

FJCL STATE LATIN FORUM 1998

ADVANCED GRAMMAR

I. Choose the word that does **NOT** belong grammatically.

1. a. vellet b. tonat c. fulget d. ningit
2. a. amassent b. pugnarunt
c. rexissent d. audirunt
3. a. obliviscor b. memini c. misereor d. patior
4. a. desum b. noceo c. pario d. resisto
5. a. secundum b. ultra c. prae d. citra
6. a. humi b. domi c. ruri d. loci
7. a. abs b. coram c. tenus d. extra
8. a. deus b. mi c. serve d. luce
9. a. coepit b. odit c. meminit d. inquit
10. a. saepius b. conscius c. magis d. lentius

II. Choose the best translation for the underlined words or the best answer to fill in the blank provided.

11. By fighting, the Romans gained much territory.
a. pugnare b. pugnandi c. pugnandō d. pugnandum
12. At Rome many were killed.
a. Roma b. Romae c. Romam d. Romā
13. _____ Romani Carthaginem superavissent,
commutatio rei publicae facta est.
a. Cum b. Dum c. Ubi d. Donec
14. Milites ita se gesserunt _____ victi omnia perderent.
a. quod b. ut c. cur d. quo modo
15. The citizens favored Cicero, a man of great wisdom.
a. Ciceronis b. Ciceroni c. Ciceronem d. Cicerone
16. The government was so corrupt that no one knew what the greedy citizens were doing.
a. facerent b. faciant c. faciebant d. fecerunt
17. Nisi amicum suum defendisset, _____
a. interficiatur. b. interficeretur
c. interfecisset d. interfectus esset

18. If he were here, I would praise him.
 a. aderat . . . laudabam
 b. adsit . . . laudem
 c. adesset . . . laudarem
 d. adfuisset . . . laudavissem
19. We are not the only ones who think that she is evil
 a. est b. esse c. fuisse d. sit
20. Ego amicus tibi ero _____ tu me iuves.
 a. dum modo b. si solum c. quoad d. antequam
21. Ille _____ coniuratorum non obliviscetur.
 a. vitia b. vitiorum c. vitiis d. vitium
22. My friend, I wish that you were in the Senate.
 a. eras b. fuisti c. esses d. fuisses
23. There are some who believe that he was exiled by Cicero.
 a. credant b. credunt c. crederent d. credebant
24. Salus rei publicae, mi fili, est mihi carior _____.
 a. tua vita b. tuae vitae c. tuam vitam d. tuā vitā
25. Defendere urbem ab omni oppugnatione non est facile _____.
 a. facere b. factu c. factum d. faceret
26. Since he had exposed the plot, Cicero wanted to punish the conspirators.
 a. patefaceret b. patefecerit
 c. patefecisset d. patefecit
27. Non dubitamus _____ permulti scelerati intra urbem se celaverint.
 a. ne b. quin c. quominus d. ut
28. Consules providebunt ne urbs _____.
 a. deleatur. b. deleretur.
 c. deleta est. d. deleta esset.
29. They were unwilling to obey the leader.
 a. dux b. duci c. duce d. ducem
30. Est cupidus pontis _____.
 a. facere b. fieri c. faciendi d. faciet
31. He came into the city to consult with the king.
 a. consulere b. ad consulendum
 c. consulendae d. ad consulendam
32. _____ fruitur.
 a. Vitam b. Vitae c. Vitā d. Vita

33. Vir _____ dignus est.
 a. laude b. laudi c. laudis d. laus
34. The soldiers fought so bravely that they could not be conquered.
 a. vincere. b. vinci.
 c. vincantur. d. vincerentur.
35. There is no one who does not fear you.
 a. metuit b. metuat c. metuet d. metueret
36. Mons altior est _____.
 a. colle b. collis c. collem d. collium
37. Signō _____ proelium commiserunt.
 a. datum b. datō c. dare d. daret
38. Everyone must fear him.
 a. omnes b. omnia c. omnibus d. omnium
39. Fortunae civium nostrorum nobis _____ esse debent.
 a. curae b. curam c. curā d. cura
40. Augustus se _____ suum casum dixit.
 a. doleret b. doluit c. dolere d. doleat
41. The Romans were afraid that Cicero would not defend the city.
 a. defensurum esse b. defensurum fuisse
 c. defenderet d. defendat
42. They hastened to the theater to see the performance.
 a. visum b. visui
 c. ut videret. d. ut videant
43. He says that if he were coming, he would see for himself.
 a. veniat b. veniret c. venisse d. venire
44. I myself have been there.
 a. Ego idem b. Egomet c. Ego ipse d. Ego

Please go on to the reading comprehension passage and questions on the next page.

III. Answer the following questions about this excerpt from Pliny's Letters.

The Treatment of Slaves

Video quam molliter tuos habeas; quō simplicius tibi confitebor quā indulgentiā meos tractem. Est mihi semper in animo hoc nostrum "pater familiae." Quod si essem naturā asperior et durior, frangeret me tamen infirmitas liberti mei
5 Zosimi, cui tantō maior humanitas exhibenda est, quantō nunc illa magis eget. Homo probus, officiosus, litteratus; et ars quidem eius et quasi inscriptio comoedus, in quā plurimum facit. Nam pronuntiat acriter, sapienter, apte, decenter etiam. Idem tam commode orationes et historias et carmina
10 legit ut hoc solum didicisse videatur.

habeas - you treat **hoc nostrum** - this phrase of ours

inscription - his occupation

45. In line 1, the construction of quam . . . habeas is
 - a. relative descriptive clause
 - b. indirect question
 - c. indirect command
 - d. comparative clause
46. In line 1, the correct translation of simplicius is
 - a. open b. openly c. more open d. more openly
47. What type of condition is in lines 3 - 5?
 - a. simple b. contrary to fact
 - c. future less vivid d. there is no condition
48. What is the correct translation of exhibenda est in line 5?
 - a. ought to be shown b. is shown
 - c. was shown d. is going to show
49. The construction of ut . . . videatur in line 10 is
 - a. a purpose clause. b. an adverbial result clause.
 - c. a noun result clause. d. an indirect command.
50. Zosimus is
 - a. a poet. b. a comic actor.
 - c. an historian. d. an orator.