

PENTATHLON

I. Grammar

1. Which form is future tense?  
a. habent            b. laudantur    c. audiuntur    d. ponent
2. Narra nobis mirabilem fabulam, Marce.  
a. ablative of agent            b. dative, indirect object  
c. dative, special adjective    d. ablative of means
3. He graduated from the university with honors.  
a. honoribus    b. de honoribus    c. a honoribus  
d. cum honoribus
4. Which pair does not agree?  
a. ingens mare            b. urbs similis            c. vetus parens  
d. magnus multitudo
5. qui : cui ::  
a. hic : huic            b. ille : illic    c. is : eo  
d. iste : istius
6. I love you, son.  
a. filius    b. filium            c. fili            d. filio
7. Do you know the man whom the crowd is surrounding?  
a. qui    b. quem    c. quō    d. cui
8. The small dog lay under the table.  
a. sub mensa    b. apud mensam    c. prope mensam  
d. sub mensam
9. Servatus est bonā fortunā.  
a. ablative of means            b. ablative of manner  
c. ablative of specification    d. ablative of agent
10. Which word is **NOT** ablative?  
a. mari    b. lege    c. breve    d. omni

II. A. Vocabulary

11. mensis  
a. mind    b. table    c. month    d. mountain
12. Which word doesn't belong by meaning?  
a. felix    b. idoneus    c. laetus            d. beatus
13. deinde  
a. finally    b. therefore    c. then    d. while

14. What is a Latin word for begin?  
 a. intendo b. incipio c. interficio d. instruo
15. An **ANTONYM** for tardus is  
 a. celer b. gravis c. proximus d. integer

B. Derivatives

16. Which is **NOT** a derivative of pugno?  
 a. impugn b. poinard c. punitive d. repugnant
17. What is an auxiliary engine on a sailboat?  
 a. supplemental b. powerful c. unnecessary d. small
18. Which is a derivative of aequus?  
 a. equestrian b. equinox c. equerry d. equine
19. What word would describe a person called bellicose?  
 a. mean b. lively c. attractive d. argumentative
20. Give the meaning of the Latin root of relic.  
 a. final b. old c. boundary d. leave

III. Customs

21. The bottom floor of apartment houses (insulae) was usually used for shops called  
 a. tabulae b. tabernae c. tablini d. tesserae
22. With which food would the Romans be familiar?  
 a. pasta b. potatoes c. rice d. radishes
23. A stilus was an instrument used for writing. What was a strigilis?  
 a. used for scraping skin b. used for lighting lamps  
 c. used for anointing a sacrifice d. used in cooking
24. What was thrown by the groom to bystanders during the deductio?  
 a. small charms b. pomegranate seeds c. strips of cloth  
 d. nuts
25. Which deity was invoked to protect the newborn child?  
 a. Diana b. Juno c. Apollo d. Mercury
26. When would a Roman wear a vestis pulla?  
 a. when dining at a friend's b. at a coming of age party  
 c. during the Saturnalia d. while mourning.

27. Bronze dolphins, symbols of Neptune, were used as lap markers at the Circus Maximus. How many were there?  
a. 5            b. 7            c. 9            d. 11
28. A galea was worn by a Roman soldier for protection of his body. Which part?  
a. headb. chest    c. shins    d. shoulders
29. Which material formed the top layer of Roman roads?  
a. gravel            b. flagstones    c. basalt            d. limestone
30. The occasion when a pupa would receive a name was called  
a. manus            b. dies lustricus    c. patria potestas  
d. adrogatio

#### IV. History

31. The praetorian prefect Sejanus rose to power under the emperor  
a. Tiberius    b. Nero    c. Caracalla    d. Vespasian
32. "Another such victory and we are surely lost," was attributed to the Greek king, Pyrrhus, after the battle of  
a. Allia River    b. Mylae    c. Caudine Forks    d. Asculum
33. Which is the correct order of emperors?  
a. Galba, Titus, Vespasian  
b. Caligula, Nero, Claudius  
c. Nerva, Trajan, Hadrian  
d. Marcus Aurelius, Antoninus Pius, Commodus
34. The emperor who first placed imperial freedmen in some of the most powerful positions in government was  
a. Hadrian            b. Augustus            c. Claudius            d. Nero
35. The revolt of Boudicca took place during whose reign?  
a. Nero    b. Marcus Aurelius    c. Claudius    d. Hadrian
36. Caesar's men defeated those of Pompey's sons at the battle of  
a. Thapsus    b. Munda    c. Philippi            d. Pharsalus
37. The 1st of the "good" emperors is  
a. Nerva    b. Constantine    c. Marcus Aurelius    d. Justinian
38. Caesar's title as governor of Gaul was  
a. praetor    b. Pontifex Maximus    c. propraetor  
d. proconsul

39. Sulla's dictatorship lasted for  
a. 1 year.    b. 2 years.    c. 3 years.    d. 6 months.
40. Jugurtha was finally defeated in 107 B.C. by  
a. Sulla    b. Cinna    c. Marius    d. Pompey

V. Mythology

41. Eos was the Greek name for  
a. goddess of fertility                      b. goddess of the dawn  
c. goddess of the rainbow                    d. goddess of rivers
42. Odysseus did **NOT** spend time with  
a. Calypso    b. Alcinous    c. Circe    d. Proteus
43. Oedipus was predicted to marry his  
a. mother    b. sister    c. best friend's wife  
d. enemy's wife
44. Talus, the last man left of the ancient bronze race, lived  
in  
a.. Crete    b. Delos    c. Sicily    d. Thessaly
45. Where did Theseus abandon Ariadne?  
a. Corinth    b. Phaeacia    c. Naxos    d. Crete
46. Who warned the Trojans not to allow the horse to be  
brought into the city?  
a. Tiresias    b. Calchas    c. Laocoon    d. Helenus
47. Which is **NOT** a Muse?  
a. Melpomene    b. Polyhymnia    c. Euterpe    d. Clotho
48. All of the following are famous pairs of lovers except  
a. Pygmalion and Galatea    b. Ceyx and Alcyone  
c. Selene and Endymion    d. Eurydice and Alpheus
49. Helen, although fathered by Zeus, probably called her  
mother's husband "Dad." Who was he?  
a. Aegeus    b. Tyndareus    c. Eurystheus    d. Eurytus
50. Dido : Anna :: Ariadne :  
a. Phaedra    b. Niobe    c. Pasiphae    d. Hippodamia