

FJCL STATE FORUM 2003
DERIVATIVES II

I. Choose the English meaning of the Latin root from which the given word is derived.

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|-----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. improbity | a. not proper | b. moral | c. probing | d. improbable |
| 2. subjugation | a. yoke | b. judge | c. jar | d. juice |
| 3. restive | a. rested | b. happy | c. restless | d. stand still |
| 4. mollify | a. mold | b. girl | c. soft | d. mix |
| 5. comate | a. coma | b. come | c. hair | d. friend |
| 6. parsimonious | a. spare | b. persimmon | c. purse | d. money |
| 7. subliminal | a. limber | b. threshold | c. rodent | d. lemon |
| 8. puppet | a. dog | b. pupil | c. small | d. doll |
| 9. congress | a. grate | b. grease | c. step | d. discuss |
| 10. desultory | a. jump | b. salt | c. sleep | d. king |

II. Choose the word which has the same basic Latin root as the given words.

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| 11. succinct | a. succor | b. cinch | c. cinquain | d. quintet |
| 12. rapacious | a. surreptitious | b. radish | c. rash | d. stirrup |
| 13. protégé | a. prototype | b. prove | c. detect | d. tag |
| 14. cogent | a. active | b. cognitive | c. congested | d. genitive |
| 15. cement | a. rescue | b. seem | c. cinder | d. scissors |
| 16. auction | a. inaugural | b. auxiliary | c. audacity | d. oriole |
| 17. impatient | a. compassion | b. patently | c. paternal | d. parsnip |

18. chain
 a. accusation b. cage c. caution d. concatenation
19. unprecedented
 a. chateau b. appreciate c. accessory d. component
20. equanimity
 a. animadvert b. equestrian c. annals d. angular

III. Choose the Latin word from which the English word is derived.

21. bouleversement
 a. bonus b. verus c. vertere d. bos
22. egress
 a. gradior b. grex c. grus d. gratus
23. nefarious
 a. farcio b. facio c. fero d. fas
24. forest
 a. for b. foris c. fors d. forum
25. opulent
 a. ops b. opus c. optimus d. opacus
26. repast
 a. parco b. pando c. patior d. pasco
27. sortilege
 a. sors b. sordeo c. soror d. sorbeo
28. alimentary
 a. ala b. alius c. alo d. altus
29. sumptuous
 a. sum b. sumo c. summus d. super
30. mitigate
 a. mitto b. metior c. metus d. mitis

IV. Choose the word or phrase which best completes the statement or means the same as the underlined word.

31. The atmosphere in the theater was tenebrous.
 a. cheerful b. tense c. tentative d. gloomy
32. The suggestion of war resulted in a fulmination against it.
 a. vigorous debate b. thunderous verbal attack c. ruling
 d. speech
33. He was a rather round, florid child of eight.
 a. rosy b. flowery c. pale d. sickly

34. I always had to sit next to my edacious cousin.
 a. intelligent b. picky c. gluttonous d. happy
35. I was worried about the ponderous package.
 a. bulging b. leaking c. missing d. heavy
36. The mother gave a lot of attention to her querulous child.
 a. complaining b. inquisitive c. nervous d. tearful
37. The physician excelled at ligature.
 a. delicate surgery b. diagnosis c. tying off ducts d. removing tumors
38. His animadversion on sweatshops caused a lot of commotion.
 a. opinion b. critical remark c. attraction d. essay
39. She was feeling better despite the ablation of her appendix.
 a. infection b. swelling c. removal d. rupture
40. He couldn't decide whether the pall should be white, purple, or black.
 a. bedspread b. wallpaper c. coat d. coffin cover

V. Choose the word that does not belong by derivation:

41. a. pitiful b. expiate c. pituitary d. impiety
42. a. aspire b. sprite c. sprite d. despair
43. a. cadence b. chance c. homicide d. decay
44. a. aquiline b. aqueous c. sewer d. aquarium
45. a. example b. ambition c. ransom d. premium
46. a. interfere b. confer c. inference d. offer
47. a. fortify b. fortuitous c. effort d. comfort
48. a. belligerent b. congested c. gerund d. degenerate
49. a. apartment b. separate c. partial d. partake
50. a. constrict b. construct c. construe d. destroy