

2013 FJCL State Forum Hellenic History

Select the best answer for each question. All years are B.C.

Match the following events with the year in which each occurred:

1. Battle of Platea
a. 480 b. 479 c. 490 d. 481
2. Battle of Himera
a. 482 b. 481 c. 480 d. 479
3. Death of Pericles
a. 429 b. 430 c. 431 d. 432
4. Fall of the Thirty Tyrants
a. 404 b. 403 c. 402 d. 401
5. Battle of Megalopolis
a. 323 b. 330 c. 332 d. 331
6. Alexander the Great "solves" the Gordian Knot
a. 333 b. 332 c. 334 d. 331
7. Battle of Eurymedon
a. 465 b. 466 c. 468 d. 464
8. Zeugitae first admitted to the archonship
a. 458 b. 460 c. 462 d. 464
9. Assassination of Hipparchus
a. 512 b. 515 c. 513 d. 514
10. Battle of Amphipolis
a. 420 b. 419 c. 422 d. 423

Match the following people with their respective city-state or colony:

11. Brasidas
a. Athens b. Thebes c. Sparta d. Syracuse
12. Hieron
a. Athens b. Thebes c. Sparta d. Syracuse
13. Conon
a. Athens b. Thebes c. Sparta d. Syracuse

14. Hyperbolus
a. Athens b. Thebes c. Sparta d. Syracuse
15. Dion
a. Athens b. Thebes c. Sparta d. Syracuse
16. Jason
a. Argos b. Miletus c. Pherae d. Persia
17. Aristagoras
a. Argos b. Miletus c. Pherae d. Persia
18. Pheidon
a. Argos b. Miletus c. Pherae d. Persia
19. Mardonius
a. Argos b. Miletus c. Pherae d. Persia
20. Histiaeus
a. Macedon b. Argos c. Miletus d. Pherae

Choose the best answer to the following questions:

21. What agreement ended a conflict between Sparta and Athens in 446?
a. Peace of Nicias b. Treaty of Miletus
c. Peace of Callias d. Thirty Years' Peace
22. What Theban victory of 371 crushed Sparta's influence in Greece?
a. Mantinea b. Leuctra
c. Delium d. Arginusae
23. What agreement of 412 surrendered the Ionian cities to Persia in exchange for monetary support for the Spartan fleet?
a. Peace of Nicias b. Treaty of Miletus
c. Peace of Callias d. Thirty Years' Peace
24. What Macedonian general saved Alexander the Great's life at Granicus, but was later killed by Alexander in an argument?
a. Clitus the Black b. Glaucus
c. Parmenion d. Philotas
25. Which of the following is not a site of the Minoan civilization?
a. Tiryns b. Knossos c. Hagia Triada d. Phaistos

26. Which of the four Athenian classes was added by the reforms of Solon?
a. Thetes b. Zeugitae c. Hippeis d. Pentacosiomedimni
27. Who was the Spartan general who was sent in 414 to break the Athenian siege of Syracuse?
a. Leonidas b. Demosthenes c. Gylippus d. Agis
28. What Athenian general was sent to Sicily with reinforcements for Nicias?
a. Alcibiades b. Demosthenes c. Lamachus d. Cleophon
29. What Macedonian noble was in charge of the treasury of Babylon during Alexander's Indian campaign, and may have embezzled funds, but fled to Athens upon Alexander's return in 324?
a. Philotas b. Cassander c. Antipater d. Harpalus
30. What Persian cavalry commander was key to Artaxerxes II's victory at the battle of Cunaxa?
a. Cyrus b. Tissaphernes c. Tithraustes d. Pharnabazus
31. What Athenian lawgiver supposedly told Croesus that no man was happy so long as he was alive?
a. Solon b. Draco c. Cleisthenes d. Peisistratus
32. What Greek city did Alexander almost completely destroy in October of 335, as a warning to the other Greek city-states not to rebel?
a. Athens b. Corinth c. Thebes d. Sparta
33. What was the first Greek colony on the Italian mainland?
a. Paestum b. Naples c. Taras d. Cumae
34. After what battle in 425 did Cleon capture 120 Spartan hoplites?
a. Amphipolis b. Sphacteria c. Delium d. Plataea
35. At what battle in 479 B.C.E. did Xanthippus and the Athenian fleet destroy the Persian fleet, thus ending the Persian War?
a. Mycale b. Sestus c. Plataea d. Salamis
36. Which of the following was not a member of the Alcmaeonid family?
a. Megacles b. Hippias c. Cleisthenes d. Alcibiades
37. At what battle in 331 B.C.E. did Alexander defeat Darius?
a. Issus b. Gaugamela c. Granicus d. Tyre
38. What general of Alexander the Great was murdered in 330 in Ecbatana for his possible connection with the conspiracy of Philotas?
a. Antipater b. Cleitus c. Parmenion d. Amyntas
39. At what 354 battle did Philip II lose an eye?
a. Battle of Crocus Field b. Battle / siege of Methone
c. Battle of Thermopylae d. Battle / siege of Byzantium

40. What 406 battle was the last major Athenian victory in the Peloponnesian War? After the battle the Athenian generals were executed.
- a. Notium b. Aigospotamoi c. Cyzicus d. Arginusae
41. What philosopher was Alexander's tutor?
- a. Plato b. Socrates c. Aristotle d. Zeno
42. What Olympic athlete attempted to create a tyranny in Athens in 632 by seizing the Acropolis?
- a. Megacles b. Epimenides c. Cylon d. Theagenes
43. What tyrant of Megara supported the 632 coup in Athens?
- a. Megacles b. Epimenides c. Cylon d. Theagenes
44. What commander-in-chief of the Athenian forces at Marathon was given his own grave at the battle site?
- a. Callimachus b. Miltiades c. Aristides d. Cynegirus
45. What famous Athenian was the *strategos* of the Leontid tribe during the battle of Marathon?
- a. Callimachus b. Themistocles c. Aeschylus d. Aristides
46. What naval battle was waged at the same time as the Battle of Thermopylae in 480 B.C.E.?
- a. Salamis b. Sestus c. Mycale d. Artemisium
- 47-50. Arrange these events from the Peloponnesian War in chronological order.
- a. Mutilation of the Hermae b. Peace of Nicias
c. Battle of Notium d. Pericles' funeral oration