

2012 FJCL State Latin Forum History of the Monarchy and Republic

N.B. All dates are BC.

1. What battle of 305 B.C. brought the Second Samnite War to a close?
a. Camerinum b. Tifernum c. Bovianum d. Aquilonia
2. What Roman king's consort was a nymph named Egeria?
a. Romulus' b. Numa Pompilius' c. Ancus Marcius' d. Servius Tullius'
3. Which town was at one point the capital of the Italians during the Social War?
a. Neapolis b. Tarentum c. Aesernia d. Brundisium
4. What country was Julius Caesar planning an invasion of just before his assassination in 44 B.C.?
a. Armenia b. Germania c. Syria d. Parthia
5. Which of these men won the spolia opima?
a. Aulus Postumius Albinus b. Marcus Porcius Cato
c. Marcus Claudius Marcellus d. Marcus Livius Drusus
6. What Roman commander at the Battle of Aegates Islands brought the First Punic War to a close?
a. Lutatius Catulus b. Manlius Vulso c. Scipio Barbatus d. Gaius Duilius
7. Which of the following was NOT a member of the 1st Triumvirate?
a. Caesar b. Cato c. Pompey d. Crassus
8. In what year did Hannibal finally die (by killing himself)?
a. 189 B.C. b. 187 B.C. c. 185 B.C. d. 183 B.C.
9. At what early battle of the Second Punic War was Scipio (the future) Africanus said to have saved his father's life?
a. Trebia River b. Ticinus River c. Lake Trasimene d. Cannae
10. What position did Sulla hold under Marius during the War with Jugurtha?
a. Consul b. Praetor c. Dictator d. Quaestor
11. Who led the Roman forces at the Battle of Beneventum in 275 B.C.?
a. Curius Dentatus b. Cornelius Dolabella c. Fabius Rullianus d. Scipio Barbatus
12. Who saved a trapped Roman army at Mt. Algidus in 458 B.C.?
a. Cincinnatus b. Coriolanus c. Camillus d. Horatius
13. Which of the following was NOT a wife of Caesar?
a. Cornelia b. Calpurnia c. Pompeia d. Porcia

14. What tribe did Coriolanus join after having fought against them for years as a Roman?
a. Aequi b. Volsci c. Sabines d. Boii
15. The fifth and final succession of the plebs was ended with the passing of what law in 287 B.C.?
a. Lex Valeria b. Lex Sacrata c. Lex Ogulnia d. Lex Hortensia
16. What Roman king's name may have originally been Macstarna?
a. Romulus' b. Tullus Hostilius' c. Tarquinius Priscus' d. Servius Tullius'
17. Lake Vadimo was the site of two battles occurring during Rome's conquest of Italy. The second of these two battles occurred just prior to the Pyrrhic War. During what war did the first Battle of Lake Vadimo occur?
a. First Samnite War b. Great Latin War
c. Second Samnite War d. Third Samnite War
18. Who was the great uncle of Romulus and Remus?
a. Numitor b. Amulius c. Procas d. Mars
19. Directly after what battle in 255 B.C., part of a successful rescue mission, was the Roman fleet caught up in a storm off Sicily and nearly wiped out?
a. Bagradas Valley b. Tunis c. Cape Hermaeum d. Cape Adyis
20. What exiled dictator rescued the Romans from their occupation by the Gauls under Brennus?
a. Cincinnatus b. Marcus Manlius c. Camillus d. Titus Manlius
21. What battle of the Third Macedonian War saw a Roman victory and the end of the Antigonid line which had begun almost two hundred years before with the death of Alexander the Great?
a. Pydna b. Thermopylae c. Cynoscephalae d. Magnesia
22. What guerilla leader in Lusitania led the resistance against Romans from 146-141 B.C. before being betrayed by his agents?
a. Vercingetorix b. Viriathus c. Tantalus d. Minurus
23. Which of the following was not a date of a battle in the First or Second Punic Wars?
a. 256 B.C. b. 217 B.C. c. 207 B.C. d. 240 B.C.
24. What Roman King established the cult of Diana and the Census?
a. Numa Pompilius b. Servius Tullius c. Tarquinius Priscus d. Tarquinius Superbus
25. According to tradition, in what month of 753 B.C. was Rome founded?
a. March b. June c. April d. May
26. In what year did the first gladiatorial games occur?
a. 302 B.C. b. 284 B.C. c. 276 B.C. d. 264 B.C.

27. In what Italian city did the revolt of Spartacus originate in 73 B.C.?
a. Tarentum b. Brundisium c. Capua d. Naples
28. Who commanded the Optimates against Caesar at the Battle of Thapsus in 46 B.C?
a. Gnaeus Pompey b. Sextus Pompey c. Metellus Scipio d. Titus Labienus
29. What law of 300 B.C. opened the priesthood up to plebeians, and increased the number of pontifices from five to nine?
a. Lex Valeria b. Lex Ogulnia c. Lex Sacrata d. Lex Hortensia
30. What plebeian tribune of 462 B.C. pushed for codified law in Rome, paving way for the Twelve Tables?
a. Terentilius Harsa b. Spurius Cassius c. Appius Claudius d. Aulus Postumius
31. At what battle were Cator & Pollux said to have helped the Romans?
a. Silva Arsia b. Lake Regillus c. Mt. Algidus d. Mantrap Wood
32. What battle occurring in 105 B.C. was the worst Roman defeat since Cannae?
a. Arausio b. Vercellae c. Aquae Sextiae d. Lugdunum
33. Where did Mithridates VI finally die in 63 B.C.?
a. Naissus b. Darnassus c. Panticapaeum d. Ephesus
34. Who claimed to have seen Romulus ascending to heaven as the god Quirinus?
a. Titus Tatius b. Hersilia c. Numa Pompilius d. Julius Proculus
35. What Roman commander died at the Baetis River in the Guadalquivir province during the Second Punic War?
a. Publius Cornelius Scipio b. Gaius Terrentius Varro
c. Gnaeus Cornelius Scipio d. Tiberius Sempronius Longus
36. Who was elected in the place of Tarquinius Collatinus when he stepped down from the consulship?
a. Publius Valerius Publicola b. Spurius Lucretius Tricipitinus
c. Aulus Postumius Albinus d. Lucius Iunius Brutus
37. Which law of 66 B.C. transferred the command against Mithridates to Pompey?
a. lex Manilia b. lex Gabinia c. lex Iulia d. lex Titia
38. Who was the fourth king of Rome?
a. Numa Pompilius b. Ancus Marcius c. Tarquinius Priscus d. Tullus Hostilius
39. Who was the first Roman king of Etruscan origin?
a. Tarquinius Priscus b. Ancus Marcius c. Servius Tullius d. Tarquinius Superbus

40. What Roman general destroyed Carthage in 146 B.C.?
a. L. Mummius b. Scipio Africanus c. Scipio Aemilianus d. Scipio Asiaticus
41. Who won the Battle of Actium in 31 B.C. which led to the establishment of the empire
a. M. Brutus b. Octavian c. Marc Antony d. Lucullus
42. Where were a contingent of Gauls defeated by the Romans in 225 B.C. between the First and Second Punic wars?
a. Cape Telamon b. Aquileia c. Lake Garda d. Gulf of Otranto
43. What woman did Tarquinius Superbus marry and with her conspire to assassinate Servius Tullius?
a. Tullia the Younger b. Tullia the Elder c. Tarquinia d. Tarpeia
44. What famous Roman held the consulship alongside Antonius Hybrida in 63 B.C.?
a. Cicero b. Caesar c. Pompey d. Crassus
45. Eunus is to Cleon as Salvius is to _____
a. Crixus b. Spartacus c. Tryphon d. Athenion
46. Which of the following was Rome's first province?
a. Sardinia b. Corsica c. Sicily d. Gaul
47. What chieftan of the Helvetii organized a conspiracy against Caesar in Gaul?
a. Dumnorix b. Divitiacus c. Orgetorix d. Ambiorix
48. Where did Sextus Tarquinius flee after the rape of Lucretia?
a. Aquileia b. Gabii c. Ostia d. Ardea
49. What battle ended the Second Punic War?
a. Metaurus River b. Dertosa c. Zama d. Baecula
50. Who served as consul a record seven times?
a. Cincinnatus b. Camillus c. Julius Caesar d. Marius