

2012 FJCL State Latin Forum Pentathlon

N.B. There are no macra on this test

Part I. Grammar

1. The direct object of a sentence is in the _____ case.
a. ablative b. genitive c. dative d. accusative
2. illi _____
a. puer b. puero c. pueris d. puerum
3. we are taught
a. docemus b. docetis c. docemur d. doceris
4. The women are beautiful.
a. pulchrae b. pulcher c. pulchras d. pulchra
5. you have spoken
a. dixeras b. dixeris c. dixisti d. dixerunt
6. Three wars were fought in Gaul.
a. trium bellorum b. tria bella c. tribus bellis d. tres bella
7. Do you know the women whom I see in the Forum?
a. quam b. quae c. quas d. quarum
8. animalium
a. animals b. for animals c. the animal d. of animals
9. audiebas
a. he was hearing b. you will hear c. you heard d. you have heard
10. do : dari :: capio :
a. cepi b. capere c. capite d. capi

Part II. Vocabulary and Derivatives

11. Which of the following does **NOT** belong by meaning?
a. domus b. villa c. casa d. locus
12. Which of the following is a synonym for tollo?
a. deleo b. dico c. discedo d. do
13. dum
a. and b. but c. while d. since

14. credo
 a. create b. trust c. trudge d. crease
15. cinis
 a. ash b. young lady c. lap d. camp
16. Which of the following is **NOT** derived from the Latin word for field?
 a. agrarian b. agronomist c. aground d. agribusiness
17. Which of the following is the Latin root of the word devious?
 a. devasto b. via c. vilicus d. devertio
18. From what Latin word do we derive adjacent?
 a. iaceo b. iubeo c. iacio d. iungo
19. What is the meaning of the Latin word at the root of petition?
 a. adhere b. pester c. pertain d. ask
20. From what Latin word do we derive jussive?
 a. iaceo b. iubeo c. iacio d. iudico

Part III. Roman History

21. He was born on September 23rd, 63 B.C., a son of an ambitious young senator.
 a. Julius Caesar b. Claudius Caesar c. Augustus Caesar d. Tiberius Caesar
22. Which of the following was **NOT** a Roman monarch?
 a. Numa Pompilius b. Ancus Martius c. Gellius Egnatius d. Servius Tullius
23. The first triumvirate consisted of Julius Caesar, _____, and _____.
 a. Crassus, Pompey b. Crassus, Augustus c. Pompey, Lepidus d. Pompey, Anthony
24. Which of the following Emperors had Dalmatian origins?
 a. Trajan b. Diocletian c. Hadrian d. Nerva
25. What battle ended the First Punic War?
 a. Mylae b. Aegates Islands c. Drepanum d. Cape Ecnomus
26. Who conspired to overthrow the government in 63 B.C.?
 a. Saturninus b. C. Gracchus c. Tiberius Gracchus d. Catiline
27. Rome is to the Western Empire as _____ is to the Eastern Empire.
 a. Alexandria b. Athens c. Jerusalem d. Constantinople
28. Who was Emperor Claudius' corrupt third wife?
 a. Calpurnia b. Caecilia Metella c. Valeria Messalina d. Claudia Antonia

29. Which king of Epirus won two battles against the Romans, in 280 and 279 B.C.?
 a. Alexander b. Fabricius c. Pyrrhus d. Philip the Great
30. Which king of Pontus fought three wars against Rome in the 1st century B.C.?
 a. Pharnaces b. Mithridates c. Nicomedes d. Deiotarus

Part IV. Mythology

31. Which of the following was Apollo **NOT** the god of?
 a. archery b. thieves c. astronomy d. poetry
32. What was an unusual physical feature about Erichthonius?
 a. goat's horn b. serpent's tail c. horse hooves d. asses' ears
33. What pseudonym did Achilles take when he was hiding on Skyros?
 a. Hera b. Daphne c. Thetis d. Pyrrha
34. Which hero rode Pegasus?
 a. Hercules b. Perseus c. Bellerophon d. Theseus
35. Ceyx was the son of Lucifer, _____.
 a. the light bearer b. the god of sleep c. an underworld god d. a river god
36. Bacchantes were also known as _____.
 a. Lampades b. Maenads c. Themeides d. Dryads
37. Creon was Antigone's _____.
 a. brother b. father c. cousin d. uncle
38. How was Erysichthon punished?
 a. he was chained to a wheel of fire
 c. with an insatiable hunger b. with an unquenchable thirst
 d. an eagle ate his liver
39. Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos were known as the _____.
 a. Fates b. Seasons c. Graces d. Muses
40. The Symplegades were?
 a. a group of Harpies b. serpents c. sea monsters d. clashing rocks

Part V. Customs

41. Which gladiator fought from a chariot?
 a. myrmillo b. essedarius c. thrax d. secutor

42. On what day after his birth did a male Roman child receive his name?
a. 1st b. 3rd c. 7th d. 9th
43. What Roman praenomen was abbreviated C.?
a. Claudius b. Gaius c. Celer d. Cnaeus
44. What was the profession of a designator?
a. undertaker b. blacksmith c. soldier d. inn-keeper
45. The Roman fertility festival held every February 15th was the _____.
a. Lupercalia b. Lemuria c. Saturnalia d. Matronalia
46. How many Vestal Virgins served at one time?
a. six b. ten c. fifteen d. twenty
47. In the Roman army, how many centuries comprised a legion?
a. 60 b. 100 c. 150 d. 200
48. Which of the following offices would guarantee supplies of foodstuffs to the Roman people?
a. Aedile b. Consul c. Quaestor d. Tribune
49. A *munera* might be _____.
a. a thermal system b. a gladiatorial game c. a religious rite d. a type of chariot
50. Which toga was worn by victorious generals?
a. pulla b. picta c. sordida d. candida