## FJCL REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2011 HEPTATHLON

## I. **Mythology** 1. Which couple was turned into lions? a. Pyramus and Thisbe b. Atalanta and Hippomenes c. Deucalion and Pyrrha d. Tereus and Procne 2. Which of these mothers killed her son by burning the log that represented his life span? a. Althaea b. Aethra c. Aerope d. Alcimide 3. Helle is associated with the adventures of \_ a. Aeneas b. Heracles c. Theseus d. Jason 4. Odysseus encountered \_\_\_\_\_ on the island of Ogygia. a. the Lotus-Eaters b. Calypso c. the Laestrygonians d. Circe 5. Which of the following is NOT a child of Agamemnon? b. Orestes a. Iphigeneia c. Hermione d. Chrysothemis 6. Who fell in love with Endymion? a. Selene b. Persephone c. Aphrodite d. Circe 7. Which of these are mountain nymphs? a. Dryads b. Naiads c. Oreads d. Nereids II. Customs 8. A lectica was powered by b. slaves d. sails a. horses c. oars 9. Where did a haruspex look for omens? a. the sky b. smoke c. entrails d. dregs of wine 10. Which of the following would NOT be worn on the feet? b. petasus c. solea a. calceus d. caliga 11. Conclamatio was a ritual associated with Roman b. declarations of war c. coming of age ceremonies d. funerals a. weddings 12. What did the suffix –anus indicate about the bearer of that name? b. that he was adopted a. that he had been a slave c. the location of his most important victory d. a physical attribute 13. A meta and catillus were associated with a. bread making b. chariot racing c. road building d. farming

14. The phrase ab ovo usque ad mala refers to

a. travel

b. gladiator combats

c. slavery

d. dining

| III. | History |
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|     | <ul><li>15. Which Alban king was killed by Tullus Hostilius because he betrayed Rome?</li><li>a. Gaius Cluilius b. Curiatus c. Mettius Fufetius d. Procas</li></ul>                                  |
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|     | 16. Which general led the Romans to victory at Mount Algidus? a. Cincinnatus b. Coriolanus c. Camillus d. Cocles   |
|     | 17. In which battle did Hannibal's brother lose his head? a. Lake Trasimene b. Metaurus River c. Ilipa d. Baecula  |
|     | 18. The Romans believed that Castor and Pollux helped them win the battle of a. the Allia River b. the Caudine Forks c. Lake Regillus d. Beneventum  |
|     | 19. Which of these men was NOT tetrarch in 293? a. Galerius b. Maximian c. Diocletian d. Constantine   |
|     | 20. Which emperor married his niece? a. Caligula b. Claudius c. Nero d. Tiberius   |
|     | <ul><li>21. Whom did the legions in Britain declare emperor in 193?</li><li>a. Clodius Albinus b. Pescennius Niger c. Septimius Severus d. Didius Julianus</li></ul>                                 |
| IV. | <u>Latin Literature</u>  |
|     | 22. Which of Plautus' plays is a comedy about mistaken identity, involving a set of twins? a. <u>Captivi</u> b. <u>Pseudolus</u> c. <u>Mostellaria</u> d. <u>Menaechmi</u>                           |
|     | 23. The author of <u>De Agri Cultura</u> , the oldest surviving work of Latin prose: a. Cato the Elder b. Livius Andronicus c. Naevius d. Ennius   |
|     | 24. Martial is best known as a writer of a. didactic poetry b. epigrams c. philosophy d. history   |
|     | 25. Who addressed several poems to a woman he called Lesbia? a. Horace b. Ovid c. Propertius d. Catullus   |
|     | 26. Which author wrote a collection of ten pastoral poems? a. Lucretius b. Tibullus c. Vergil d. Horace  |
|     | <ul> <li>27. Which author is NOT correctly matched to his genre?</li> <li>a. Terence – comedy</li> <li>b. Juvenal – satire</li> <li>c. Sallust - history</li> <li>d. Lucan – lyric poetry</li> </ul> |
|     | 28. Whose work contains biographies of the Julio-Claudian emperors?  a. Seneca the Younger b. Pliny the Elder c. Suetonius d. Quintilian   |

| Phrases, Mottoes, Abbreviations, and Quotations  |
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| <ul><li>29. Which abbreviation is used to point out important information?</li><li>a. op cit.</li><li>b. N.B.</li><li>c. viz.</li><li>d. Q.E.D.</li></ul>                                      |
| 30. Which abbreviation would NOT be used by a pharmacist? a. a.c. b. o.d. c. p.o. d. q.v.  |
| 31. The police caught the criminal <i>in flagrante delicto</i> .  a. by an anonymous tip b. in the act of committing the crime c. by planting evidence in his car d. in a death bed confession |
| 32. My brother will not leave the house without his I-pod. It is his a. vade mecum b. modus vivendi c. prima facie d. ne plus ultra  |
| 33. The motto of New Mexico: a. ad astra per aspera b. nil sine numine c. regnat populus d. crescit eundo  |
| 34. Citius, altius, fortius is the motto of the a. U.S. Air Force b. Kentucky Derby c. Modern Olympic Games d. Mountain Rescue Association   |
| 35. Identify the author of the quotation, "O tempora, O mores!" a. Cicero b. Horace c. Ovid d. Vergil  |
| Vocabulary and Derivatives   |
| 36. diu  |
| a. then b. perhaps c. for a long time d. with difficulty   |
| 37. peritus a. skilled b. injured c. full d. prepared  |
| 38. Which of these words is a SYNONYM of timeo? a. arbitror b. fateor c. nanciscor d. vereor   |
| 39. Which of these words is an ANTONYM of otium? a. amor b. opus c. laetitia d. dolor  |
| 40. What is the meaning of the Latin word from which we derive <a href="hesitate">hesitate</a> ? <a href="hesitate">a. wait</a> b. cling c. grasp d. sit                                       |
| 41. From which Latin verb do we derive <u>concise</u> ?  a. cado       c. cedo       c. caedo         d. incendo   |
| 42. Which of these is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others?  a. volley b. benevolent c. volition d. involuntary  |

V.

VI.

|      | 43. The performance elicited <u>derision</u> from the audience.  a. tears  b. praise  c. ridicule  d. boredom   |
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| VII. | <u>Grammar</u>  |
|      | 44. Cornu can be all of the following cases EXCEPT a. genitive b. dative c. accusative d. ablative  |
|      | 45. Atalanta celerius currere poterat. a. omnes viros b. omnibus viris c. omnes viri d. omnium virorum  |
|      | 46 Perseus caput Medusae dedit? a. Qui b. Cuius c. Quem d. Cui  |
|      | 47. Aeneas said that <u>he would sail</u> to Italy.  a. navigaturus est b. ut navigaret c. se navigaturum esse d. ipse navigabit  |
|      | 48. Si proelium vidisses, imperatorem <u>laudavisses</u> .  a. you would praise b. you had praised c. you could praise d. you would have praised                                    |
|      | 49. We must go to Rome tomorrow.  a. nobis eundum est b. Nos eamus c. Nobis licet ire d. Nos debemus ire  |
|      | 50. Clamoribus auditis, cives quam celerrime fugerunt.  a. while hearing the shouts b. when the shouts were being heard c. after the shouts had been heard d. by hearing the shouts |