

**FJCL REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2011
GRAMMAR II**

Part I. Select the word that does not belong GRAMMATICALLY.

1. a. alius b. neuter c. alter d. dignus
2. a. amamus b. agamus c. regamus d. vincamus
3. a. falsus esse b. fallī c. falsus d. fefellisse
4. a. noli tangere b. duc c. ambula d. nolite ponere
5. a. ire b. velle c. fuisse d. posse
6. a. intra b. ob c. trans d. pro
7. a. finitimus b. latus c. carus d. idoneus
8. a. ars b. nox c. mare d. corpus
9. a. legentia b. sententia c. amicitia d. clementia
10. a. impetum b. oppidum c. puerum d. sperum

Part II. Select the answer that best translates the underlined word(s) into Latin.

11. Where are those soldiers going, Lucius?
a. quo b. ubi c. unde d. ibi
12. The girl is carrying the water.
a. ferat b. fert c. feret d. ferit
13. Let me go to the show, mother!
a. eo b. eam c. irem d. ibo
14. Which war was bloodier – the 1st or 2nd Punic?
a. crudelis b. crudelior c. crudeliorem d. crudelius
15. The enemies had been able to destroy our fortress.
a. poterant b. potuerant c. potuerunt d. possunt
16. That gladiator is a man of great strength.
a. magnae fortitudini b. magnā fortitudine c. both a & b d. neither a nor b
17. I saw my friend while running on the road.
a. currens b. currentem c. dum curram d. cursum
18. We all knew that the boy was very smart.
a. puer b. puerī c. puerum d. puerō

19. My nephew is the son of the only sister that I have.
 a. solae b. solī c. solius d. sola
20. You may come with me so that you may learn about my family.
 a. venis...discis b. venis...discas c. venias...discis d. venias...discas
21. I was not able to persuade her to go to the dance with me.
 a. eius b. eī c. eam d. eā
22. My love for animals led me to veterinary school.
 a. animalium b. animalis c. animalibus d. animalia
23. We had to wait for five days to see the new movie.
 a. quinque diebus b. quinque dies c. quintos dies d. quintum diem
24. The forest met its death when the legislature approved the logging permit.
 a. se b. suum c. suam d. eius
25. I have two sisters.
 a. Habeo duas sorores b. Sunt duae sorores mihi
 c. both a & b d. neither a nor b
26. The young lady for whom I wrote that letter was NOT the one who received it!
 a. quae b. cui c. cuius d. quam
27. What courage that man showed!
 a. Quam b. Quid c. Quod d. Quem
28. Three of the gladiators died in training this week.
 a. gladiatorum b. gladiatores c. gladiatoribus d. ex gladiatoribus
29. That new girl in class is rather beautiful.
 a. puchrior b. pulchriorem c. pulcherrima d. pulcherrimam
30. The teacher taught us the law.
 a. nos...legi b. nos...legem c. nobis...legi d. nobis...legem
31. We must fight more bravely so that the enemies may be defeated.
 a. qui b. ne c. quo d. quin
32. The emperor's bodyguards kept on fighting long after the successful coup.
 a. pugnabant b. pugnauerunt c. pugnauerant d. pugnarent
33. Winning is much more fun than losing.
 a. Superare b. Superans c. Superatum d. Superaturum
34. He was consul in name only.
 a. in nomine b. nomine c. nomini d. in nomen

35. This dry climate contains no water!
 a. nihil aquam b. nihil aquae c. nullus aquae d. nullus aquam
36. These supplies are being sent into Gaul.
 a. in Galliam b. in Galliā c. ad Galliam d. ad Galliā
37. Today we saw the consul himself!
 a. consulem se b. consulem sibi c. consulem illum d. consulem ipsum
38. Marcus is not faster than Publius.
 a. Publius b. Publum c. Publio d. quam Publum
39. I thought that the girls had been captured.
 a. captae erant b. captae esse c. captas esse d. capi
40. I was jogging so that I might not be unhealthy.
 a. ut...sim b. ut...essem c. ne...sim d. ne...essem

Part III. Questions 41-50 refer to the following passage.

Olim nostrī cum Brittanīs maximum bellum gerēbant ut rem publicam nostram ab eōrum imperiō liberārent. Imperator Americanus fuit Washingtonius, vir optimus et fortissimus, quī diū pro civitatē suā et rēs magnās gessit et gravissimōs sustinuit dolorēs.

Cum dux Brittanōrum copiās suās in Manhattan traduxisset, Washingtonius cum omnibus suīs copiīs adversus eī constitit. Consilium autem capere nōn potuit, nam nōn cognoverat ubi imperator hostium militēs suōs collocāvisset. Erat autem in exercitū Americanō centuriō fortissimus, nomine Nathan Hale. Hic paratus erat in castra hostium contendere atque omnia loca explorāre ut cognosceret quibus in locīs hostēs custodēs collocāvissent quantaque essent eōrum munitionēs. Hunc Washingtonius in hostium castra mīsīt.

41. What use of the subjunctive is illustrated by the first sentence of the passage?
 a. purpose clause b. result clause c. indirect command d. fear clause
42. Which of these statements about the first sentence is NOT true?
 a. It contains a substantive adjective. b. It illustrates the secondary sequence of verbs
 c. It contains 3 prepositional phrases. d. “Gerēbant” should be translated “waged”.
43. To whom does the word “eōrum” in line 1 refer?
 a. the Americans b. the British c. all soldiers d. all wars
44. What is the best translation for the word “copiīs” in line 4?
 a. troops b. supplies c. abundance d. wants
45. What is the best description of the case and use of “ei” in line 5?
 a. nominative, subject b. objective genitive
 c. dative, special adjectives d. subjective genitive

46. What was Washington’s main problem?
- He couldn’t move all of his troops.
 - His plan was not able to work.
 - He didn’t understand who he was fighting.
 - He didn’t know where the enemy troops were.
47. What case is the word “centuriō” in line 6?
- nominative
 - dative
 - ablative
 - vocative
48. Which of these is true about the words “hostēs” and “custodēs” in line 8?
- They are both nominative.
 - They are both accusative.
 - “Hostēs” is nominative, “custodēs” is accusative.
 - “Custodēs” is nominative, “hostēs” is accusative.
49. Why is the verb “essent” in line 8 subjunctive?
- It’s part of a purpose clause.
 - It’s in a relative clause within another clause.
 - It’s a hortatory subjunctive.
 - It’s an indirect question.
50. How many superlative words are in this passage in total?
- 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6