

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1997

DERIVATIVES II

I. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the statement or means the same as the underlined word.

1. The student was exceedingly loquacious.
a. intelligent b. talkative c. helpful d. emotional
 2. His uncanny ability to predict the outcome of each game made him seem
a. prescient. b. cognitive. c. reputed. d. cogent.
 3. A litoral zone could most likely be found
a. in a forest. b. in a mountain. c. by the sea.
d. on the moon.
 4. Our basketball team was decimated by the opponent.
a. cheered on b. harassed c. embarrassed
d. destroyed
 5. My grandfather is a septuagenarian.
a. born on Sunday b. in his seventies
c. believes "7" is a lucky number d. has seven children
 6. The farmer had a gravid mare.
a. pregnant b. spotted c. old d. wild
 7. The unfortunate child was hit by an errant bullet from the gang fight.
a. hollow-tipped b. premeditated c. wildly shot
d. speeding
 8. The position of the debator was tenable.
a. difficult to follow b. incapable of being defended
c. advantageous to the opponent d. supportable by facts
 9. The stunt man was defenestrated.
a. injured b. thrown from the window
c. thrown from an airplane d. killed
 10. Because the plant is considered to be saxicolous, it can be found
a. near river banks. b. in rocky places.
c. in cold climates. d. in sea water.
- II. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.
11. derelict
a. lego b. ligo c. relinquio d. reclino

12. arrival
a. rivus b. ripa c. rideo d. res
13. depository
a. possum b. pono c. pons d. post
14. auxiliary
a. ago b. audeo c. audio d. augeo
15. bankruptcy
a. rapiō b. res c. rumpo d. rus
16. deity
a. deus b. dies c. desum d. decem
17. equivocation
a. aequus b. equus c. quaero d. quis
18. patricide
a. cado b. caedo c. cedo d. cieo
19. convey
a. veho b. vestis c. via d. video
20. obnoxious
a. neco b. noceo c. nomen d. nox

III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

21. vinco
a. advice b. convict c. survey d. obvious
22. emō
a. exempt b. eminace c. ambient d. emissary
23. miles
a. mile b. millet c. millionaire d. militia
24. gero
a. digest b. engineer c. generous d. congeal
25. haereo
a. adhere b. habitat c. herb d. heir
26. rogo
a. rogue b. abrogate c. rigatoni d. rouge
27. quaero
a. quadrate b. acquire c. acquiesce d. quote

28. **carus**
 a. car b. career c. charity d. carpet
29. **caput**
 a. accept b. incapacity c. capitalist d. compute
30. **iacio**
 a. adjacent b. trajectory c. injudicious d. adjutant

IV. Choose the meaning of the Latin root from which the given word is derived.

31. **companion**
 a. bread b. friend c. love d. happy
32. **portico**
 a. carry b. harbor c. gate d. take
33. **ambulatory**
 a. hospital b. walk c. both d. wash
34. **edict**
 a. holy b. rule c. elect d. say
35. **motor**
 a. move b. grow c. powerful d. make
36. **repository**
 a. be able b. lie back c. place d. request
37. **redundant**
 a. gift b. whence c. give back d. wave
38. **ubiquitous**
 a. where b. over c. every d. there
39. **lunatic**
 a. mind b. crazy c. hate d. moon
40. **support**
 a. carry b. give c. gate d. add

V. Choose the word which does NOT belong by derivation.

41. a. postpone b. apposite c. posture d. postulant
42. a. envy b. visor c. evident d. avoid
43. a. aspirant b. auspicious c. respite d. esprit
44. a. assist b. distance c. substance d. prostrate

45. a. republic b. pueblo c. puberty d. people
46. a. aver b. adversary c. advert d. advertise
47. a. continue b. attain c. entire d. tangent
48. a. adultery b. altercation c. exalt d. alternate
49. a. equivocate b. equator c. equestrian d. adequate
50. a. dual b. duel c. deuce d. duplicity