FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1996

09

HISTORY OF THE EMPIRE

- Which barbarian chief invaded Italy in A.D. 408 and sacked Rome in A.D. 410?
 a. Odoacer b. Alaric c. Ricimer d. Gaeseric
- Which man was emperor during the thousandth birthday of Rome?
 a. Valerian b. Gallus c. Decius d. Philip
- 3. The emperor whose nickname comes from the word for a Celtic cloak:
 a. Caracalla b. Commodus c. Caliqula d. Elaqabalus
- Which of the following was <u>NOT</u> considered an heir of Augustus?
 a. Caligula b. Marcellus c. Lucius Caesar d. Gaius Caesar
- 5. Which of the following was <u>NOT</u> a Praetorian Prefect? a. Tigellinus b. Sejanus c. Burrus d. Seneca
- 6. The emperor Bassianus is more commonly called a. Elagabalus. b. Caracalla. c. Commodus. d. Aurelian.
- 7. Which emperor was noted for his travels throughout the Empire as well as for his building program?
 a. Trajan b. Marcus Aurelius c. Hadrian d. Antoninus Pius
- 8. Who was Zenobia's husband?
 a. Odenathus b. Probus c. Shapur d. Tetricus
- 9. Which emperor was captured by the Persians?
 a. Gallus b. Valerian c. Aurelian d. Gallienus
- 10. Which of these emperors were brothers?
 a. Claudius, Caligula b. Caracalla, Geta
 c. Nerva, Trajan d. Julian, Constantius II
- Alaric was the leader of the
 a. Huns. b. Ostrogoths. c. Visigoths. d. Vandals.
- 12. Who were the parents of Nero?
 - a. Antonia and L. Domitius Ahenobarbus
 - b. Agrippina the Younger and Germanicus
 - c. Agrippina the Younger and L. Domitius Ahenobarbus
 - d. Antonia and Germanicus
- 13. The warrior queen of the Iceni who led a revolt during the reign of Nero:
 a. Boadicea b. Zenobia c. Berenice d. Julia Soaemias

- 14. Which emperor commemorated Rome's 900th birthday by issuing a special coin? a. Hadrian b. Antoninus Pius c. Trajan d. Marcus Aurelius
- 15. Which emperor fell in love with Berenice but bowed to public opinion and did not marry her?

 a. Titus b. Commodus c. Hadrian d. Julian
- 16. Which emperor is <u>NOT</u> correctly matched with his dynasty? a. Elagabalus - Severan b. Geta - Barracks Emperors c. Otho-Civil War Emperors d. Nerva - Five Good Emperors
- 17. In 2 B.C. Augustus was saluted as a. Pontifex Maximus. b. consul for life. c. Pater Patriae. d. censor.
- 18. Which of the following is in correct chronological order?
 a. Edict of Toleration, Battle of the Milvian Bridge, the beginning of the Tetrarchy
 - b. Edict of Toleration, the beginning of the Tetrarchy, the battle of the Milvian Bridge
 - c. the beginning of the Tetrarchy, Edict of Toleration, the battle of the Milvian Bridge
 - d. the beginning of the Tetrarchy, the battle of the Milvian Bridge, Edict of Toleration
- 19. The cornerstone of Tiberius' policies:
 - a. expansion of the empire
 - b. popularity with the army
 - c. co-operation with the Senate
 - d. loyalty to the wishes of Augustus
- 20. Which emperor made adultery a crime, made marriage almost compulsory, and tried to reduce luxury? a. Augustus b. Claudius c. Vespasian d. Antoninus Pius
- 21. Which emperor in A.D. 391 closed all temples and banned all forms of pagan cult?
 a. Theodosius I b. Honorius c. Arcadius d. Gratianus
- 22. Who was the mother of Caligula?
 a. Antonia b. Agrippina the Elder c. Livilla d. Julia
- 23. Who defeated Varus in the Teutoberg Forest?
 a. Arminius b. Decebalus c. Cassivelaunus d. Ariovistus
- 24. Which future emperor was governor of Spain from A.D. 60 to A.D. 68?
 a. Vitellius b. Vespasian c. Otho d. Galba

- 25. Which emperor abolished the Praetorian Guard?
 a. Diocletian b. Marcus Aurelius c. Constantine
 d. Theodosius I
- 26. Why did Marcus Aurelius appoint Verus co-emperor? a. the son of Marcus Aurelius was very young and in bad health.
 - b. Verus had saved the life of Marcus Aurelius.
 - c. Verus was also an adopted son of Antoninus.
 - d. Marcus Aurelius felt the need for a strong presence on the frontier.
- 27. Which emperor raised the number of provinces from 50 to 100 and grouped them into thirteen dioceses?
 - a. Septimius Severus b. Constantine I.
 - c. Marcus Aurelius d. Diocletian
- 28. Germanicus was supposedly poisoned by the governor of Syria named
 a. Piso. b. Paetus. c. Priscus. d. Cassius.
- 29. Which emperors were involved in a war with the king of Dacia?
 - a. Trajan Hadrian b/ Domitian Trajan
 - c. Vespasian Domitian d. Vespasian Hadrian
- 30. Tiberius Claudius Drusus Nero Germanicus is more commonly known as a. Nero. b. Caligula. ②. Claudius. d. Tiberius.
- 31. Who was the only Roman emperor <u>NOT</u> to hold the title of "Augustus"?

 (a) Tiberius b. Caligula c. Vitellius d. Macrinus
- 32. Which of the following did Marcus Aurelius <u>NOT</u> fight? a. Marcomanni b. Armenians c. Quadi d. Iazyges
- 33. Which emperor is correctly matched with his birthplace?
 a. Nerva Spain b. Antoninus Pius Gaul
 c. Trajan Africa d. Hadrian Italy
- 34. Who was the first emperor to have his predecessor murdered? a. Caracalla b. Vitellius c. Otho d. Septimius Severus
- 35. Which husband and wife are correctly paired?

 a. Vibia Sabina-Vespasian b. Julia Domna-Marcus Aurelius
 c. Faustina-Antoninus Pius d. Plotina-Domitian
- 36. The emperor who defeated the Goths and added the title "Gothicus" to his name:
 a. Probus b. Claudius II c. Gallienus d. Valerian

- 37. In A.D. 325 Constantine convoked the first ecumenical council at Nicaea where all of the following occurred EXCEPT
 (a) a promise of toleration to all religions.
 - b. a rejection of Arianism.
 - c. an affirmation of the Nicene Creed.
 - d. a confirmation that Christ was truly God.
- 38. Decebalus killed Sabinus, the legate of Moesia, and the general Fuscus during the reign of a. Hadrian. b. Nerva. c. Trajan. d. Domitian.
- 39. Diocletian appointed an Augustus and two Caesars who were all a. Spaniards. b. Gauls. c. Danubians. d. Germans.
- 40. Which of the following events took place during the last ten years of Augustus's reign?
 - a. the death of Drusus
 - b. the annexation of Raetia and Noricum
 - c. the dedication of the Ara Pacis
 - d. the revolt in Pannonia and Dalmatia
- 41. Which emperor was assassinated at Carrhae?
 a. Macrinus b. Geta c. Severus Alexander (d.) Caracalla
- 42. Which tetrarch is correctly paired with his title and domain?
 - a. Diocletian Augustus East
 - b. Constantius Chlorus Augustus West
 - c. Maximian Caesar East
 - d. Galerius Caesar West
- 43. Attila was defeated in A.D. 451 by a. Stilicho. b. Honorius. c. Maximus. d. Aetius.
- 44. Which of the following was <u>NOT</u> a governor of Britain? a. Frontinus b. Agricola c. Caecina d. Fronto
- 45. Which emperor held the censorship for financial reasons and recruited many new members, both Italian and provincial, to the Senate?
 - a. Domitian b. Trajan c. Nerva d. Vespasian
- 46. The emperor who aimed at strengthening the frontiers, especially on the Rhine, but later began confiscating property and executing dissenters:

 a. Domitian b. Hadrian c. Tiberius d. Caracalla
- 47. Constantine married Fausta, the daughter of a. Diocletian. b. Licinius. c. Galerius. d. Maximian.

- 48. First Galla Placidia and then Aetius effectively ruled the empire during the reign of her son a. Honorius. b. Valentinian III. c. Arcadius. d. Theodosius II.
- 49. Which of the following has the correct Julia related properly to the Severan emperor?

 - a. Julia Mamaea wife Septimius Severus b. Julia Maesa sister-in-law Septimius Severus
 - c. Julia Domna mother Elagabalus
 - d. Julia Soaemias mother Severus Alexander
- Caenis : Vespasian :: 50.
 - a. Messalina : Claudius b. Helena : Constantine
 - c. Caesonia : Caligula d. Marcia : Commodus