quarrel d. quotient
27. orbis
a. primordial b. adorable c. exorbitant d. suborn

28. iuvo
a. adjutant b. juvenile c. juicy d. jury
29. fero
a. interfere b. feast c. fete d. indifference
30. tueor
a. tuberculosis b. perturbation c. intrigue
d. untutored
- IV. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.
31. ablution
a. erase b. blow c. wash d. hinder
32. traverse
a. turn b. talk c. walk d. whirl
33. ameliorate
a. soft b. more c. better d. sweeten
34. riparian
a. seize b. riverbank c. country d. oak
35. collation
a. use b. bring c. buy d. allow
36. compatible
a. pity b. command c. agree d. endure
37. escutcheon
a. shield b. sword c. javelin d. dagger
38. princess
a. lead b. start c. take d. pray
39. sordid
a. loud b. sleepy c. dirty d. sacred
40. malignity
a. size b. health c. luck d. birth
- V. Select the word which does NOT belong by derivation.
41. a. eventual b. ventilate c. souvenir d. prevent
42. a. chisel b. precision c. suicide d. cadence
43. a. abundant b. abusive c. usurp d. utensil
44. a. legacy b. intelligent c. select d. sacrilege

45. a. individual b. subdivision c. device d. extradite
46. a. fingerprint b. appraise c. reprimand d. sprain
47. a. apparel b. peerless c. compare d. disappear
48. a. obituary b. county c. redemption d. sudden
49. a. commerce b. mart c. merit d. merchant
50. a. concrete b. recreant c. crescent d. recruit