

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1997.

MOTTOES, ABBREVIATIONS, AND QUOTATIONS

I. Choose the correct abbreviation for the given English word or phrase.

- 1. beneath one's dignity  
a. infra dig. b. verb. sat. c. nem. con. d. ibid.
- 2. referring to the Christian cross  
a. C.C. b. T.L.C. c. D.C. d. I.H.S.
- 3. may the earth be light upon you  
a. T.L.T. b. O.S.P. c. M.L.V. d. S.T.T.L.
- 4. In the year of Muhammad's flight from Mecca to Medina.  
a. A.A.S. b. A.M. c. A.R. d. A.H.
- 5. left eye  
a. O.D. b. O.S. c. O.U. d. O.Z.
- 6. spoonful  
a. gtt. b. cochl. c. gr. d. cap.
- 7. To show that someone has lived so many years:  
a. c.m. b. a.v. c. l.d. d. h.s.
- 8. What abbreviation would a Roman have used in a letter?  
a. V.D.M. b. O.M.C. c. S.D. d. S.R.E.
- 9. The attempt to prove a doubtful matter by a still more doubtful argument  
a. p.a. b. i.p.i. c. i.s.c. d. i.v.
- 10. Which of the following does NOT use p.c. as an abbreviation?  
a. after meals b. as much as you can  
c. by the hundred d. avoirdupois

II. Mottoes

- 11. The motto of the Marine Corps  
a. Semper Paratus b. Pro ecclesia  
c. Semper Fidelis d. Pro patria
- 12. Qui transtulit sustinet  
a. Connecticut b. Maryland c. Missouri  
d. Arizona
- 13. Audemus iura nostra defendere  
a. Univ. of Florida b. Amherst College c. Maryland  
d. Alabama

14. Laborare est orare
  - a. Crusaders
  - b. Jesuits
  - c. Scots Guards
  - d. Benedictines
15. Dum vivimus, vivamus
  - a. Epicureans
  - b. Stoics
  - c. Zoroastrians
  - d. Neo-Platonists
16. Alis volat propriis
  - a. Wyoming
  - b. New Mexico
  - c. South Carolina
  - d. Oregon
17. Esto Perpetua
  - a. Edinburgh.
  - b. Venice.
  - c. Paris.
  - d. London.
18. Urbs in horto
  - a. Chicago
  - b. Boston
  - c. Atlanta
  - d. Sacramento
19. Which two have the same Latin motto?
  - a. AFL-CIO and Oklahoma
  - b. London and Kansas
  - c. Edinburgh and the Red Cross
  - d. The Woodmen of American and Madrid.
20. Palmam qui meruit ferat
  - a. Henry VIII
  - b. Thomas Aquinas
  - c. Lord Nelson
  - d. Dante
21. Which of the following does NOT have a motto containing lux?
  - a. Emory Univ.
  - b. Rollins College
  - c. Duke Univ.
  - d. Yale Univ.
22. Which of the following does NOT have a motto containing the word deo?
  - a. Brown University
  - b. Hunter College
  - c. Worcester College
  - d. Loras College
23. Deo Vindice
  - a. Monaco
  - b. Vatican City
  - c. Jesuits
  - d. Confederate States of America
24. Dominus mihi adiutor
  - a. Austria
  - b. Scotland
  - c. Denmark
  - d. England
25. The motto of Puerto Rico
  - a. Libertas
  - b. Domine, dirigo nos
  - c. Ioannes est nomen eius
  - d. Pro Christo et Republica

III. Choose the words which correctly translate the phrase or best apply to the given situation.

26. The diagnosis of the patient's disease was conducted post mortem.  
 a. without surgery                      b. in the afternoon  
 c. after death                              d. in detail
27. Which saying applies to an athlete who is also an outstanding student?  
 a. persona non grata                      b. in loco parentis  
 c. non compos mentis                      d. mens sana in corpore sano
28. Books which start halfway through the story and use flashbacks to tell what has already happened are said to begin  
 a. ex officio.                              b. in medias res.  
 c. de facto.                                  d. mirabile dictu.
29. The speaker responded to the question with a non sequitur  
 a. summary of what was asked              b. another question  
 c. statement that does not follow the line of questioning  
 d. cogent argument
30. A Latin expression used to caution one in a hurry:  
 a. caveat emptor                              b. carpe diem  
 c. modus operandi                              d. festina lente
31. The best translation of e pluribus unum:  
 a. and the rest                              b. at one's pleasure  
 c. one for all                                  d. one out of many
32. People often identify their books with labels that read  
 a. ex libris.                                  b. ex libertate.  
 c. liberorum.                                  d. ex libra.
33. The Latin idiom meaning a debt:  
 a. aes alienum                                  b. qua de causa  
 c. ius iurandum                                  d. res novae
34. A Latin phrase often found on the face of a clock:  
 a. per se                                      b. tabula rasa  
 c. ipso facto                                  d. tempus fugit
35. verbatim  
 a. verbally                                      b. in unison  
 c. word for word                                  d. wordy

36. magnum opus  
 a. great wealth      b. great work  
 c. great reward      d. great opportunity
37. de jure  
 a. entirely      b. actually      c. legally      d. finally
38. ad valorem  
 a. to the point of disgust      b. near the valley  
 c. to courage      d. in proportion to the value
39. bonis avibus  
 a. under favorable signs      b. with pleasing offerings  
 c. on good roads      d. by good bees
40. Expressions found in all parts of a particular book or used by a given author  
 a. ibidem      b. passim      c. statim      d. gradatim

IV. Identify the author of each quote below.

41. Libenter homines id quod volunt credunt.  
 a. Caesar      b. Augustus      c. Titus      d. Brutus
42. Ars longa, vita brevis.  
 a. Hippocrates      b. Archimedes      c. Lucretius  
 d. Euclid
43. Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.  
 a. Cicero      b. Ovid      c. Horace      d. Pliny the Elder
44. Mendacem oportet esse memorem.  
 a. Petronius      b. Ovid      c. Quintilian      d. Tacitus
45. Rident stolidi verba Latina.  
 a. Livy      b. Vergil      c. Ennius      d. Ovid
46. Ab ovo usque ad mala.  
 a. Catullus      b. Horace      c. Vergil      d. Cato the Elder
47. Nemo repente venit turpissimus.  
 a. Terence      b. Juvenal      c. Martial      d. Seneca
48. Ne cede malis sed contra audientior ito.  
 a. Lucan      b. Seneca      c. Vergil      d. Ovid
49. Timendi causa est nescire  
 a. Seneca      b. Terence      c. Martial      d. Cicero
50. Leve fit, quod bene fertur onus.  
 a. Vergil      b. Ovid      c. Petronius      d. Pliny the Younger