

# 2013 FJCL State Latin Forum

## Heptathlon

### Part 1. Mythology

1. Which bandit encountered by Theseus was known as the pine bender?  
a. Sinis                      b. Periphetes                      c. Sceiron                      d. Cercyon
2. Who fathered Scythes by a snake woman?  
a. Ares                      b. Heracles                      c. Zeus                      d. Aeolus
3. Who killed the giant Talos by revealing the giant's weakness in his ankle?  
a. Daedalus                      b. Medea                      c. Hippolyta                      d. Saemon
4. Who was the father of Leto?  
a. Phanes                      b. Hyperion                      c. Pontus                      d. Coeus
5. What son of Eos was the leader of the Ethiopians in the Trojan War?  
a. Aethiopus                      b. Antenor                      c. Memnon                      d. Sesostris
6. Who asked Odysseus' men to return to Aeaea to bury his body?  
a. Eumaeus                      b. Elpenor                      c. Demodocus                      d. Helicaon
7. Who judged the music contest between Pan and Apollo?  
a. Minos                      b. Tmolus                      c. Telephus                      d. Bianor

### Part 2. Vocabulary & Derivatives

8. Which of the following is not derived from the same Latin word?  
a. Multiply                      b. Surplice                      c. Implicate                      d. Complex
9. From what Latin word does the English word "vouch" come?  
a. Vox                      b. Voveo                      c. Locus                      d. Volo
10. Which of the following is derived from "dignus?"  
a. Dainty                      b. Danger                      c. Dire                      d. Indemnity
11. From what Latin word do we "urchin?"  
a. Urna                      b. Ericius                      c. Uro                      d. Orca
12. What is the Latin word for "shield?"  
a. Ancile                      b. Ancora                      c. Sotum                      d. Tetiger
13. What is the Latin word for "to lack?"  
a. Curo                      b. Careo                      c. Coligo                      d. Coteo
14. Which of the following is an antonym for "fames?"  
a. Catullus                      b. Obscurus                      c. Vetus                      d. Sitis

15. What is the meaning of the Latin word “dos?”  
a. Dowry      b. Wedding      c. Two      d. Banquet

**Part 3. Grammar**

16. What type of clause is being used in the sentence, “Venit ut eam videat”?  
a. Result      b. Relative      c. Purpose      d. Fearing
17. What type of participle is “audiendis?”  
a. Present Active      b. Perfect Passive  
c. Future Active      d. Future Passive
18. Which type of conditional is in the sentence, “Si hoc dicas, erres”?  
a. Future Less Vivid      b. Present General  
c. Past Contrary to Fact      d. Future More Vivid
19. Which of the following verbs does not use the ablative as a direct object?  
a. Careo      b. Fruor      c. Consulo      d. Potior
20. Which type of ablative is used in the following sentence, “Maximo gente natus est?”  
a. Agent      b. Separation      c. Means      d. Source
21. Which of the following is not a correct negative imperative?  
a. Ne feceris      b. Noli facere      c. Cave facias      d. Nequeas facere
22. In the sentence Rex se privavit oculis what case is *oculis* and why?  
a. Dative of disadvantage      b. Dative with Special Verbs  
c. Ablative of separation      d. Ablative of specification

**Part 4. Literature**

23. Who wrote the *Res Gestae*?  
a. Augustus      b. Livy      c. Tacitus      d. Claudius
24. Which author was banished because of “carmen et error”?  
a. Ovid      b. Tibullus      c. Catullus      d. Horace
25. What Greek poet inspired Vergil’s *Eclogues*?  
a. Theocritus      b. Callimachus  
c. Cleobulus      d. Naumachus
26. Who wrote the following, “Fato metelli fiunt consules”?  
a. Propertius      b. Tibullus      c. Gnaeus Naevius      d. Quintilian
27. How many books were in *Ab Urbe Condita*?  
a. 17      b. 58      c. 107      d. 142

28. Who wrote *the Apocolocyntosis*?
- a. Pliny the Elder
  - b. Seneca the Elder
  - c. Pliny the Younger
  - d. Seneca the Younger
29. Who wrote *the Satyricon*?
- a. Petronius
  - b. Propertius
  - c. Tibullus
  - d. Macrobius

### Part 5. Roman History

30. Which member of the First Triumvirate actually defeated the revolt of Spartacus?
- a. Pompey
  - b. Cicero
  - c. Crassus
  - d. Caesar
31. Who defeated Perseus at Pydna?
- a. Aemilius Paulus
  - b. Andriscus Maior
  - c. Scipio Asiaticus
  - d. Scipio Nausica
32. Who was the first Pontifex Maximus?
- a. Romulus
  - b. Postumius Tubertas
  - c. Numa Pompilius
  - d. Numa Marcius
33. What famous Lusitanian was murdered by his own men at the bribing of Roman leaders?
- a. Viriathus
  - b. Tautalus
  - c. Sileus
  - d. Iberius
34. Where did Cicero die?
- a. Cures
  - b. Formiae
  - c. Baiae
  - d. Arpinum
35. Where was the Roman victory against the Dacians in 88 AD?
- a. Ambracia
  - b. Tapae
  - c. Viminacium
  - d. Moesia
36. What wrestling instructor strangled Commodus to death on New Year's Eve in 192 AD?
- a. Quinctilius
  - b. Narcissus
  - c. Appius
  - d. Aufidius Victorinus

### Part 6. Customs

37. Which gladiator fought blind?
- a. Andabata
  - b. Essedarius
  - c. Myrmillo
  - d. Dimaccharius
38. Which of the following would not be involved in a roman funeral?
- a. Neniae
  - b. Designator
  - c. Laudatio
  - d. Codices
39. Which of the following was a Roman battle formation?
- a. Testudo
  - b. Turtur
  - c. Ursa
  - d. Cancer

40. In the Roman army a “Scorpio”\_was what?  
a. Seige weapon                      b. Nickname for the cavalry  
c. Soldier without a shield        d. Watch towers
41. What kind of slave oversaw a farm?  
a. Paedagogus    b. Ostiarius    c. Vilicus        d. Clippeus
42. On which hill could one find the “Tabularium”?  
a. Caelian            b. Capitoline    c. Viminal        d. Aventine
43. What was the Roman term for the back door?  
a. Antrum            b. Ianua        c. Posticum        d. Postilion

**Part VII: PMAQ**

44. Which state has the motto *audemus iura nostra defendere*?  
a. Michigan        b. Missouri        c. Arkansas        d. Alabama
45. *Sicut patribus sit deus*  
a. Boston            b. New York        c. Los Angeles    d. Philadelphia
46. Complete this quotation: *Carpe diem quam minimum credula \_\_\_\_\_*.  
a. postero            b. posterum        c. futurum        d. futuro
47. What phrase adjourns a meeting until an unspecified time?  
a. nullo die        b. sine die        c. ad hoc            d. ex partibus
48. *v.i.*  
a. namely            b. between life    c. see between    d. see below
49. *perstare et praestare*  
a. NYU                b. Columbia        c. Drexel            d. Brooklyn College
50. Multiply the number of emperors before Nerva by the heads of the dog Orthus. Then subtract from that number the number of words in the following sentence which are derived from Latin “The vivacious victor collapsed under the weight of his own hubris” then express that in Roman Numerals  
a. XIX                b. XXI                c. XXIII            d. XXV