

**2007 FJCL Certamen  
Level II, Round 1**

1. What war began with a cavalry skirmish between Hannibal and Roman forces under the command of P. Cornelius Scipio in 218 B.C.? SECOND PUNIC  
Where was this skirmish? TICINUS RIVER  
At what battle in the same year did Hannibal crush an army under the command of Scipio and T. Sempronius Longus? TREBIA RIVER
  
2. Who put forth his claim to the throne of Iolcus when he turned twenty-one years of age? JASON  
Name Jason's uncle who had usurped his father's throne. PELIAS  
Who had raised Jason in a cave until he was old enough to challenge Pelias for the throne? CHIRON
  
3. Differentiate in meaning between **cadō** and **caedō**. CADO, FALL / CAEDO, CUT / KILL  
**...pareō** and **parcō**. PAREO, OBEY / PARCO / SPARE  
**...soleō** and **doleō** SOLEO, BE ACCOSTOMED / DOLEO, GRIEVE
  
4. In respect to the Roman familial structure, who or what were **adfīnēs**? RELATIONS BY MARRIAGE  
**...who or what were cognātī**? RELATIONS BY BLOOD  
**...who or what were agnātī**? RELATIONS / DESCENDANTS THROUGH THE MALE LINE
  
5. From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive "prompt" and "redeem"? EMO, BUY  
**...do we derive "pestiferous" and "translation"?** FERO, BEAR / CARRY  
**...do we derive "avail" and "convalescence"?** VALEO, BE WELL / BE STRONG
  
6. Change the phrase **omnis res** to the ablative singular. OMNI RE  
Change **omnī rē** to the plural. OMNIBUS REBUS  
Change **omnibus rēbus** to the genitive. OMNIUM RERUM
  
7. When Oedipus unknowingly killed his father Laius on the road outside Thebes, what destination had Laius been traveling to? DELPHI  
What brothers co-ruled in Thebes during Laius' childhood? AMPHION & ZETHUS  
What regent of Thebes had Amphion and Zethus killed in order to rescue their mother? LYCUS
  
8. Which of the Flavian emperor is reported to have said the words "**Vae putō deus fiō**" on his death bed in A.D. 79? VESPASIAN  
Where had Vespasian commanded the II Augusta legion in A.D. 43? BRITAIN  
Where was Vespasian serving as governor in A.D. 69 when his troops proclaimed him emperor? JUDAEA

9. Give the Latin and English for the motto of Trinity College.  
**PRO ECCLESIA ET PATRIA / FOR CHURCH AND COUNTRY**  
 ...for the University of Vermont.  
**STUDIIS ET REBUS HONESTIS / TO HONORABLE PURSUITS AND DEEDS**  
 ...for Amherst University.  
**TERRAS IRRADIANT / LET THEM ILLUMINE THE EARTH**
10. Translate: **Romae trēs mēnsēs maneāmus.**  
 LET US STAY IN ROME FOR THREE DAYS  
 What use of the subjunctive is illustrated in that sentence? HORTATORY / JUSSIVE  
 What use of the accusative case is illustrated in that sentence? DURATION OF TIME
11. Give one word in Latin that is the equivalent of the three-word phrase **cognōmen ex virtūte.** **AGNOMEN**  
 What **agnōmen** was given to Lucius Aemilius Paullus for his defeat of Perseus? **MACEDONICUS**  
 What **agnōmen** was given to Quintus Fabius Maximus for his delaying tactics against Hannibal? **CUNCTATOR**
12. Name, in order, Heracles' three wives. **MEGARA, DEIANERIA, HEBE**  
 Along with his three wives, Heracles had a mistress that indirectly caused his death. Name her. **IOLE**  
 Heracles had won the rights to Iole by defeating her father Eurytus in what type of contest? **ARCHERY**
13. Which early king of Rome co-ruled with the Sabine Titus Tatius? **ROMULUS**  
 Which early king of Rome established the cult of the **Virginēs Vestālēs**? **NUMA POMPILIUS**  
 What nymph, one of the Muses according to Dionysius of Halicarnassus, was said to have been a second wife and advisor to Numa? **EGERIA**
14. The Romans believed that with the birth of every child a guardian spirit came into the world. What did the Romans call this guardian spirit? **GENIUS**  
 What was the guardian spirit of a girl called? **IUNO**  
 What Latin word was used to designate the first eight days of a child's life before it received a name? **PRIMORDIA**
15. Give the principal parts and meaning of **tendō.**  
**TENDO, TENDERE, TETENDI, TENSUM / TENTUM. STRETCH / EXTEND**  
 ...of **vehō.** **VEHO, VEHERE, VEXI, VECTUM, CARRY / TRANSPORT**  
 ...of **quaerō.** **QUAERO, QUAERERE, QUAESIVI, QUAESITUM, SEEK / ASK**

16. Which of the following verbs does NOT take its object in the dative case: **noceō, serviō, fidō, fruor, praeponō.** **FRUOR**  
 What case does **fruor** take for its object? **ABLATIVE**  
 Give two other deponent verbs which take the ablative case.  
**POTIOR, VESCOR, FUNGOR, UTOR (AND COMPOUNDS THEREOF)**
17. Which Roman emperor, afflicted with plague, died at Vindobona in A.D. 180? **MARCUS AURELIUS**  
 What modern European city now exists at the site of ancient Vindobona? **VIENNA**  
 What general under Marcus Aurelius and future emperor served as governor of Britain from A.D. 185 – 187? **(P. HELVIUS) PERTINAX**
18. At the end of the Trojan War, which warrior brought disaster upon the Greeks by violating Cassandra during the sack of the city? **AJAX THE LESSER / SON OF OILEUS**  
 Oilean Ajax was known as the second-fastest runner among the Greeks. Who was the fastest? **ACHILLES**  
 Which Greek leader wanted Ajax stoned to death for his violation of Cassandra? **ODYSSEUS**
19. While being escorted to the Forum in the mourning by his **clientēs**, what slave would accompany a Roman noble and whisper the names of important persons into his ear? **NOMENCLATOR**  
 At what hour did the business of the Senate and courts usually begin in Rome? **THIRD**  
 What name is given to the “fruit basket” which clients would present to the patron during the **salūtātiō**? **SPORTULA**
20. Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: “sunflower, affluent, conflux, fluctuate”? **SUNFLOWER**  
 From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive “affluent,” “conflux,” and “fluctuate”? **FLUO, FLOW**  
 What derivative of **fluō, fluere** means “unnecessary or more than enough”? **SUPERFLUOUS**

**2007 FJCL Certamen  
Level II, Round 2**

1. Translate the following sentence into Latin using a passive periphrastic: “We must listen to the Roman consul.” **CONSUL ROMANUS NOBIS AUDIENDUS EST**  
Translate this sentence using an adverbial clause of purpose: “I will walk to the Forum to hear the Roman consul.”  
**AD FORUM AMBULABO UT ROMANUM CONSULEM AUDIAM**  
If the dependent clause in the previous sentence were translated with a supine, what would be the proper Latin form of **audiō**? **AUDITUM**
2. Give the Latin for the motto of the state of Oregon. **ALIS VOLAT PROPRIIS**  
Give the Latin for the motto of the University of Oregon. **MENS AGITAT MOLEM**  
Translate both of those mottoes.  
**SHE FLIES WITH HER OWN WINGS & MIND MOVES THE MASS**
3. What name is given to the chest in which a Roman might keep clothing, important papers, jewelry, or other valuable items? **ARCA**  
What did the Romans call the larger cabinets that were used for purposes similar to those of the **arcae**? **ARMARIA**  
The **armāria** when placed in the **alae** often were used to store ancestral death masks. What were these masks called? **IMAGINES**
4. As the first to identify them individually, Hesiod named them first as the three daughters of Nyx, but then later in the same work called them the daughters of Zeus and Themis. Who are these sisters of the Seasons? **THE FATES**  
What monster did the Fates help defeat by convincing it that human food would strengthen it? **TYHOEUS / TYPHON**  
In the only example of the Fates bending destiny, what mortal king was allowed to search for a replacement to die in his place? **ADMETUS**
5. What Roman, a **novus homo** elected consul for 195 B.C., was a notorious hater of Greek culture. **CATO THE ELDER**  
Cato of course ended his speeches with the infamous statement “**Carthago dēlenda est.**” Unfortunately for Cato he died on the eve the Third Punic War and did not see the final destruction of the city. In what year did Cato die? **149 B.C.**  
Against what eastern king did Cato fight at the pass of Thermopylae in 191 B.C.? **ANTIOCHUS III**
6. From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive “print” and “expression”? **PREMO, PRESS**  
...do we derive “soluble” and “dissolute”? **SOLVO, LOOSEN / FREE**  
...do we derive “esteem” and “aim”? **AESTIMO, VALUE**

7. Her father is alternatively given as Orthus or Typhon. It is also unclear whether Hera, Hades, or another deity sent her to Thebes. What is agreed is that she posed a riddle to travelers and would eat those who got it wrong. Who is this monster? THE SPHINX  
How did the Sphinx kill herself when her riddle was correctly answered? SHE JUMPED OFF A CITADEL / MOUNTAIN  
What detail of the Sphinx's suicide seems to make no sense? SHE COULD FLY
8. For what purpose might a Roman use a **fritillus**, **tesserae**, and **tālī**? GAMBLING  
During which holiday in December was gambling made legal? SATURNALIA  
On what day did the **Saturnalia** begin? DECEMBER 17
9. What woman poisoned her husband with a dish of mushrooms in A.D. 54? AGRIPPINA THE YOUNGER  
Whom did Agrippina's son Nero poison the next year in order to further legitimate his hold on the principate? BRITANNICUS  
What Praetorian Prefect and advisor died in A.D. 62, allegedly from having been poisoned by the emperor? (S. AFRANIUS) BURRUS
10. Give a synonym for **mōs**. CONSUETUDO / INSTITUTUM / USUS / CONSENSUS  
Give a synonym for **trucidō**. NECO / INTERFICIO / CAEDO / OCCIDO / PERAGO  
Give another. SEE ABOVE
11. You are sitting in a restaurant in ancient Rome and your waiter says "**Līcet tibi bibere aquam aut vīnum**." What did he tell you? THAT YOU MAY HAVE WATER OR WINE  
He then tells you "**hāc nocte pullō piscīve serviēmus**." What is for dinner? CHICKEN OR FISH  
Finally what is the significance when he says "**Spērō tē fructurum esse cēnā**." HE HOPES THAT YOU WILL ENJOY THE DINNER
12. Until very late into the history of the Empire what meat was considered a great luxury by the Romans? BEEF  
What meat was considered the poorest and was eaten by the lower classes only? GOAT'S MEAT / MUTTON  
What religious festival involved the sacrifice of a pig, sheep, and bull? SUOVETAURILIA
13. **Quid anglicē significat "oblīvisor"?** FORGET  
**Quid anglicē significat "patior"?** SUFFER / ENDURE  
**Quid anglicē significat "vescor"?** FEED UPON
14. Which of the Muses comes last alphabetically? URANIA  
Which of the Muses comes first alphabetically? CALLIOPE  
What three letters are the first letters of the names of two Muses? C, E, and M

15. What city in Etruria occupied the Romans in a ten-year siege lasting from  
406 – 396 B.C.? VEII  
What Roman general conquered Veii in 396 B.C.? (M. FURIUS) CAMILLUS  
How many times did Camillus hold the dictatorship? FIVE
16. Change the phrase **quoddam vulnus** to the genitive plural. **QUORUNDAM VULNERUM**  
Change **quorundam vulnerum** to the ablative singular. **QUODAM VULNERE**  
Change **quōdam vulnere** to the dative. **CUIDAM VULNERI**
17. What was the name of Menelaus and Helen’s only daughter? HERMIONE  
Whom did Hermione marry immediately after the Trojan War? PYRRHUS / NEOPTOLEMUS  
After Neoptolemus’ death, whom did Hermione marry? ORESTES
18. What is the Latin term for the large plantation estates that began to grow in large  
numbers in Italy in the second century B.C.? **LATIFUNDIA**  
What was the overseer of the **lātifundium** called? **VILICUS**  
Who were the tenant farmers whom farm owners would allow to live and work on  
their land in small numbers? **COLONI**
19. What emperor’s full name was **Gaius Iulius Caesar Germanicus**? CALIGULA’S  
Who were the parents of Caligula? GERMANICUS & AGRIPPINA THE ELDER  
What tribune of the Praetorian Guard led the plot to assassinate Caligula in  
A.D. 41? CASSIUS CHAEREA
20. Which of the following words, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root  
as the others: “deign,” “disdain,” “dainty,” “damsel”? DAMSEL  
From what Latin noun do we derive “damsel”? DOMUS  
From what Latin adjective, with what meaning, do we derive “deign,” “disdain,”  
and “dainty”? DIGNUS, WORTHY

**2007 FJCL Certamen  
Level II, Semi Final Round**

1. Identify the use of the dative case in the following sentence: “**Tibi haec fecerunt**”  
REFERENCE  
...in this sentence: **Hic locus idoneus campis ponendis est.**  
PURPOSE / SPECIAL ADJECTIVES  
Translate the previous sentence. THIS PLACE IS SUITABLE FOR PITCHING CAMP
2. What Latin word describes the practice of a formal betrothal by which a maiden was  
promised to a man for marriage? **SPONSALIA**  
If a maiden were not **in patriā potestāte** then who would make the betrothal on  
her behalf? HER GUARDIAN / **TUTOR**  
In order for a marriage proposal to be granted to a man himself, and not to his **pater**  
**familias**, what was his legal status required to be? **SUI IURIS**
3. What war resulted from the dissatisfaction of the **socii Italicī** over their rights  
vis-à-vis Rome? SOCIAL WAR / ITALIAN WAR / MARSIC WAR  
Name one of the two original commanders who were placed in charge of the  
northern and southern zones of Italy at the inception of the war.  
(P.) RUTILIUS LUPUS / L. CAESAR  
What Marsian chieftan opposed Rutilius Lupus in the northern zone?  
(POMPAEDIUS) SILO
4. Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **o.n.** **OMNI NOCTE, EVERY NIGHT**  
...for the abbreviation **o.m.** **OMNI MANE, EVERY MORNING**  
...for the abbreviation **viz.** **VIDELICET, NAMELY**
5. Who am I? I am a river-god who had four children, although only one ever gained  
notoriety in mythology. My wife was the nymph Creusa. My only son’s name  
was Hypseus. I had three daughters named Cyrene, Stilbe, and Daphne. PENEUS  
Name the parents of Peneus. OCEANUS & TETHYS  
Another child of Oceanus and Tethys, their oldest, was unusual in that she was a  
female river-god. Name her. STYX
6. Name both the mortal and the god that are said to have been the father of Theseus.  
AEGEUS & POSEIDON  
Who was Theseus’ mother? AETHRA  
Who was Aethra’s father, the king of Troezen who helped raise Theseus? PITTHEUS
7. What class of Romans wore the **mulleus** or **calceus patricius**? PATRICIANS  
In later times to what type of magistrates was the wearing of the **mulleus** extended?  
CURULE  
What color were the **mulleī**? RED

8. Using two deponent verbs translate the following sentence into Latin: "I think that you are following me." **ARBITROR (REOR) TE (VOS) SEQUI ME**  
 Using two deponent verbs translate this sentence: "I fear that you are following me." **VEREOR NE ME SEQUARIS**  
 Using two deponent verbs translate this sentence: "I wonder why you said that." **MIROR CUR LOCUTUS SIS**
9. Who was proclaimed emperor by his troops upon the death of his father at York in A.D. 306? **CONSTANTINE**  
 Who was Constantine's father? **CONSTANTIUS CHLORUS**  
 What did the Romans call York? **EBORACUM**
10. Differentiate in meaning between the Latin nouns **vestis** and **testis**. **VESTIS, GARMENT / CLOTHING TESTIS, WITNESS**  
 ...between the verb **adeo** and the adverb **adeo**. **APPROACH & SO / TO SUCH A DEGREE**  
 ...between **intereā** and **intereō**. **INTEREA, MEANWHILE INTEREO, DIE / PERISH**
11. From what Latin adjective, with what meaning, do we derive "ambient" and "ambidextrous"? **AMBO, BOTH**  
 What verb combines with **ambo** to yield "ambient"? **EO**  
 What derivative of **eō, ire** means "lasting only for a short time" or "temporary"? **TRANSIENT**
12. What English word could be used to describe the Latin words **pīentum, carpentum,** and **carrūca**? **CARRIAGES / CARTS / WAGONS**  
 According to the historian Livy, in which of these carriages did the first Tarquin arrive in Rome? **CARPENTUM**  
 What type of carriage was used to carry the spoils in a triumphal procession? **PETORITUM**
13. Into what type of bird was Daedalus' nephew Perdix changed? **PARTRIDGE**  
 Into what type of bird was Philomela changed? **SWALLOW**  
 Into what type of bird was Ascalaphus changed? **OWL**
14. Which emperor closed all pagan temples and banned the Olympic Games in the late 4<sup>th</sup> century A.D.? **THEODOSIUS I (THE GREAT)**  
 Ambrose the Bishop of Milan forced Theodosius to perform public penance after the emperor massacred citizens in what Greek city? **THESSALONICA**  
 When Theodosius died in A.D. 395 the Empire was divided between his two sons. What were their names and in what part of the Empire did each rule? **HONORIUS (WEST) / ARCADIUS (EAST)**
15. Complete this well-known Latin phrase **ad maiorem...** **DEI GLORIAM**  
 Translate that phrase. **TO THE GREATER GLORY OF GOD**  
 Of what Catholic religious order is this phrase the motto. **THE JESUITS**



16. Which of the following verbs is NOT fourth conjugation: **hauriō, feriō, repperiō, fodiō.** **FODIO**  
 Which of these verbs is NOT first conjugation: **secō, vetō, cingō, agitō.** **CINGO**  
 Give the principal parts of **hauriō.** **HAURIO, HAURIRE, HAUSI, HAUSTUM**
17. What two young giants tried to get to Olympus by piling lesser mountains on top on one another? **OTUS & EPHIALTES**  
 Which two goddesses had Otus and Ephialtes decided that they would marry? **ARTEMIS & HERA**  
 In some versions of the story, Apollo sent a deer to run between Otus and Ephialtes. How did this cause their deaths?  
**THEY BOTH THREW THEIR SPEARS AT THE DEER; INSTEAD THEY HIT EACH OTHER**
18. Where did a Roman force commanded by Manius Curius Dentatus defeat Pyrrhus in 275 B.C.? **BENEVENTUM / MALVENTUM**  
 After he was expelled from Italy, in what Greek city was Pyrrhus killed when his troops became involved in a street battle? **ARGOS**  
 What king of Epirus and predecessor of Pyrrhus died in Italy while fighting the Lucanians in the late 4<sup>th</sup> century B.C.? **ALEXANDER (I)**
19. During which Roman festival would women typically receive gifts from their husbands and children? **MATRONALIA**  
 On what day of the year was the **Matronalia** celebrated? **MARCH 1<sup>ST</sup>**  
 In honor of what Roman goddess was the **Matronalia** held? **JUNO (LUCINA)**
20. Give the principal parts and meaning of **gradior.** **GRADIOR, GRADI, GRESSUS SUM** STEP / WALK  
 ...of **nancīscor.** **NANCISCOR, NANCISCI, NACTUS / NANCTUS SUM** OBTAIN / FIND  
 ...of **proficīscor.** **PROFICISCOR, PROFICISCI, PROFECTUS SUM** SET OUT

**2007 FJCL Certamen  
Level II, Final Round**

1. **Ambulās in Forum Romanum antīquum et subito conspicias viam quae per  
Forum currit. Quam viam vidēs? (VIAM) SACRAM  
Ambulāns dē monte Capitolīnō arcum spectās. Cuius arcus est?  
SEPTIMI(I) SEVERI  
Prope arcum Septimī Severī aedificium vidēs in quod senatōrēs progrediuntur.  
Quod aedificium est? CURIA**
2. Differentiate in meaning between **vultus** and **vulgus**.  
**VULTUS, FACE / EXPRESSION / COUNTENANCE VULGUS, CROWD**  
Differentiate in meaning between **lumen** and **līmen**.  
**LUMEN, LIGHT LIMEN, THRESHOLD / DOORWAY**  
Differentiate in meaning between **aura** and **aula**. **AURA, BREEZE AULA, PALACE**
3. Throughout his reign as emperor the question of imperial succession became increasingly problematic for Augustus. Whose death in 23 B.C. eliminated Augustus' first choice to succeed him? **MARCELLUS'**  
Although Marcellus seemed to be his first choice as a successor, when Augustus fell ill early in 23 B.C., suspecting that the end was near, he passed his signet ring not to Marcellus but to what trusted lieutenant? **M. AGRIPPA**  
After the death of Agrippa, Augustus took steps to ensure that one, if not both, of Agrippa's two oldest sons would succeed him. Name them. **C. & L. CAESAR**
4. What mythological name is common to the wives of Ilus, Creon, Acrisius, and Orpheus? **EURYDICE**  
What daughter did Eurydice, wife of Acrisius, bear? **DANAE**  
What son did Eurydice, wife of Creon, bear? **HAEMON**
5. With what aspect of Roman culture are all of the following terms associated:  
**lōrica segmentāta, galea, sarcina, scūtum.**  
**SOLDIER'S EQUIPMENT / MILITARY LIFE**  
The Romans employed many different types of auxiliary forces and foreigners in the service of the army. What did they call slingers from the Balearic Islands?  
**FUNDITORES**  
What early legionary battle formation derives its name from the type of spears that the soldiers who formed its ranks utilized?  
**HASTATI**

6. VISUAL TOSS UP. Pass out visual question to all players.

The following toss up question is a visual. We are currently providing each player with a copy of the visual. Please do not turn over the visual until instructed to do so. Also, please be mindful that this is a toss up question, so do not consult or communicate with your teammates. Please turn over the visual. Here is your question:

Whose death is depicted in this scene from Greek mythology? SEMELE'S  
Who were the parents of Semele? CADMUS & HARMONIA  
What slanderous lie did Semele's sisters spread about her after her death?  
THAT HER LOVER HAD BEEN MORTAL (AND ZEUS HAD KILLED HER  
FOR LYING ABOUT THE AFFAIR)

7. Complete this well known Latin quote: **Carpe diem...**

**QUAM MINIMUM CREDULA POSTERO**

Who is the author of this quote? HORACE

Translate this Horatian quote: **Vitanda est improba siren desidia.**

ONE MUST AVOID THE WICKED TEMPTRESS, LAZINESS

8. 133 B.C. was a watershed year in the history of the Roman Republic. What Spanish city did Scipio Aemilianus capture in this year? NUMANTIA  
What was Scipio's strategy for defeating the resistance at Numantia?  
HE BLOCKADED / STARVED OUT THE CITY  
What future reformer of the army who died in 86 B.C. fought at Numantia?  
MARIUS

9. What is the meaning of the Latin noun from which we derive "custodian"? GUARD  
What is the meaning of the Latin noun from which we derive "jeopardy"? JOKE/PART  
What is the meaning of the Latin noun from which we derive "dilapidated"? STONE

10. What term is given to the act by which a **pater familiās** recognized a child as his own by raising it into the air after its birth? **SUSCEPTIO**  
What would happen to the child if the **pater familiās** refused the right of **susceptiō**? THE CHILD WAS EXPOSED  
At times nurses were employed by Roman families to care for young children. What was such a nurse called? **NUTRIX**

11. Give all four gerund forms of **rapiō**.  
**RAPIENDI, RAPIENDO, RAPIENDUM, RAPIENDO**  
Give all four participial forms of **rapiō**.  
**RAPIENS, RAPTUS, RAPTURUS, RAPIENDUS**  
Give all four present imperative forms of **rapiō**.  
**RAPE, RAPITE, RAPERE, RAPIMINI**

12. Where did the spy Sinon light a beacon signaling the Greeks to return to Troy?  
 ON ACHILLES' TOMB  
 Behind what nearby island was the Greek fleet waiting? TENEDOS  
 Sinon had convinced the Trojans that he had been left behind for speaking out  
 against Odysseus's murder of which man? PALAMEDES
13. Who ruled Rome during the festivities commemorating the city's 1000<sup>th</sup>  
 anniversary? PHILLIP THE ARAB  
 Who was ruling as emperor during the city's 900<sup>th</sup> anniversary? ANTONINUS PIUS  
 Who was ruling as emperor during the city's 800<sup>th</sup> anniversary? CLAUDIUS
14. When recognized by the spotter perform the following command: **Surge et exclamā  
 magnā voce "haec est Sparta!"**  
 STUDENT RISES AND SHOUTS "THIS IS SPARTA!"  
 ...**Surgite omnēs et rapidē quatite corpora!** THE WHOLE TEAM GETS UP  
 AND SHAKES THEIR BODIES IN SOME RAPID FASHION  
 ...**Nunc da ūnī sociō "altum quinque."**  
 ONE TEAMMATE GIVES ANOTHER A HIGH FIVE
15. Identify the use of the subjunctive illustrated in the following Latin sentence:  
**Ita sum pulcher ut omnēs spectātorēs mē ament.** RESULT  
 Translate that sentence.  
 I AM SO BEAUTIFUL THAT ALL THE SPECTATORS LOVE ME  
 Translate this sentence: **Utinam nē tam pulcher essem.**  
 WOULD THAT / IF ONLY I WERE NOT SO BEAUTIFUL
16. What is the consonant-less name of Circe's island home? AEAEA  
 What is the consonant-less name of the capital of Corinth? AEA  
 Although not consonant-less, it's close! Name the vowel-filled island of the winds.  
 AEOLIA
17. Translate: **Mariō consule, res publica periculō liberāta est.**  
 WHEN MARIUS WAS CONSUL, THE REPUBLIC WAS FREED FROM DANGER  
 Translate: **Scīvimus Marium futurum esse egregium consulem.**  
 WE KNEW THAT MARIUS WOULD BE AN OUTSTANDING CONSUL  
 What one word could replace **futurum esse** in the previous indirect statement? **FORE**
18. What Roman general was responsible for issuing the "Donations of Alexandria" in  
 34 B.C.? MARK ANTONY  
 According to the "Donations of Alexandria" who was proclaimed to be the "king of  
 kings" and given joint rule over Egypt with his mother Cleopatra?  
 PTOLEMY XV / CAESARION  
 What son of Antony and Cleopatra was declared to be the "great king" of what was  
 the former Seleucid Empire? ALEXANDER HELIOS

19. What were **ustrinae**? CREMATORIA  
What were **columbāria**? NICHES IN WHICH URNS WERE KEPT  
In respect to Roman funerary customs, what was the function of the **cūrātōrēs**?  
OVERSAW THE CONSTRUCTION OF COLUMBARIA
20. **Audī diligenter et respondē aut Anglicē aut Latīnē. Quis sum? Pater meus  
praesidiō Romanō praeerat. Postquam Sabīnī ad portam urbis pervēnērunt,  
ego armillās aureās postulābam quās in eōrum sinistrīs bracchiīs vidēbam.  
Sabīnī, autem, suīs scūtīs mē oppressērunt. TARPEIA**  
**Audī et respondē Latīnē. Quās rēs Tarpeia dēsīderābat? ARMILLAS /AUREAS**  
**Audī et respondē Latīnē. Quid accidit Tarpeiae ad finem?**  
**SABINI EAM SCUTIS OPPRESSERUNT**