

**2013 FJCL CERTAMEN
ADVANCED
ROUND 1**

1. Complete this well-known Latin phrase: **Vox populi** _____.
B1: ...**Dē mortuīs**_____
B2: ...**Asinus asinum** _____.
- VOX DEĪ
NIL NISI BONUM
FRICAT**
2. What collective name is given to the sons of the Seven Against Thebes?
B1: Who led the Epigoni on their assault on Thebes?
B2: Who was the only one of the Epigoni to die on the expedition?
- EPIGONI
ALCMEON
AEGIALEUS**
3. What do all of the following verbs have in common grammatically: **grandinat, oportet, decet, licet**.
B1: ...**odī, coepī, meminī**?
B2: ...**potior, obliviscor, reminiscor**?
- IMPERSONALS
DEFECTIVE
THEY TAKE THE GENITIVE**
4. What author commemorates a visit to his brother's grave in the Troad in poem 101 of his *Carmina*?
B1: Catullus was traveling to Bithynia in the entourage of what man?
B2: What woman is the subject of poems 5, 8, 11, and several others in Catullus' *Carmina*?
- CATULLUS
(C.) MEMMIUS
LESBIA**
5. Differentiate in meaning between **haereō** and **hauriō**.
B1: ...between **pavō** and **pavor**.
B2: ...between **cauda** and **cautes**.
- HAEREŌ - STICK / CLING HAURIŌ - DRAIN / DRINK
PAVŌ - PEACOCK PAVOR - FEAR
CAUDA - TAIL CAUTES - ROCK / CRAG**
6. What Roman author's *Originēs* was the first prose history written in Latin?
B1: How many books are contained in the *Originēs*?
B2: What work of Cato was the first prose literature in Latin?
- CATO THE ELDER'S
SEVEN
DĒ AGRĪ CULTURĀ / DĒ RĒ RUSTICĀ**
7. Identify the use of the subjunctive in the following sentence: **Carmina Nerōnis tam mala erant ut mē interficere vellem**.
B1: Translate that sentence.
B2: Translate this sentence: **Sī Nero diutius canat, certē moriār**.
- RESULT (ADVERBIAL)
THE SONGS / POEMS OF NERO WERE SO BAD THAT I WANTED TO KILL MYSELF
IF NERO SHOULD SING FOR A LONGER TIME, I WOULD CERTAINLY DIE**
8. Who elevated his son Diadumenianus to the rank of Caesar when he became emperor in 217 A.D.?
B1: Where did Marcinus arrange the assassination of Caracalla?
B2: Who actually stabbed Caracalla?
- MACRINUS
CARRHAE / EDESSA
JULIUS MARTIALIS**
9. What goddess lay with Iasion in a thrice plowed field?
B1: At whose wedding did this affair occur?
B2: What two children were the result of this union?
- DEMETER
CADMUS & HARMONIA'S
PLUTUS & PHILOMELUS**

10. What Roman historian was called a "Pompeian" by his friend Augustus because his *Ab Urbe Condītā* reflected his nostalgia for the Republic? LIVY
 B1: How many books are contained in Livy's history? 142
 B2: In his justification of Rome's empire, Livy claimed that not even what Greek general could defeat the Romans had he ventured West? ALEXANDER THE GREAT
11. For the verb **proficiscor**, give the 3rd person singular, perfect indicative. **PROFECTUS EST**
 B1: Translate that verb form. HE (HAS) SET OUT / DEPARTED
 B2: Change that verb to the subjunctive. **PROFECTUS SIT**
12. In Book I of Homer's *Iliad*, what god inflicts pestilence on the Greek camp because of Agamemnon's refusal to return Chryseis to her father? APOLLO
 B1: As Agamemnon reveals his intention to take Briseis from Achiilles, which deity is sent from Olympus to stop Achilles from attacking the Greek chieftan? ATHENA
 B2: Athena tells Achiilles that she has been sent by what other deity to make sure he did not indulge his rage? HERA
13. What grandson of the military hero Hostius Hostilius became the third king of Rome? TULLUS HOSTILIUS
 B1: When Tullus Hostilius destroyed Alba Longa, what structures did he leave standing? TEMPLES
 B2: Rome won the war against Alba Longa when what triplets defeated the Curatii? HORATII
14. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I shall read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows:
- Unā nocte duō Graecī moenia Troiae ascendērunt ut Palladium reciperent. Cum in urbem intrārent, uxor Menelaī eīs succurrit et dīxit "eīs auxilium dabō dum tacitī remaneātis." Palladiō ablatō, Graecī ad castra sua rediērunt.**
- Question: Why were the two Greeks climbing the walls of Troy? THE RETRIVE / TAKE BACK / STEAL THE PALLADIUM
- B1: According to the passage, who appeared to the Greeks and offered help? THE WIFE OF MENELAUS
 B2: On what condition did she offer help? THAT THE GREEKS REMAIN SILENT
15. What author, born at Sulmo in 43 B.C., wrote three books of *Amorēs*? OVID
 B1: Give Ovid's full name. PUBLIUS OVIDIUS NASO
 B2: What girl does Ovid address by name for the first time in *Amorēs* I.5? CORINNA
16. Which of the following words, IF ANY, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: "fanatic," "fail," "profane," "fanaticism"? FAIL
 B1: From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "fail"? **FALLŌ - DECEIVE**
 B2: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive the other three words? **FANUM - TEMPLE**
17. In the Roman circus, what was the **linea alba**? THE STARTING LINE
 B1: What two word Latin phrase designates the person at the circus who dropped the **mappa**? **DATOR / EDITOR LUDŌRUM / MUNERUM**
 B2: What gate at the circus stood at the opposite end of the **porta pompae**? **PORTA TRIUMPHĀLIS**

18. What seer, the son of Apollo and Cyrene, was killed by a boar on the expedition to retrieve the Golden Fleece? IDMON
 B1: What other seer on the Argo was killed by a snake in Libya? MOPSUS
 B2: This snake was created when the blood from the head of what Gorgon fell on the desert sand in Libya? MEDUSA
19. What Roman general befriended the Metelli who helped him win the Tribune in 119 B.C., a step toward his first consulship in 107 B.C.? MARIUS
 B1: Marius assumed the command in Africa after the recall of what general? (Q. CAECILIUS) METELLUS NUMIDICUS
 B2: After Marius defeated Jugurtha, how was the Numidian king killed in the Tullianum? STRANGULATION
20. What use of the ablative case is illustrated in the following sentence: "**Omnēs cīvēs fame periērunt**"? CAUSE
 B1: Translate that sentence. ALL OF THE CITIZENS DIED OF HUNGER
 B2: Translate this sentence, which contains a use of the ablative: **Domum duōbus mīlibus sesterium ēmit.** HE / SHE BOUGHT THE HOUSE FOR TWO THOUSAND SESTERCES

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ADVANCED
ROUND 2

1. What emperor was told to polish his Latin, because his language was too rustic to be Trajan's successor? HADRIAN
B1: At what city in Cilicia did Trajan die, prompting secret provisions for the adoption of Hadrian? SELINUS
B2: What wife of Trajan played a critical role in securing Hadrian's adoption? PLOTINA

2. Give the dative singular of the phrase **idem gladiātor**. **EĪDEM GLADIĀTORĪ**
B1: Change **eīdem gladiātorī** to the accusative. **EUNDEM GLADIĀTOREM**
B2: Change **eundem gladiātorem** to the plural. **EŌSDEM GLADIĀTORĒS**

3. During which of his labors did Heracles inadvertently cause the death of the centaur Pholus? CAPTURING THE ERYMANTHIAN BOAR
B1: Pholus was the son of an ash-nymph and what companion of Dionysus? SILENUS
B2: The Centaurs had settled on Mt. Pholoe, where Heracles encountered them, only because of their brutish behavior at whose wedding? PIRITHOUS & HIPPODAMEIA'S

4. What author did Augustus request to write a fourth book of *Odes* in 15 B.C.? HORACE
B1: To what literary patron did Horace dedicate his first three books of *Odes*? MAECENAS
B2: How did Maecenas reward Horace for his poetry? GAVE HIM A SABINE VILLA

5. What Latin abbreviation designates a document listing one's job experience and education? C.V.
B1: Give the Latin and English for C.V. **CURICULUM VĪTAE - THE COURSE OF LIFE**
B2: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **i.a.** **INTER ALIA - AMONG OTHER THINGS**

6. Athena fashioned the talking mast of the Argo from what oak harvested grove, sacred to her father? DODONA
B1: At Dodona, with whom was Zeus worshipped, a female figure whom some scholars say was Zeus' consort? DIONE
B2: According to Homer, which deity was the child of Zeus and Dione? APHRODITE

7. The nouns **febris**, **ravis**, **turris**, and **imber** all share what grammatical commonality? PURE I-STEMS
B1: Which pure I-stem means "axe"? **SECURIS**
B2: Give the accusative singular of **securis**. **SECURIM**

8. Who, in order to save his army at Sentinum, called upon the gods to sacrifice himself? (P.) DECIUS MUS
B1: What is this sacrifice called in Latin? **DEVOTIŌ**
B2: What Samnite leader was killed at Sentinum? GELLIUS EGNATIUS

9. *Gladiōlus*, *Equus Troiānus*, and *Odyssea*, are titles of works by what early Roman author? LIVIVS ANDRONICVS
B1: What type of play is *Gladiōlus*? FABULA PALLIATA
B2: From what city was Livius Andronicus brought to Rome as a slave? TARENTUM

10. **Quid Anglicē significat "minae"?** THREATS
 B1: **Quid Anglicē significat "stridor"?** NOISE / CREAK / HISS / RATTLE
 B2: **Quid Anglicē significat "laxō"?** LOOSEN / SLACKEN
11. What Silver Age author flattered the emperor Domitian in his *Epigrams*? MARTIAL
 B1: Where in Spain was Martial born in 40 A.D.? BILBILIS
 B2: What work of Martial commemorated the opening of the Colosseum?
LIBER SPECTĀCULŌRUM / LIBER DĒ SPECTĀCULĪS
12. Complete the following analogy: **sum : sit :: malō : _____**. MALIT
 B1: **...sum : essem :: orior : _____**. ORĪRER
 B2: **...sum : fuissem :: tundō : _____**. TUTUDISSEM
13. In Book VII of Homer's *Odyssey*, Athena appears to Odysseus as a young girl in order to guide him to the palace of what Phaeacian king? ALCINOUS
 B1: Athena talks of the lineage of Phaeacian kings, including what father of Alcinous? NAUSITHOUS
 B2: Athena also tells Odysseus that what queen of the Phaeacians was not only the wife of Alcinous, but also his niece? ARETE
14. In what African city, located in modern Libya, was Septimius Severus born? LEPTIS / LEPCIS MAGNA
 B1: In what city in the province of Britain did Septimius Severus die? YORK / EBORACUM
 B2: What emperor died at **Eboracum** in 306 A.D.? CONSTANTIUS CHLORUS
15. The words "affair" and "amplify" both share what ULTIMATE Latin root verb? FACIŌ
 B1: From what ULTIMATE Latin root verb, with what meaning, do we derive "profess"? FOR - SAY / SPEAK
 B2: From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "fiacé"? FIDŌ - TRUST
16. Who cut off the single purple lock of her father's hair, thus dooming her city of Megara? SCYLLA
 B1: Who was Scylla's father? NISUS
 B2: According to Ovid, into what kind of bird was Scylla transformed after she drowned? CIRIS
17. What Roman general, who is often called the "Second Founder of Rome," earned four triumphs throughout his military career? (M. FURIUS) CAMILLUS
 B1: Camillus once ordered a school teacher to be whipped for betraying what city? FALERII
 B2: What temple did Camillus order the construction of to celebrate the peace between Patricians and Plebeians in 367 B.C.? TEMPLE OF CONCORD
18. Translate this common cliché into English: **Fulmen numquam bis ferit.** LIGHTNING NEVER STRIKES TWICE
 B1: **...Omnē in amore bellōque aequum est.** ALL IS FAIR IN LOVE AND WAR
 B2: **...Plūs rēs mutant, plūs eadem remanent.** THE MORE THINGS CHANGE, THE MORE THEY REMAIN THE SAME

19. What speeches of Cicero, 14 in total, were polemics directed against Mark Antony? *PHILLIPICS*
B1: Cicero's *Phillipics* were based on the original four of what Greek orator? DEMOSTHENES
B2: Where was Cicero murdered by the henchmen of Antony on December 7, 43 B.C.? FORMIAE

20. Listen carefully to the following funerary inscription, which I shall read twice, and answer
IN LATIN the question that follows:

**Zoticus hīc nomen nudum vanumque reliquit,
in cinerēs corpus et in aethera vīta solūta est.**

Question: **Quod nomen hīc inscriptum est?**

B1: **Qualia nomina Zoticus reliquit?**

B2: **Respondē Anglicē: Quid accidit vītae Zoticī?**

**ZOTICUS
NUDUM VANUMQUE**

IT WAS RELEASED / LOOSENEED INTO THE AIR / ETHER

**2013 FJCL CERTAMEN
ADVANCED
ROUND 3**

1. What is the meaning of the Latin idiom **pedem referre**? TO RETREAT
 B1: ...**proelium committere**? TO BEGIN / JOIN BATTLE
 B2: ...**magnum iter**? A FORCED MARCH

2. What author was said by Aulus Gellius to possess three hearts? (Q.) ENNIUS
 B1: Why did Gellius say that Ennius possessed three hearts?
ENNIUS COULD SPEAK GREEK, LATIN, AND OSCAN
 B2: Where in the region of Calabria was Ennius born? **RUDIAE**

3. What bard became the first man to love another man when he fell in love with Hyacinthus? **THAMYRIS**
 B1: Thamyris was the son of another famous bard and the nymph Argiope. Who was Thamyris' father? PHILAMMON
 B2: Who was Philammon's mother, who bore Philammon to Apollo on the same day that she bore Autolychus to Hermes? CHIONE

4. At what battle did the future Scipio Africanus defeat Hasdrubal, son of Gisgo, in 206 B.C.? ILIPA
 B1: Scipio refined the flanking tactics which he used at what battle two years earlier? BAECULA
 B2: What port city in southern Spain did Scipio also capture in 206 B.C.? GADES

5. Excluding all forms of alliteration, identify a figure of speech illustrated in this line of Vergil's *Aeneid* which I will read as prose: "**aut hōc inclusī lignō occulantur Achīvī**"?
METONYMY / SYNCHESIS
 B1: Identify the other figure of speech in that line. SEE ABOVE
 B2: Again excluding all forms of alliteration, identify the figure of speech in this line from Vergil's *Aeneid*: "**respiciō et quae sit mē circum copia lustrō**" ANASTROPHE

6. Which of the Giants was invincible so long as he remained within the Pallene? ALCYONEUS
 B1: Who dragged Alcyoneus out of the Pallene and killed him? HERACLES
 B2: According to Pindar, who was the king of the Giants? PORPHYRION

7. Identify the use of the genitive case in this sentence: "**In arēnā tantum spatī vidēre possum.**"
PARTITIVE
 B1: ... "**Cicero iūris perītus fuit.**" SPECIAL ADJECTIVES
 B2: ... "**illa erat fossa trium pedum.**" MEASURE

8. At a Roman **cēna**, what was the name of the position of the guest of honor? **LOCUS CONSULĀRIS**
 B1: On which of the three couches would a consul eat if he came to dinner?
LECTUS MEDIUS / MIDDLE COUCH
 B2: On which of the three couches would the host sit? **LECTUS IMUS** / LOWEST COUCH

9. What author and stoic philosopher of Iberian descent wrote a satirical account of Claudius' deification?
SENECA THE YOUNGER
 B1: What is the title of this work? **APOCOLOSYNTOISIS** / **LUDUS DĒ MORTE CLAUDIĪ**
 B2: What work, attributed perhaps erroneously to Seneca, is the only extant **Fabula Praetexta** in Latin? **OCTAVIA**

10. Translate the following sentence into English: **Dum Rōmae sum, Cicerōnem vīdī.**
 WHILE I WAS IN ROME, I SAW CICERO
 B1: ... **"Dum Rōmae eris, apud Cicerōnem manēbis.**
 AS LONG AS YOU ARE / WILL BE IN ROME, YOU WILL STAY AT CICERO'S HOUSE.
 B2: ... **"Remanēbo ibi dum redeās."** I WILL REMAIN THERE UNTIL YOU RETURN
11. What law of 90 B.C. provided Roman citizenship to all Italians who laid down their arms? **LEX IULIA**
 B1: When the Social War broke out, who commanded the northern portion of Italy for Rome?
 RUTILIUS LUPUS
 B2: What Samnite chieftain stood against L. Caesar in the south? (C. PAPIUS) MUTILUS
12. What is the meaning of the Latin verb **nūbō**? TO MARRY
 B1: ...of the Latin verb **pacīscor**? TO BARGAN / MAKE A PACT / AGREEMENT
 B2: ...of the Latin verb **trūdō**? TO THRUST
13. What man, originally named Arnaeus, was an Ithican beggar who fought the disguised Odysseus at the instigation of Penelope's suitors? IRUS
 B1: Describe the manner in which Odysseus defeated Irus? WITH ONE PUNCH / BLOW
 B2: Which of the suitors took pity on the disguised Odysseus, prompting Odysseus to warn him to leave Ithaca? AMPHINOMUS
14. Translate the motto of the state of Maryland, **Scutō bonae voluntātis tuae coronāstī nōs.**
 WITH THE SHIELD OF THY GOOD WILL, THOU HAST COVERED US
 B1: What is the non-syncopated form of **coronāstī**? **CORONĀVISTĪ**
 B2: Which state's motto contains a gerund? NEW MEXICO'S (CRESCIT EUNDŌ)
15. List, in chronological order, the three works of Vergil.
 ECLOGUES / BUCOLICS, GEORGICS, AENEID
 B1: How many books are contained in Vergil's *Georgics*? FOUR
 B2: What two men edited the *Aeneid* after Vergil's death? VARIUS RUFUS & PLOTIUS TUCCA
16. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I shall read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question that follows:
Quattuor superherōēs coniungunt ut deum latrocinīi superent. Unus dē superherōibus, quī est quōque deus tonītrūs, malleum fert. Secundus "Ferreus Vir" nominātur. Tertio est pellis viridis cum irātus fit. Ultimus hōrum superheroum clipeum tenet et prīnceps Americanōrum est.
 Question: Why did the four superheroes join together?
 TO DEFEAT THE GOD OF TRICKERY (OR SOME EQUIVALENT OF **LATROCINIUM**)
 B1: Describe the first superhero mentioned in the passage.
 GOD OF THUNDER & HE CARRIES A HAMMER
 B2: What object does the last of these heroes hold? A SHIELD
17. What Roman emperor, the son of Valerian, ruled from 260 to 268 A.D.? GALLIENUS
 B1: Gallienus was challenged by a number of usurpers during his reign. What collective name do historians give to these usurpers?
 THIRTY TYRANTS
 B2: Who succeeded Gallienus? CLAUDIUS GOTHICUS / II

18. What Roman author's *Punica* is the longest extant poem in Latin Literature? SILIUS ITALICUS'
B1: How many books are contained in the *Punica*? 17
B2: How did Silius Italicus die? STARVED HIMSELF
19. Who hesitated to present his creation Phaenon to Zeus for fear that the young boy would be abducted? PROMETHEUS
B1: Zeus carried off Phaenon who became what planet? JUPITER
B2: Prometheus had a son named Deucalion. Who was Deucalion's mother? PRONOEA
20. What derivative of the Latin verb **pellō** is a mechanical device consisting of a revolving shaft with two or more broad angled blades attached to it? PROPELLER
B1: What derivative of **pellō** could be used to describe bug spray? REPELLENT
B2: What derivative of **pellō** is an English adjective synonymous with "coercive"? COMPULSARY

**2013 FJCL CERTAMEN
ADVANCED
SEMI FINAL ROUND**

1. Which of Odysseus' men convinced his crewmates to eat the cattle of the sun? EURYLOCHUS
B1: What did Helios threaten to do if Zeus did not punish Odysseus' crew? SHINE IN HADES
B2: What daughter and herdsman of Helios reported the sacrilege to her father? LAMPETIE
2. **Dēscribāmus nunc propriētātēs dictionum in hāc sententiā: "Gallia est omnis dīvīsa in partēs trēs." Cuius dēclinātionis est "omnis"?** TERTIAE
B1: **Quō casū est "partēs"?** ACCUSĀTĪVŌ
B2: **Dīc mihi prae-nōmen, nōmen, et cōgnomen auctoris hōrum verbōrum?** GAIUS IULIUS CAESAR
3. Aristomenes, Charite, and Lucius are all characters in what author's *Metamorphoses*? APULEIUS'
B1: How many books does this work contain? 11
B2: In what African city was Apuleius born? MADAURA
4. November 27th, 43 B.C., is considered by some historians to mark the end of the Republic because it marks the date on which the Second Triumvirate was legally recognized by what law? LEX TITIA
B1: Where had the members of the Second Triumvirate met in October of 43 B.C. to plan out their alliance? BONONIA
B2: At what city was an agreement forged which renewed the Second Triumvirate for five more years in 38 B.C.? TARENTUM
5. Give the comparative and superlative forms of **idoneus**. **MAGIS IDONEUS & MAXIMĒ IDONEUS**
B1: ...of **prae**. **PRIOR & PRĪMUS**
B2: ...of **super**. **SUPERIOR & SUMMUS / SUPRĒMUS**
6. What author composed sixteen *Satura* in 5 books and is infamous for his bitter humor and harsh criticism of many things from foreigners to past Romans? JUVENAL
B1: In which of Juvenal's satires does he criticize the rapid urbanization of Rome? THREE
B2: What emperor received heavy criticism throughout Juvenal's satires? DOMITIAN
7. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I shall read twice, and answer IN LATIN the question that follows:
- Mīnōtaruō victō, Theseus filō viam, quā vēnerat, celeriter repetīvit. Deinde Ariadnē quae metū tremēns, aspēxit. Theseus cum filiā Minōis et comitēs ad īnsulam Naxon navigāvērunt. Post paucōs diēs Ariadnē, autem, relicta est, quam ob rem difficile dictū est.**
- Question: **Quomodō Theseus viam repetīvit?** CELERITER
B1: **Quam Thesus aspēxit?** ARIADNĒN
B2: **Cur Theseus Ariadnēn reliquit?** DIFFICILE DICTŪ EST

8. Mneme, Melete, and Aoede were the three original names belonging to what mythological group?
MUSES
B1: According to Pausanias, who were the first to locate these Muses on Mt. Helicon?
OTUS & EPHEALTES
B2: What Thracian king lured the Muses into his house in order to rape them, only to see them
use their wings to fly away? PYRENEUS
9. Of the following imperial cities, which was NOT located in any province in **Hispania**: "**Cordoba**,"
"**Aquae Sulis**," "**Numantia**," "**Carthago Nova**"? AQUAE SULIS
B1: Which of these cities was NOT located on **Sicilia**: "**Panormus**," "**Eryx**," "**Puteoli**,"
"**Messana**"? PUTEOLĪ
B2: Which of these cities was NOT located in **Africa**: "**Tarsus**," "**Oea**," "**Alexandria**,"
"**Thapsus**"? TARSUS
10. Translate the verb form **laudāsse**. TO HAVE PRAISED
B1: Translate the verb form **laudantō**. LET THEM PRAISE
B2: Translate the verb form **laudaram**. I HAD PRAISED
11. What king, when blocked by the Amasenus River, swore to Diana that his infant daughter Camilla
would be her servant? METABUS
B1: In Book VII of the *Aeneid*, Camilla's swiftness is described. Give one of the two feats
which Camilla is able to perform? RUN ON WHEAT STALKS (WITHOUT BENDING THEM)
OR RACE OVER WATER (WITHOUT GETTING HER FEAT WET)
B2: What Nereid avenges Camilla's death in the *Aeneid* by killing the Trojan Arruns? OPIS
12. What comedy of Plautus is centered around Pyrgopolynices, a hilarious swaggering soldier?
MĪLES GLORIŌSUS
B1: In what comedy of Plautus does the title character trick the pimp Ballio? **PSEUDOLUS**
B2: In what comedy of Plautus is a young spendthrift saved through an old family friend
and a well-intentioned swindle? **TRINUMMUS**
13. Differentiate in meaning between **pangō** and **pascō**.
PANGŌ - FASTEN / FIX **PASCŌ** - FEED UPON
B1: ...between **focus** and **ficus**. **FOCUS** - HEARTH **FĪCUS** - FIG TREE
B2: ...between **locusta** and **locuples**? **LOCUSTA** - LOBSTER **LOCUPLES** - RICH
14. What battle, although really a draw, was claimed as a victory by the Romans since it ended their
war with Pyrrhus of Epirus? BENEVENTUM / MALVENTUM
B1: Who was the Roman commander at this battle? (M' CURIUS) DENTATUS
B2: Beneventum was fought in 275 B.C. In what year did Tarentum surrender to Rome? 272 B.C.
15. Identify the use of the subjunctive in this sentence: "**Quae cum ita sint, animalia dēfessa sunt.**"
CUM CAUSAL
B1: ... "**Erat dignus quī praemium reciperet**"? RELATIVE CLAUSE OF CHARACTERISTIC
B2: ... "**Quid faciamus dē periculō**"? DELIBERATIVE

16. What Roman author served as **arbiter elegantiae** in Nero's court? PETRONIUS
 B1: What work of Petronius is considered the first novel in Latin? **SATYRICON**
 B2: What freedman's banquet comprises most of the surviving portion of this work? TRIMALCHIO'S
17. Change the phrase **quaedam restis** to the dative singular. **CUIDAM RESTĪ**
 B1: Change **cuidam ravī** to the accusative. **QUANDAM RESTIM**
 B2: Change **quandam restim** to the plural. **QUĀSDAM RESTĪS**
18. In Book XVI of Homer's *Iliad*, which Trojan wounds Patroclus before he is killed by Hector?
 EUPHORBUS
 B1: By whom was Euphorbus killed in turn? MENELAUS
 B2: Some sources claim that it was Euphorbus, and not Hector, who killed what man as the
 Greeks arrived at Troy? PROTESILOUS
19. In order, name the Roman emperors who ruled between Macrinus and Gordian I.
 ELAGABALUS, ALEXANDER SEVERUS, MAXIMINUS THRAX
 B1: In order, name the Roman emperors who ruled between Gordian III and Aemilian?
 PHILLIP THE ARAB, DECIUS, TREBONIANUS GALLUS
 B2: In order, name the Roman emperors who ruled between Claudius Gothicus and Probus.
 AURELIAN, TACITUS, FLORIAN(US)
20. What university has as its motto **Dominus Illuminatio Mea**? OXFORD
 B1: Translate that motto. THE LORD, MY LIGHT
 B2: Cambridge University's motto **Hinc lucem et pocula sacra** figuratively means "From this place
 we gain enlightenment and sacred knowledge," translate it literally.
 HENCE / FROM THIS PLACE LIGHT AND SACRED GOBLETS

**2013 FJCL CERTAMEN
ADVANCED
FINAL ROUND**

1. What Latin phrase, equivalent to "when pigs fly," literally means "until the Greek Kalends"?
- AD KALENDĀS GRAECĀS**
- B1: What Latin phrase, synonymous with "treachery," reflects the Roman attitude toward their rivals in the Punic Wars?
- PUNICA FIDES**
- B2: What Latin phrase, equivalent to the English idiom "to take a bull by the horns," literally means to hold a wolf by the ears"?
- TENĒRE LUPUM AURIBUS**
2. What son of Priam was captured by Achilles and sold as a slave to the king of Lemnos?
- LYCAON**
- B1: What was Lycaon doing when he was captured?
- GARDENING / CUTTING FIG SHOOTS FOR HIS CHARIOT**
- B2: What man, a guest-friend of Lycaon, ransomed him and sent him to Arisbe?
- EETION (OF IMBROS)**
3. Translate the following sentence into English: **Quamvis Hannibal exercituī praesit, Punicī nōn vincent.**
- ALTHOUGH HANNIBAL IS IN CHARGE OF THE ARMY,
THE PUNICS / CARTHAGINIANS WILL NOT WIN / CONQUER**
- B1: Translate only the **cum** clause of the following sentence into Latin: "Although Dido had always loved her sister Anna, nevertheless she had to deceive her."
- CUM DIDŌ (SUAM) SOROREM ANNAM SEMPER AMĀVISSET**
- B2: Now translate the main clause of that sentence using a passive periphrastic.
- TAMEN EA SIBI FALLENDĀ ERAT**
4. A treatise on geography, biographies of Cato the Elder and Cicero, and a history of the world are all among the lost works of what Roman author, most famous for his *De Viris Illustribus*?
- CORNELIUS NEPOS**
- B1: How many books of biographies comprise Nepos' *Dē Virīs Illustribus*?
- 16**
- B2: What name is given to Nepos' three book history of the world?
- CHRONICA**
5. What battle field in modern Transylvania was the site of two Roman victories over the Dacians?
- TAPAE**
- B1: In what two years did these battles occur?
- 88 & 101 A.D.**
- B2: Who commanded the Roman army at the first engagement at Tapae?
- TETTIUS IULIANUS**
6. What two names are given by various authors to the wife of Proetus?
- ANTEIA & STHENEBOEA**
- B1: Whom did Stheneboea falsely accuse of rape after he rebuked her advances?
- BELLEROPHON**
- B2: Bellerophon, like Stheneboea, is known by two names. By what name was Bellerophon known before he killed his brother Bellerus?
- HIPPONOUS**
7. For the verb **soleō, solēre** give the 3rd person plural, pluperfect subjunctive.
- SOLITĪ/-AE/-A ESSENT**
- B1: Give the same form for the verb **gaudeō**.
- GĀVĪSĪ/-AE/-A ESSENT**
- B2: Give the same form for the verb **tondeō**.
- TOTONDISSENT**

8. What late Roman author of African descent wrote a nine book allegory on the marriage of Mercury and Philologia? **MARTIANUS CAPELLA**
 B1: Give the Latin title of this work. **DĒ NUPTIĪS MERCURIĪ ET PHILOLOGIAE**
 B2: What god recommends that Mercury marry Philologia? **APOLLO**

9. From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive "foreign"? **FORĪS - OUTSIDE**
 B1: From what Latin adverb, with what meaning, do we derive "denizen"? **INTUS - WITHIN**
 B2: From what Latin verb, with what meaning, do we derive "challenge"? **CALVOR - DECEIVE**

10. What Praetorian Prefect murdered his son-in-law Numerian and was put to death by Diocletian in 284 A.D.? **APER**
 B1: Where did Diocletian then defeat Numerian's brother Carinus? **MARGUS RIVER**
 B2: How did Carus, the father of Numerian and Carinus, die? **STRUCK BY LIGHTNING**

11. VISUAL TOSS UP. Pass out visual question to all players.

The following toss up question is a visual. We are currently providing each player with a copy of the visual. Please do not turn over the visual until instructed to do so. Also, please be mindful that this is a toss up question, so do not consult or communicate with your teammates. Please turn over the visual; you will have 10 seconds to examine it (wait 10 seconds). Here is your question:

Question: You are examining four distinct styles of Roman building material known as **opus**. Which type of **opus** is exhibited in picture "C"? **(OPUS) QUADRATUM**
 B1: Which type of **opus** is shown in picture "D"? **(OPUS) VITTATUM**
 B2: Which type of **opus** is shown in picture "A"? **(OPUS) RETICULATUM**

12. Complete the following analogy: **aureus : aureolus :: miser : _____**. **MISELLUS**
 B1: **...vīnum: vīnōsus :: pestis : _____**. **PESTILĒNS / PESTILENTUS**
 B2: **...fūnus : fūnestus :: turris : _____**. **TURRĪTUS**

13. Sometimes described as a single body with two heads and four arms, what brothers distinguished themselves in battle at Pylos, Calydon, Tory, and Elis and fought against such heroes as Nestor and Heracles? **MOLIONES / CTEATUS & EURYTUS**
 B1: Name either the mortal or the god who is considered to be the father of the Moliones. **ACTOR / POSEIDON**
 B2: At what city did Heracles ambush and kill the Moliones while they were on their way to the Isthmian Games? **CLEONAE**

14. What student of the rhetorician Fronto composed a miscellany of his notes during his long winter stay in Athens entitled *Noctēs Atticae*? **AULUS GELLIUS**
 B1: For what purpose did Aulus Gellius compose his *Noctēs Atticae*? **TO EDUCATE HIS CHILDREN**
 B2: This work contains a famous fable about whose encounter with a lion? **ANDROCLES / US'**

15. Listen carefully to the following passage from Eutropius' *Breviārium Ab Urbe Conditā*, I shall read twice, and answer IN LATIN the question that follows:

Annō urbis septingentēsīmō ferē ac nōnō, interfectō Caesare, cīvilia bella reparāta sunt. Percussōribus enim Caesaris senātus favēbat. Antonius cōsul, partium Caesaris, cīvilibus bellis opprimere eōs cōnābatur. Ergo, turbātā rē publicā, multa Antōnius scelera committēns, ā senātū hostis iūdicātus est.

Question: **Quō interfectō, cīvilia bella reparāta sunt?**

CAESARE

B1: **Quibus senātus favēbat?**

PERCUSSORIBUS CAESARIS

B2: **Respondē Anglicē: Quō annō ab urbe conditā hae rēs accidērunt?**

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16. What battle, the last major engagement between Rome and Mithridates VI, was won by Pompey in 66 B.C.?
B1: What battle of 72 B.C. was the last in which Lucullus had command of the Roman army before Pompey took over via the **Lex Manilia**?
B2: Whom did Mithridates defeat at Chalcedon in 74 B.C. to open the Third Mithridatic War?
- NICOPOLIS**
CABIRA
(M.) AURELIUS COTTA
17. What author, born at Suessa Aurunca, is credited as the first great writer of Satire?
B1: How many books of Satires did Lucilius write?
B2: What enemy of the Scipio's did Lucilius attack in his *Concilium Deōrum*?
- LUCILIUS**
30
LENTULUS LUPUS
18. **Quid Anglicē significat "harundō"?**
B1: **Quid Anglicē significat "hīrudō"?**
B2: **Quid Anglicē significat "hirundō"?**
- ARROW / SHAFT / REED / SPEAR**
LEECH
SWALLOW
19. What daughter of Bisaltes did Poseidon transform into an ewe to hide her from her other suitors?
B1: To what island had Poseidon carried Theophane and later transformed all of the island's inhabitants into cattle?
B2: When Theophane's suitors arrived at Crumissa, they began to slaughter all of the cattle. In a rather odd attempt to solve this problem, into what did Poseidon transform the suitors?
- THEOPHANE**
CRINISSA / CRUMISSA
WOLVES
20. Identify the speaker of the following lines from Book V of Vergil's *Aeneid*, which I will read as prose: **"Heu quianam tantī cīnxērunt aethera nimbī? Quidve, pater Neptunī, parās?"**
B1: **... "Sī tanta sunt praemia victīs, et tē lāpsōrum miseret, quae mūnera Nīsō digna dabis, prīmam meruī quī laude coronam nī mē, quae Salium, fortūna inimīca tulisset?"**
B2: **... "Nate deā, vōsque haec cognoscite, Teucrī, et mihi quae fuerint iuvenālī in corpore vīrēs et quā servētis revocātum ā morte Darēta."**
- PALINURUS**
NISUS
ENTELLUS