

2011 FJCL State Latin Forum Pentathlon

Part I. Grammar

1. The conjugation of a verb is determined by its _____.
a. 1st principal part b. infinitive
c. perfect stem d. perfect passive participle
2. Which type of ablative does not take a preposition?
a. accompaniment b. personal agent c. place where d. means
3. I saw two goddesses.
a. duas deas b. duabus deabus c. duabus deis d. duae deae
4. The indirect object of a sentence is in the _____ case.
a. genitive b. dative c. accusative d. ablative
5. they will have attacked
a. oppugnabunt b. oppugnabant c. oppugnaverunt d. oppugnaverint
6. _____ pueri
a. uni b. unus c. unius d. uno
7. huic _____
a. urbi b. puellam c. milite d. metu
8. you are loved
a. amas b. amaris c. amatus es d. amatur
9. The slaves are tired.
a. fessus b. fessum c. fessi d. fessos
10. poterat
a. he is able b. he was able c. he has been able d. he had been able

Part II. Vocabulary and Derivatives

11. Which word does **not** belong by meaning?
a. tum b. ac c. atque d. et
12. Which word does **not** belong by meaning?
a. ergo b. itaque c. igitur d. ita
13. alo, alere
a. feed b. fly c. speak d. build

14. Which word is a synonym of fero?
 a. caedo b. ardeo c. cado d. porto
15. spes
 a. hope b. fear c. thought d. sadness
16. What Latin verb is at the root of subject?
 a. iungo b. iacio c. iuvo d. iaceo
17. Which word is **not** derived from facio?
 a. difficult b. affect c. profit d. confer
18. From which Latin noun do we derive maritime?
 a. mare b. maritus c. timor d. marmor
19. What is the meaning of the Latin word from which we derive diurnal?
 a. day b. kill c. god d. jar
20. Surround is derived from which of the following Latin words?
 a. surgo b. eo c. sum d. unda

Part III. Roman History.

21. Who was the 4th emperor of Rome?
 a. Nero b. Caligula c. Tiberius d. Claudius
22. What is the traditional date of the founding of Rome?
 a. 509 BC b. 1184 BC c. 753 BC d. 837 BC
23. During the reign of Tullus Hostilius, the Curiatii triplets fought for which city?
 a. Alba Longa b. Rome c. Veii d. Cumae
24. L. Aelius Seianus was the praetorian prefect under which emperor?
 a. Augustus b. Tiberius c. Caligula d. Claudius
25. Year AD 238 saw as emperors Maximinus, Gordian I, Gordian II, Balbinus and these two men:
 a. Gordian III and Pupienus b. Gordian III and Philip
 c. Philip and Decius d. Pupienus and Decius
26. Which emperor preferred to be addressed as “Dominus et Deus”?
 a. Commodus b. Caligula c. Domitian d. Caracalla
27. Which Roman emperor’s personal motto, according to Suetonius, was “oderint dum metuant”?
 a. Augustus b. Caligula c. Nero d. Vespasian

28. The man who finally put an end to the slave-war led by Spartacus was _____.
a. Julius Caesar b. Crassus c. Sulla d. Lepidus
29. The Roman Empire was at its greatest extent during the reign of _____.
a. Hadrian b. Trajan c. Marcus Aurelius d. Nerva
30. Which of the following was Rome's first consul?
a. P. Valerius Poplicola b. T. Herminius Aquilinus
c. L. Junius Brutus d. Sp. Lucretius Tricipitinus

Part IV. Mythology

31. Who was the king who sent Perseus to kill Medusa?
a. Acrisius b. Dictys c. Minos d. Polydectes
32. Which body of water did Leander swim to meet his love, Hero?
a. Aegean b. Hellespont c. Tyrrhenian d. Adriatic
33. By which other name was Hercules sometimes known?
a. Alcides b. Alcibiades c. Admetus d. Aletes
34. Which Olympian god(dess) was represented by the peacock?
a. Zeus b. Hera c. Athena d. Apollo
35. Which Greek general was the commander-in-chief of the Greek forces during the Trojan War?
a. Agamemnon b. Achilles c. Odysseus d. Diomedes
36. Which of the following is **never** considered to be an offspring of Zeus and Hera?
a. Hephaestus b. Hebe c. Ares d. Electryon
37. Who lost his love on their wedding night and traveled to the Underworld to retrieve her?
a. Aeetes b. Jason c. Orpheus d. Theseus
38. Who was the god(dess) who threw the golden apple into the wedding feast of Peleus and Thetis?
a. Ares b. Eros c. Hera d. Eris
39. Who was the mother of Phaethon?
a. Alcmene b. Ismene c. Clymene d. Alcyone
40. Who was destined to kill his father and marry his mother?
a. Oedipus b. Cecrops c. Pelias d. Polyneices

Part V. Customs

41. In which month was Lupercalia celebrated?
a. February b. May c. June d. October

42. In the name Marcus Tullius Cicero, the name Tullius is the _____.
a. agnomen b. cognomen c. nomen d. praenomen
43. The Campus Martius was located between the Tiber River, and the Capitoline and ____ Hills.
a. Palatine b. Quirinal c. Caelian d. Aventine
44. A gladiator trainer was known as a _____.
a. lanista b. sagina gladiatoria c. magister d. princeps
45. A nodus Herculaneus would most likely be found on a _____.
a. toga picta b. toga pulla c. toga praetexta d. tunica recta
46. Slaves born into the household were known as _____.
a. vernae b. mangones c. vilici d. alumnae
47. A pistor was a _____.
a. painter b. barber c. banker d. baker
48. The exercise area of the baths was the _____.
a. apodyterium b. caldarium c. palaestra d. laconicum
49. Which of the following is not a type of carriage?
a. petoriturum b. carpentum c. pilentum d. pilleus
50. Wax-covered wooden tablets used for notes and short letters were known as _____.
a. tabellae b. papyri c. schedae d. tabellarii