

**2009 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Round 1**

1. Which priest in ancient Rome wore a spiked helmet and was responsible for keeping the sacred rites of Jupiter? **FLĀMEN DIĀLIS**
Which priests in the ancient Roman world were responsible for promoting the cult of emperor worship? **AUGUSTĀLĒS**
The only **Augustālēs** depicted in extant literature are those found at the dinner banquet of what freedman in Book XXX of Petronius' *Satyricon*? **TRIMALCHIO**

2. What Greek king led ninety ships to Troy accompanied by his sons Thrasymedes and Antilochus? **NESTOR**
Where was Nestor king? **PYLOS**
According to Pindar, Nestor's son Antilochus was killed while defending his father from an attack by what Trojan ally? **MEMNON**

3. Change the infinitive **cecuisse** to the passive. **CANTUM (US) ESSE**
Change the infinitive **cantum esse** to the future active. **CANTURUM (US) ESSE**
The future passive infinitive does not exist in Latin; however, what two words could be used to express the future passive infinitive of **canō**. **CANTUM IRI**

4. According to both Cicero and Livy, what tribune passed a law in 445 B.C. which revoked the ban on marriages between Plebeians and Patricians? **(C.) CANULEIUS**
What previous set of laws had established this marriage ban? **TWELVE TABLES**
Which emperor's marriage laws prohibited marriage between senators and freed slaves? **AUGUSTUS'**

5. The *Self-Tormentor*, *The Eunuch*, *The Mother in Law*, and *the Brothers* are all English translations of what comic playwright's works? **TERRENCE'S**
Which of Terence's plays was his most popular production? **EUNICHUS**
Which of Terence's plays was so unpopular that most of the audience left the first production to watch a tight-rope walker? **HECYRA**

6. Give a SYNONYM of **subitō**. **REPENTE / CONFESTIM / RAPTIM / PROTINUS / CONTINUO / STATIM**
Give another. **SEE ABOVE**
Give another. **SEE ABOVE**

7. Identify the use of the subjunctive found in the following sentence: **FEAR CLAUSE**
Marcus nōn erat pavidus nē in arēnā pugnāret.
Translate that sentence. **MARCUS WAS NOT AFRAID TO FIGHT IN THE ARENA**
Translate this sentence: **Marcus nōn vīsus est parātus luctārī leōnēs.**
MARCUS DID NOT SEEM READY TO WRESTLE THE LIONS

8. What Roman poet told his friends Furius and Aurelius to deliver **nōn bona dicta** to his girl? CATULLUS
 Catullus' girl is of course Lesbia. Give the historical name by which she is identified in book 10 of Apuleius' *Apologia*? CLODIA (METELLI)
 The phrase **nōn bona dicta** constitutes a well-known figure of speech. What is it? LITOTES
9. Which early king of Athens was allegedly born when Hephaestus' seed fell upon the earth? ERICHTHONIUS
 Upon which goddess was Hephaestus trying to force himself? ATHENA
 After Athena had given the child Erichthonius to the daughters of Cecrops, which one of them was the only one to heed the goddess' advice to not look in the box? PANDROSUS
10. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question about it.

In marī prope lītus Africae erat magna navis onerāria. Quōdam die Africānī pīrātae navem inermem aggressī sunt et nauarchum cēpērunt. Scēlestī pīrātae nauarchum obtinēbant obsidem. Paucīs post diēbus nautae militārēs nauarchum servitūte liberāvērunt.

- Who attacked the unarmed ship near the coast? (AFRICAN) PIRATES
 Whom did the pirates hold as a hostage? THE CAPTAIN
 Who freed the captain from the pirates? MILITARY SAILORS / MARINES
11. Translate: **Sī pulchrās puellās videāmus, eās adeāmus.**
 IF WE SHOULD SEE PRETTY GIRLS, WE WOULD APPROACH / GO TO THEM
 What type of conditional statement is illustrated in that sentence? FUTURE LESS VIVID
 Translate: **Spērāmus pulchrās puellās nōs nōn repudiāturās esse.**
 WE HOPE THAT THE PRETTY GIRLS WILL NOT REJECT US
12. What son of Hermes sabotaged the chariot of his master Oenomaus at the behest of Pelops? MYRTILUS
 What daughter of Oenomaus was Pelops attempting to win in this race? HIPPODAMIA
 Of what land did Pelops become king after Oenomaus' death? PISA
13. What Latin name is given to the process by which an emperor's name was removed from all public records and buildings? DAMNATIŌ MEMORIAE
 Who was the first emperor to suffer an official **damnatiŌ memoriae**? DOMITIAN
 Which emperor, who went so far in his meglomania to rename the city of Rome after himself, suffered **damnatiŌ memoriae** even though his father is considered a great Roman emperor? COMMODUS
14. What Latin verb lies at the ULTIMATE root of "trance," "perish," and "exit"? EŌ
 ...of "sample" and "ransom"? EMŌ
 ...of "lien" and "ally"? LIGŌ

15. For the verb **patior**, give the 3rd person plural present subjunctive. **PATIANTUR**
 Change **patiantur** to the imperfect. **PATERENTUR**
 Change **paterentur** to the perfect. **PASSĪ SINT**
16. The phrase **novus ordo saeculorum** is taken from the Eclogues of which Roman author? **VERGIL**
 Of what 1st century B.C. Roman author did Vergil remark “**Fēlix qui potuit rerum**
cognoscere causas”?
LUCRETIUS
 In what year did both Lucretius die and Vergil assume his **toga virilis**? **55 B.C.**
17. Who angered Demeter by cutting down a tree sacred to her? **ERYSICHTHON**
 After Demeter punished him with insatiable hunger, Erysichthon went so far as to
 sell his own daughter for food. Name her. **MESTRA**
 How did Mestra continually escape her purchasers? **SHE CHANGED SHAPE**
18. Identify the use of the ablative case in the following sentence: **Orpheus erat vates**
magnō ingeniō. **DESCRIPTION / QUALITY**
 Translate that sentence. **ORPHEUS WAS A POET OF GREAT SKILL**
 What other case can be used in Latin to show description? **GENITIVE**
19. What Silver Age author’s **Liber Spectaculorum** was a dedication in honor of the
 opening of the Colosseum? **MARTIAL’S**
 Give Martial’s full name? **MARCUS VALERIUS MARTIĀLIS**
 In what Iberian town was Martial born in 40 A.D.? **BILBILIS**
20. What Roman statesman advocated the **Concordia Ordinum**, or Harmony of the
 Orders, during his consulship of 63 B.C.? **CICERO**
 Who was Cicero’s consular colleague in 63 B.C.? **(C.) ANTONIUS HYBRIDA**
 Where had Cicero begun his **Cursus Honōrum** as **quaestor** in 75 B.C.? **SICILY**

**2009 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Round 2**

1. Why would a Roman couple have avoided the dates of August 24th, October 5th, and November 8th when planning their wedding?
THE ENTRANCE TO THE UNDERWORLD WAS OPEN
What month of the year was completely barred to marriages due to various **diēs religiōsī**?
MAY
During what month were weddings off limits for the **diēs parentālēs**?
FEBRUARY
2. Give a deponent synonym of **cadō**.
LĀBOR / MORIOR
Give a deponent synonym of **moror**.
CUNCTOR
Give a deponent synonym of **tegō**.
TUEOR
3. **Responde Latine: Quis est deus vītis?**
BACCHUS / LIBER
Responde Latine: Quis est dea segetum?
CERES / OPS
Responde Latine: Quis est deus viātōrum?
MERCURIUS
4. What governor of Britian under Domitian was the first Roman to circumnavigate the island in 84 A.D.?
AGRICOLA
Where had Agricola defeated the Caledonians in 86 A.D.?
MONS GRAUPIUS
Which Roman author wrote a panegyric of his father-in-law Agricola?
TACITUS
5. Echidna, the mother of monsters, was in fact the daughter of what son of Medusa whose name means “he of the golden sword”?
CHRYSAOR
What brother of Echidna was involved in one of Heracles’ labors?
GERYON
Name at least three famous monsters who were the offspring of Echidna.
SPHINX,
ORTHUS, CERBERUS, HYDRA, CHIMAERA, NEMEAN LION
6. The first work of prose history in Latin was written by what early author from Tusculum?
CATO THE ELDER
What is the name of Cato’s prose history?
ORIGINĒS
In what work of Cicero does Cato the Elder serve as the principal interlocutor?
DĒ SENECTŪTE
7. Give both supine forms of **faciō**.
FACTUM & FACTŪ
Using a supine, say in Latin “Let us go to Rome to see the Forum.”
EAMUS ROMAM SPECTĀTUM FORUM
Translate the same sentence using a gerundive.
EAMUS ROMAM FORĪ SPECTĀNDĪ CAUSĀ / GRATIĀ
8. What derivative of the Latin verb **agō, agere** means “to cause a fluid to change to a solid or semi-solid state”?
COAGULATE
...of the Latin verb **agō, agere** is an adjective meaning “pressing or urgent”?
EXIGENT
...of the Latin verb **agō, agere** means “to determine the content or quantity of”?
ASSAY

15. Translate the following sentence into English: **Omnibus poētīs versūs bene recitāndī sunt.** ALL POETS MUST RECITE (THEIR) VERSES WELL
 Translate: **Nemō poētārum profitētur sē recitāre meliorēs versūs quam Vergilius posse.** NO ONE / NONE OF THE POETS PROFESSES (THAT) HE CAN RECITE BETTER VERSUS THAN VERGIL
 Translate: **Gaius Valerius Catullus putāvit sē pessimum poētā omnium esse.** GAIUS VALERIUS CATULLUS THOUGHT (THAT) HE WAS THE WORST POET OF ALL
16. Which of Cicero’s speeches is credited with having given Pompey the eastern command against Mithridates of Pontus? **PRŌ LEGE MANILIĀ / DĒ IMPERIŌ CN. POMPEĪ**
 In what year, the year of his Praetorship, did Cicero deliver this speech? 66 B.C.
 What speech of Cicero, also delivered in 66 B.C., was a defense of a wealthy **eques** against the charge of poisoning his father? **PRŌ CLUENTIŌ**
17. Which mythological king attached bronze kettles to his chariot in order to simulate thunder in order to prove that he was Zeus? **SALMONEUS**
 How did Salmoneus simulate the lightning of the sky god? **HE THREW TORCHES**
 According to Hyginus, who seduced Salmoneus’ daughter Tyro in order to bring about the king’s death? **SISYPHUS**
18. Identify the use of the accusative case in the sentence: **Mendicus virum dīvem dēnārium rogāvit.** **DOUBLE ACCUSATIVE**
 Translate that sentence. **THE BEGGAR ASKED THE RICH MAN FOR A DENARIUS**
 Identify the use of the accusative case in this fragment from the Twelve Tables: **Sī servos fūrtum faxit noxiamve noxit.** **COGNATE**
19. What emperor who died in 395 A.D. was the last to unite the East and West? **THEODOSIUS I / THE GREAT**
 What usurper did Theodosius defeat at the battle of Frigidus in 395? **EUGENIUS**
 Which of Theodosius sons ruled in the East until his death in 408 A.D. **ARCADIUS**
20. When Hamlet, in Act III Scene 4 says “I must be cruel only to be kind,” what figure of speech is the Prince of Denmark utilizing? **OXYMORON**
 What figure of speech does Juliet use when she laments “O Romeo, Romeo, wherefore art thou Romeo?” **APOSTROPHE**
 What figure of speech is illustrated in these lines taken from *Macbeth*: “Fair is foul and foul is fair”?
CHIASMUS / ANTITHESIS

**2009 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Semi Final Round**

1. Identify the speaker of the following lines of Vergil's *Aeneid*, which I will read as prose: "**Parce metū, Cytherēa, manent immōta tuōrum fata tibi; cernēs urbem et prōmissa Lavīvnī moenia...**" JUPITER
 ..."**Este ducēs, ō, sī qua via est, cursumque per aurās dērigite in lūcōs ubi pinguem dīves opācat rāmus humum.**" AENEAS
 ..."**Quae nunc deinde mora est? Aut quid iam, Turne, retractas?**" AENEAS

2. What Roman defeat was referred to as the **clādēs Variāna** by Tacitus and other Roman historians? TEUTOBURG FOREST
 What prince of the Cherusci was responsible for the ambush of Varus' army? ARMINIUS
 Which three legions were lost at the Teutoburg Forest? XVII, XVIII & XIX

3. Differentiate in meaning between **venustus** and **vetustus**
VENUSTUS, CHARMING VETUSTUS, OLD
 ...**orior & ordior.** **ORIOR – RISE ORDIOR - BEGIN**
 ...**pulvis & pulvīnus.** **PULVIS – DUST PULVĪNUS – PILLOW / CUSHIN**

4. Who is the author of ***Dē Analogiā***, two books of ***AntiCatōnēs***, and the ***Commentāriī dē Bellō Gallicō*** JULIUS CAESAR
 In what work did Caesar look to dispel the characterizations the Pompeians had made of him, namely that he was a revolutionary in the style of Catiline?
(COMMENTĀRIŪ) DĒ BELLŌ CĪVILĪ
 Which work of Caesar deals with his brief captivity in the palace of Cleopatra, although it was probably written by Aulus Hirtius? **BELLUM ALEXANDRINUM**

5. According to Book IV of Homer's *Odyssey*, what god did Menelaus have to capture and question in order to discover the reason for his wanderings? PROTEUS
 What daughter of Proteus told Menelaus how to catch her father? EIDOTHEA
 How did Menelaus disguise himself in order to trap Proteus? AS A SEAL

6. Translate: **Sciō quid Publius in theātrō fēcerit.**
 I KNOW WHAT PUBLIUS DID / HAS DONE IN THE THEATER
 Translate: **Sī Publius in theātrō fuisset, eum conspēxissem.** IF PUBLIUS HAD BEEN IN THE THEATER, I WOULD HAVE SEEN / CAUGHT SIGHT OF HIM
 Translate: **Accidit ut Publius in theātrō nōn fuerit.**
 IT HAPPENS THAT PUBLIUS WAS NOT / HAS NOT BEEN IN THE THEATER

7. What name is given to the formal process by which the **pater familiās** picked up a newborn child in order to claim it as a member of his family? SUSCEPTIŌ
 What would be the name of the guardian spirit if the child were a girl? IŪNŌ / JUNO
 What Latin term can be used to designate the first eight or nine days of a child's life? PRĪMŌRDIA

8. A boat race, a boxing match, a foot race, and an archery contest are all events held during the funeral games of which Trojan? ANCHISES
 What two men competed in the boxing contest? ENTELLUS & DARES
 Whose ship won the boat race? CLOANTHUS'
9. Complete the following analogy: **rēx: rēgem :: febris: FEBRIM**
 ...**sī audēs: sodēs:: vīs ne: VĪN**
 ...**portāvistī: portāstī:: novisse: NOSSE**
10. What later Roman author, in an attempt to curb attacks on Christians throughout the Empire, addressed his *Apologeticus* to the governors of provinces? TERTULIAN
 Where was Tertulian born? CARTHAGE
 Tertulian is often referred to as the Christian embodiment of what earlier writer of satire? JUVENAL
11. Which temple in Rome was dedicated by Marcus Furius Camillus in 367 B.C. to celebrate peace between the Patricians and Plebeians? CONCORD
 What laws of 367 B.C. had forged this new peace?
LEGES LICINIAE-SEXTIAE / LICINIAN SEXTIAN LAWS
 Who rebuilt the temple of Concord in 121 B.C. after having suppressed the followers of Gaius Sempronius Gracchus? (L.) OPIMIUS
12. Change the phrase **aliquis custos** to the genitive singular. **ALICUIUS CUSTŌDIS**
 Give the same form for **alius custos**. **ALTERIUS CUSTŌDIS**
 Give the same form for **nēmō custos** **NULLIUS CUSTŌDIS**
13. Who, accompanied by his friend Pylades, placed a lock of his hair upon his father Agamemnon's tomb? ORESTES
 According to Aeschylus, where in Greece was the tomb of Agamemnon located? ARGOS
 Who later appeared at Agamemnon's tomb at Argos and recognized the lock of hair as belonging to Orestes? ELECTRA
14. What general during the Republic slew Lars Tolumnius in single combat to win the **Spolia Opima**? (A. CORNELIUS) COSSUS
 What Insubrian chieftan did Marcus Claudius Marcellus kill to earn the **Spolia Opima**? VIRODAMARUS
 Which general, the grandson of a prominent first century B.C. politician, was denied the **Spolia Opima** by Augustus? (M. LICINIUS) CRASSUS
15. For the verb **faciō**, give the 3rd person plural perfect passive subjunctive. **FACTĪ SINT**
 Change **factī sint** to the imperfect. **FIERENT**
 Change **fierent** to the future. NO SUCH FORM EXISTS

16. Which of the following, if ANY, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others: “fissure,” “faint,” “feign,” “fiction”? **FISSURE**
 From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive “fissure”? **FINDŌ – SPLIT**
 From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive “faint” and “fiction”?
FINGŌ – FIX / FASHION / MOLD / SHAPE

17. Listen carefully to the following passage in which Julius Caesar characterizes the customs of the Druids, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question about it.

Druidēs rēbus dīvīnīs intersunt, sacrificā pūblica ac prīvāta prōcūrant, religiōnēs interpretantur: ad hōs magnus numerus adulēscentium discendī causā concurrūt, magnōque hī sunt apud eōs honōre.

According to Caesar, what do the Druids care for?

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SACRIFICES / DIVINE AFFAIRS

What do the Druid youths assemble to do?

LEARN

In what respect are some of the Druid youths distinguished according to Caesar?

(IN) GREAT HONOR

18. What Roman author was chosen by Nero to be his **arbiter elegantiae**? **PETRONIUS**
 Petronius’ forced suicide was a result of his implication in whose conspiracy against Nero? **(CALPURNIUS) PISO’S**
 What other Roman author, who was previously exiled to Corsica, also committed suicide after his involvement in Piso’s conspiracy was disclosed?
SENECA THE YOUNGER

19. Which Olympian goddess had the epithet **Ergane**, meaning “The Worker”? **ATHENA**
 What is the meaning of Athena’s epithet **Promachus**? **CHAMPION**
 Which Olympian god had the epithet **Loxias**, meaning “The Interpreter”? **APOLLO**

20. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: **Surge et saliēns ter plaude.** **THE STUDENT STANDS AND WHILE JUMPING CLAPS THREE TIMES**
 ...**Appropinquā moderātorī et dā eī “altum quinque”.** **ONE MEMBER OF THE TEAM APPROACHES THE MODERATOR AND GIVES HIM / HER A HIGH FIVE**
 ...**Tū et omnēs socī agite quasī mortuī sint.** **EVERYONE ON THE TEAM SHOULD PLAY DEAD**

**2009 FJCL Certamen
Advanced, Final Round**

1. Which two brothers of Paris quarreled over the right to marry Helen after Paris' death?
DEIPHOBUS & HELENUS
Which Greek captured Helenus as a slave after the fall of Troy?
NEOPTOLEMUS / PYRRHUS
What city did Helenus found and settle in after Neoptolemus' death? BUTHROTUM
2. Aelius Spartianus, Julius Capitolinus, and Volcatius Gallicanus are three of the six
writers of what historical text of the later Empire? **HISTORIA AUGUSTA**
Which emperor's reign begins the *Historia Augusta*? HADRIAN'S
Give the name of one of the other three authors of the *Historia Augusta*.
(AELIUS) LAMPRIDIUS, (TREBELLIVS) POLLIO, (FLAVIVS) VOPISCUS
3. Differentiate in meaning between **cōs** and **costa** CŌS STONE COSTA RIB
...between **mentior** and **metior** MENTIOR – LIE METIOR - MEASURE
...between **partior** and **parturiō** PARTIOR – SHARE PARTURIO - BEGET
4. Which emperor of Rome divided the city into 14 regions called **vīcī**? AUGUSTUS
For both "boni," give the Latin names for the two constitutional powers which were
granted to Augustus in 23 B.C.? TRIBUNICIA POTESTĀS &
MAIVS PROCONSVLARE IMPERIVM
5. The grammatical constructions **est mihi tantī** and **illud parvī rēfert** exemplify what
use of the genitive case? PRICE / VALUE / INDEFINITE VALUE
The constructions **precātiō deōrum** and **contentiō honōrum** exemplify what use
of the genitive case? OBJECTIVE
The construction **peculātūs damnātus** exemplifies what use of the genitive case?
CHARGE / PENALTY
6. What dwarf like twins were warned by their mother Theia to beware of a man named
"Melampyges" or "Black-Bottom"? CERCOPES
Why did Heracles not kill the Cercopes when he caught them stealing from him?
THEY MADE FUNNY JOKES ABOUT HIS BLACK BOTTOM / HARRY BUTT
Into what did Zeus transform the Cercopes to put a stop to their thievery?
STONE / MONKEYS
7. What 1st century B.C. literary group, called **poetae novī** by Cicero, included Bibaculus,
Corfinius, and Catullus? NEOTERICIS
Which Neoteric poet authored a lost epyllion entitled **Zmyrna**? (C. HELVIUS) CINNA
Which of the Neoterics was a successful lawyer whom Catallus characterized as
a **salaputium disertum**, or "eloquent midget" in his 52nd Poem?
(C. LICINIUS) CALVUS

8. What Roman leader and statesman, a **consul suffectus** for the year 509 B.C., destroyed his home to convince the people that he was not trying to restore the Monarchy? (P. VALERIUS) PUBLICOLA
On which hill, once a part of the Palatine Hill, was Publicola's house located? VELIA
(Pass out bonus visual).
You are examining a rock from ancient Satricum which has been identified with the historical figure Publicola. Give the classical prosaic Latin forms for any two of the words in the inscription. IEI – ID,
POPLIOSIO VALERIOSIO – PUBLI(I) VALERI(I), SVODALES – SODALES, MAMARTEI – MARTI / MAMARTI
9. Give the comparative and superlative forms of **dexter**. DEXTERIOR & DEXTIMUS
...of **nēquam**. NĒQUIOR & NĒQUISSIMUS
...of **inferus**. INFĒRIOR & ĪNFĪMUS / ĪMUS
10. Using a future imperative, say in Latin "Let them be afraid."
TIMENTŌ / VERENTŌ / METUUNTŌ
Give all of the future imperative forms of **sum, esse**. ESTO, ESTOTE, SUNTO
Give all of the future imperative forms of **sequor**. SEQUITOR, SEQUUNTOR
11. VISUAL TOSS UP. Pass out visual question to all players.
The following toss up question is a visual. We are currently providing each player with a copy of the visual. Please do not turn over the visual until instructed to do so. Also, please be mindful that this is a toss up question, so do not consult or communicate with your teammates. Please turn over the visual; you will have 10 seconds to examine it (wait 10 seconds). Here is your question:
You are looking at various black and red figure vases which depict the labors of Heracles. In which picture is Artemis shown with Heracles? "D"
Which picture is a scene of a labor which took place in the land of Arcadia? "B"
Identify two features that clearly demonstrate that the figure in picture "A" is in fact Heracles. LION SKIN AND CLUB
12. From what Latin noun with what meaning do we derive "coin"? CUNEUS / WEDGE
From what Latin noun with what meaning do we derive "tinsel"? SCINTILLA / SPARK
From what Latin noun with what meaning do we derive "suffocate"? FAUCES / THROAT / NECK / JAWS/ PASSAGE WAY
13. What Roman author pioneered the style of **inconcinnitās** or asymmetry in his monographic histories of Rome? SALLUST
Which Greek historian did Sallust emulate in writing narrative speeches into his works? THUCYDIDES
In which of his works does Sallust list the lack of a **metus hostilis** in Roman foreign policy as a reason for the Republic's demise? BELLUM CATALINAE

14. What city in modern Germany did the Romans know as **Colonia Agrippina**? COLONE
 What city near ancient Tyre did the Romans know as **Aelia Capitolina**? JERUSALEM
 What city in modern France did the Romans know as **Masillia**? MARSEILLES
15. **Quid anglicē significat “algeō”** TO BE COLD
 ...**tergeō** TO WIPE
 ...**angō**? TO CHOKE
16. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question about it.
- Meus Avunculus multum tempus studiīs dabat. Saepe post prandium aestāte, sī quid otīi erat, iacēbat in sole et librum legēbat. Dīcere etiam solēbat nūllum librum esse tam malum ut nōn aliquā parte prōdesset. Post sōlem aquā frigidā sē lavābāt, deinde paulīper dormiēbat. Tum in cēnae locō librum alterum legēbat.**
- When was the uncle accustomed to lay in the sun? AFTER LUNCH (IN THE SUMMER)
 What did the uncle used to say about bad books? NO BOOK WAS SO BAD THAT IT DIDN'T HAVE A USEFUL PART
 What did the uncle do in place of eating dinner? READ ANOTHER BOOK
17. What important city in southern Italy seceded from Rome after the battle of Cannae? CAPUA
 Who recaptured Capua for the Romans in 211 B.C. by starving it into submission? (Q.) FULVIUS FLACCUS
 What famous general recaptured the city of Tarentum for the Romans in 209 B.C.? (Q.) FABIUS MAXIMUS
18. What work of Latin literature is often said to be an anti-Aeneid because it deals not with a mythological subject, but rather the conflict between Caesar and Pompey? **BELLUM CĪVILE / PHARSALIA**
 From what teacher did Lucan learn many of the stoic elements which pervade the **Bellum Cīvile**? CORNUTUS
 In what Spanish town was Lucan born? CORDOBA
19. What two boys were killed by their mother when she discovered that Jason had left her for a Corinthian princess? MERMERUS & PHERES
 After killing Mermerus and Pheres, Medea fled to Athens and bore a son to king Aegeus. Name him. MEDUS
 Which king of Colchis, who succeeded Aetes, did Medus later kill? PERSES

20. Translate the following sentence into English: **Nihil nōs impedire potest quān vincāmus.**
NOTHING CAN STOP / HINDER US FROM WINNING
- Translate: **Quis mihi obstābit quominus meum iter perficiam.**
WHO WILL STOP ME FROM FINISHING MY JOURNEY
- Translate into Latin: "There is no doubt that you will respond as soon as possible."
NON DUBIUM EST QUIN QUAM PRIMUM RESPONDEAS