

2009 FJCL State Latin Forum Heptathlon

Part I. Mythology

1. Who was the father of Phrixus?
a. Salmoneus b. Athamas c. Tyro d. Cadmus
2. What son of Zeus was known for eternally sleeping on Mt. Latmus?
a. Aethlius b. Endymion c. Hypnos d. Eurytion
3. What king of Caria fathered Mopsus with Manto?
a. Sidorus b. Nephelus c. Echion d. Rhacius
4. What son of Phylacus and Clymene was so fast that he could run across the tips of grain without bending them?
a. Iphiclus b. Protesilaus c. Idmon d. Tessapus
5. In book V of the *Aeneid*, who wins the boxing match at the funeral games of Anchises?
a. Dares b. Cloanthus c. Palinurus d. Entellus
6. According to Ovid, what son of Dryope was spared from the same fate as his mother?
a. Pan b. Amphissus c. Lotus d. Eurytus
7. In the *Odyssey*, what is the name of the seer who is laughed at by the suitors and not believed by Penelope when he prophesies the suitors' death?
a. Eueithes b. Phemius c. Theoclymenus d. Echephron

Part II. Customs

8. What was the power of a Roman man over his wife known as?
a. *manus* b. *dominica potestas* c. *pater matris* d. *patria potestas*
9. How long was the total term of a Vestal?
a. 5 years b. 20 years c. 30 years d. life
10. Where in Rome would you find the cult of Aesculapius?
a. Forum b. Campus Martius
c. Tiber Island d. Under the temple of Apollo
11. Which group was responsible for overseeing the building of a *columbarium*?
a. *curatores* b. *libitinarii* c. *haruspices* d. *vilarii*
12. What was the empty tomb of a lost soul called?
a. *cenotaphium* b. *sepulcrum* c. *horreum* d. *tumulus*
13. Which of these was not considered a major meal?
a. *ientaculum* b. *prandium* c. *cena* d. *vesperna*

14. Which people could primarily be found in the Circus Maximus?
 a. tonsores b. retiarii c. aurigae d. pontifices

Part III. Latin Literature

15. Who published the largest epic since the *Aeneid*, the *Bellum Civile*?
 a. Seneca the Elder b. Lucan c. Frontinus d. Ennius
16. In which work of Ovid is he said to have created a new genre of literature?
 a. *Metamorphoses* b. *Heroides* c. *Tristia* d. *Ibis*
17. *Culex*, the story of a mosquito, is a part of what group of works whose authorship is unknown?
 a. Codices Antiqui b. Epistulae Literarii
 c. Appendix Vergiliiana d. Appendix Antiquus
18. Who is known as the father of Latin Literature?
 a. Cn. Naevius b. Suetonius c. Livius Andronicus d. Cato the Elder
19. The *Cena Trimalchionis* is part of what larger work?
 a. *Satyricon* b. *Epistulae Morales* c. *De Re Publica* d. *Moretum*
20. Which author was banished for offending the Metelli?
 a. Horace b. Lucilius c. Naevius d. Ennius
21. In which play of Plautus does Euclio have a daughter named Phaedria who has become pregnant by a young man named Lyconides?
 a. *Aulularia* b. *Menaechmi* c. *Mostellaria* d. *Miles Gloriosus*

Part IV. Roman History

22. Who was Augustus' first choice as heir?
 a. C. Caesar b. L. Caesar c. Agrippa d. Marcellus
23. Which emperor vowed never to put a senator to death?
 a. Trajan b. Domitian c. Augustus d. Nerva
24. According to tradition, who was the fourth king of Rome?
 a. Numa Pompilius b. Ancus Martius c. Servius Tullius d. Tarquinius Priscus
25. Although Sulla initially received *imperium* against Mithridates, which tribune did Marius have pass legislation to change command?
 a. M. Silvanus b. M'. Aquilius c. P. Rufus d. M. Creticus
26. Who aroused the anger of Diocletian when he set himself up as "third" Augustus in Britain in A.D. 286?
 a. Tetricus b. Odenathus c. Carausius d. Allectus
27. Who was Caesar's chief rival in the Civil War?
 a. Pompey b. Mark Antony c. Cato the Younger d. Labienus

28. Where were the Romans defeated by Hannibal as he marched down the middle of Italy in 217 B.C.?
 a. Lake Trasimene b. Cannae c. Metaurus River d. Capua

Part V. Latin Derivatives. Choose the Latin word from which these English words are derived.

29. damsel
 a. do b. domus c. dos d. dominus
30. capital
 a. caput b. caper c. cor d. capio
31. excerpt
 a. capio b. carpo c. caput d. cerno
32. semester
 a. mensa b. memini c. mensis d. manus
33. curfew
 a. cerno b. curo c. curro d. operio
34. puny
 a. nascor b. parvus c. per d. novus
35. grease
 a. grex b. crassus c. gero d. gratia

Part VI. Vocabulary

36. naufragium
 a. shipwreck b. exchange c. fraud d. skirmish
37. virga
 a. twig b. headband c. virgin d. she goat
38. ululo
 a. to burn b. to moisten c. to avenge d. to howl
39. fauces
 a. torch b. fate c. jaws d. scythe
40. lassus
 a. tired b. place c. shield d. full of
41. daps
 a. wedding b. dowry c. gift d. banquet
42. quantuluscumque
 a. in whatever way b. henceforth c. however d. however small

