

## 2008 FJCL State Latin Forum Grammar II

### **Part I. Select the word that does not belong grammatically.**

1. a. pons                      b. avis                      c. pax                      d. animal
2. a. auriga                    b. agricola                c. nauta                    d. magistra
3. a. benignus                b. clarus                    c. inimicus                d. idoneus
4. a. salus                    b. virtus                    c. senectus                d. adventus
5. a. tempus                  b. carrus                    c. ager                    d. bellum
6. a. prope                    b. contra                    c. sine                    d. apud
7. a. fruor                    b. utor                    c. vescor                    d. hortor
8. a. veniet                    b. terret                    c. ambulat                d. capit
9. a. timeas                    b. ducas                    c. properas                d. munias
10. a. liber                    b. alter                    c. uter                    d. nullus
11. a. celerrimus              b. propinquus            c. maximus                d. difficillimus
12. a. audi                    b. duc                    c. ferte                    d. mitti
13. a. constantia              b. gerentia                c. sententia                d. clementia
14. a. nubes                    b. acies                    c. spes                    d. facies
15. a. committere            b. afficere                c. praesidere            d. accipere

### **Part II. Select the best answer.**

16. He built the sand castle himself.  
a. se                      b. ipse                      c. is                      d. ab eo
17. If the teacher teaches well, her students will learn.  
a. doceat                b. docet                    c. docebit                d. doceret
18. Bad weather delayed us intending to leave at dawn.  
a. discedentes        b. discessos                c. discessuros            d. discedendos



32. Augustus lente laboravit \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. ut festinat                      b. ut festinet                      c. festinare                      d. ut festinaret
33. \_\_\_\_\_ liberi suos parentes amant.  
 a. Toti                      b. Omnes                      c. Ex omnibus                      d. Totorum
34. Cloelia trans \_\_\_\_\_ flumen natavit.  
 a. id                      b. hunc                      c. eandem                      d. illum
35. Saxum erat tam grava \_\_\_\_\_ id movere \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. ut...non possim                      b. ne...potuissem                      c. ut...non possem                      d. ne...possem
36. Nihil \_\_\_\_\_ habui.  
 a. virtuti                      b. virtute                      c. virtutem                      d. virtutis
37. \_\_\_\_\_ Horatius solus pugnaret, tamen non timuit.  
 a. si                      b. ut                      c. cum                      d. quando
38. Nostri equi celerius \_\_\_\_\_ cucurrerunt.  
 a. vestris                      b. vestri                      c. vestrorum                      d. vester
39. Caesar \_\_\_\_\_ imperavit \_\_\_\_\_ montem \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. milites...ut...ascenderent                      b. militibus...ut...ascenderent  
 c. milites...ne...ascenderent                      d. militibus...\_\_...ascendere
40. Catalina credit se Ciceronem \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. necandum est                      b. necaturum est  
 c. necandum esse                      d. necaturum esse

**Part III. Use the following passage from Cornelius Nepos to answer the final questions.**

At Hamilcar, posteaquam mare transit in Hispaniamque venit, magnas res secunda gessit fortuna: maximas bellicosissimasque gentes subegit, equis, armis, viris, pecunia totam locupletavit Africam. Hic cum in Italiam bellum inferre medicaretur, nono anno postquam in Hispaniam venerat, in proelio pugnans adversus Vettones occisus est. Huius perpetuum odium erga Romanos maxime concitasse videtur secundum bellum Poenicum. Namque Hannibal, filius eius, assiduis patris obtestationibus eo est perductus, ut interire quam Romanos non experiri mallet.

41. What is **-que** joining in line 1?  
 a. Hamilcar and Hispaniam                      b. mare and Hispaniam  
 c. transiit and venit                      d. Hispaniam and venit
42. **Bellicosissimas(que)** in line 2 would best be translated:  
 a. warlike                      b. too warlike                      c. rather warlike                      d. very warlike

43. What is the case of **equis** in line 2?  
a. genitive                      b. dative                      c. ablative                      d. locative
44. What is the best translation of the word **Cum** in line 3?  
a. with                      b. when                      c. since                      d. although
45. **Meditaretur** in line 3 is in what tense and mood.  
a. present subjunctive                      b. imperfect subjunctive  
c. future indicative                      d. present indicative
46. **Anno** in line 3 is an example of which of these?  
a. ablative of means                      b. ablative of manner  
c. ablative of time                      d. ablative of respect
47. To whom does the word **Huius** in line 4 refer?  
a. Vettones                      b. proelio                      c. Hispania                      d. Hamilcar
48. How would **Concitasse** in line 5 best be translated?  
a. to stir up                      b. to be stirred up  
c. to have stirred up                      d. to have been stirred up
49. The **ut** in line 6 introduces which of these?  
a. purpose clause                      b. result clause                      c. temporal clause                      d. a simile
50. What do we learn in the last sentence?  
a. Hamilcar led his son to the Romans.  
b. Hannibal was experienced in the ways of the Romans.  
c. Hannibal would prefer to die rather than to not test the Romans.  
d. Hamilcar wanted his son to experience Rome.

Key - 2008 FJCL State Latin Forum – Grammar II Test

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|----------------------------|-------|
| 1. c (regular third)       | 45. c |
| 2. d (fem.)                | 46. b |
| 3. b (doesn't take dative) | 47. b |
| 4. d (fourth)              | 48. a |
| 5. a (third)               | 49. b |
| 6. c (takes ablative)      | 50. c |
| 7. d (doesn't take abl.)   | 51. a |
| 8. a (future)              | 52. d |
| 9. c (indicative)          | 53. c |
| 10. a (not "special)       | 54. d |
| 11. b (positive)           | 55. b |
| 12. d (infinitive)         | 56. d |
| 13. b (present participle) |       |
| 14. a (third)              |       |
| 15. c (second)             |       |
| 16. b                      |       |
| 17. c                      |       |
| 18. c                      |       |
| 19. a                      |       |
| 20. d                      |       |
| 21. b                      |       |
| 22. a                      |       |
| 23. c                      |       |
| 24. c                      |       |
| 25. b                      |       |
| 26. d                      |       |
| 27. b                      |       |
| 28. a                      |       |
| 29. b                      |       |
| 30. d                      |       |
| 31. c                      |       |
| 32. d                      |       |
| 33. b                      |       |
| 34. a                      |       |
| 35. c                      |       |
| 36. d                      |       |
| 37. c                      |       |
| 38. a                      |       |
| 39. b                      |       |
| 40. d                      |       |
| 41. c                      |       |
| 42. c                      |       |
| 43. d                      |       |
| 44. d                      |       |