

**REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2014**  
**CLASSICAL ART**

**For questions 1-20 refer to the images on p. 5 and 6.**

1. The dagger in **image 1** is an example of what technique?  
a. Niello                      b. Black Figure                      c. Filigree                      d. Chiaroscuro
2. The inscription in **image 2** can be found on:  
a. Hadrian's Mausoleum                      b. the Pantheon  
c. Temple of Antoninus and Faustina                      d. the Basilica of Maxentius
3. Where would a curious visitor go to see **image 3**?  
a. the British Museum                      b. the Acropolis Museum  
c. the Getty Museum                      d. the Louvre
4. **Image 4** is an example of what shape of pottery?  
a. Krater              b. Amphora              c. Kylix                      d. Olpe
5. **Image 5** is indicative of what period of Greek sculpture?  
a. Archaic Period              b. Classical Period                      c. Late Classical                      d. Hellenistic
6. **Image 6** is of the:  
a. Tomb of Hunting and Fishing                      b. Tomb of the Triclinium  
c. Sarcophagus of the Spouses                      d. Tomb of the Reliefs
7. The fresco in **image 7** decorated a wall in:  
a. Knossos                      b. Mycenae                      c. Santorini                      d. the Cyclades
8. **Image 8** can be found on the:  
a. Theater of Pompey                      b. Ara Pacis  
c. Temple of Vesta                      d. Mausoleum of Hadrian
9. The scene depicted in **image 9** was painted by which artist?  
a. Euphronius              b. Exekias                      c. Kleitias                      d. Lysippus
10. **Image 10** was sculpted by:  
a. Lysippus                      b. Phidias                      c. Myron                      d. Polyclitus
11. **Image 11** is painted in which Pompeian style?  
a. First Style                      b. Second Style                      c. Third Style                      d. Fourth Style
12. **Image 12** exemplifies the:  
a. Ionic Order                      b. Corinthian Order                      c. Doric Order                      d. Aeolic Order

13. **Image 13** is a bronze statue of which emperor?  
a. Hadrian  
b. Caracalla  
c. Marcus Aurelius  
d. Septimius Severus
14. Where would you find the mosaic in **image 14**?  
a. Villa of the Mysteries  
b. Domus Aurea  
c. House of the Surgeon  
d. House of the Faun
15. **Image 15** was built by which of the following architects?  
a. Callicrates  
b. Mnesicles  
c. Ictinus  
d. Vitruvius
16. **Image 16** is known as the:  
a. Anavyssos Kouros  
b. Calf-Bearer  
c. New York Kouros  
d. Critias Boy
17. What monument is depicted in **image 17**?  
a. The Mausoleum of Augustus  
b. Maison Carrée  
c. The Mausoleum of Hadrian  
d. The Tomb of Caecilia Metella
18. **Image 18** is an example of what pottery technique?  
a. bilingual  
b. contrapposto  
c. bucchero  
d. orientalizing
19. **Image 19** is an example of what shape of pottery?  
a. lekythos  
b. oinochoe  
c. kylix  
d. pyxis
20. Where is the treasury in **image 20** located?  
a. Athens  
b. Knossos  
c. Ephesus  
d. Delphi
21. Which of the following archaeologists excavated at Pylos?  
a. Sir Arthur Evans  
b. Heinrich Schliemann  
c. Carl Blegen  
d. Michael Ventris
22. This style of Greek pottery is decorated with black bands, concentric circles, and wavy lines.  
a. Red Figure  
b. Orientalizing  
c. Geometric  
d. Protogeometric
23. Which of the following vase shapes is used as a drinking cup?  
a. Amphora  
b. Kylix  
c. Krater  
d. Lekythos
24. Which of the following is an example of a tholos tomb?  
a. Queen's Megaron at Knossos  
b. Treasury of the Athenians  
c. Treasury of Atreus  
d. Great Altar at Pergamum
25. The Portland Vase, believed to depict Peleus and the sea nymph Thetis, is made from:  
a. Silver  
b. Terracotta  
c. Cameo Glass  
d. Clay
26. Where was the Blinding of Polyphemus statuary group found?  
a. Tivoli  
b. Sperlonga  
c. Rome  
d. Pompeii

27. In the over lifesize statue of Claudius as Jupiter c. AD 50 what appears at the emperor's feet?  
 a. a dolphin                      b. cupid                      c. an eagle                      d. a dying Gaul
28. What is the triangle formed by the roof at each end of a temple called?  
 a. Pediment                      b. Metope                      c. Peristyle                      d. Stylobate
29. Which of the following statues is situated contrapposto?  
 a. New York Kouros                      b. Critias Boy                      c. Peplos Kore                      d. Calf-Bearer
30. Which of the following themes is not included in the metopes decorating the Parthenon?  
 a. Gigantomachy    b. Lapiths and Centaurs    c. Amazonomachy    d. Labors of Heracles
31. Which of the following was constructed in the Ionic Order?  
 a. Temple of Athena Nike                      b. Temple of Zeus at Olympia  
 c. Propylaea                      d. Temple of Olympian Zeus at Athens
32. What theme is depicted on the West pediment of the Parthenon?  
 a. the Birth of Athena                      b. the Panathenaic Procession  
 c. the Competition for Athens' Patronage                      d. the Odyssey
33. Which sculptor wrote *The Canon* which discusses the ideal proportions of the human body?  
 a. Praxiteles                      b. Polyclitus                      c. Myron                      d. Phidias
34. Which of the following was sculpted by Praxiteles?  
 a. Charioteer of Delphi                      b. Discobolus  
 c. Aphrodite of Cnidus                      d. Riace Bronzes
35. The years c.600 – 480 BC correspond to which period of sculpture?  
 a. Classical Period    b. Archaic Period    c. Late Classical Period    d. Hellenistic Period
36. Which emperor built the first permanent stadium in Rome?  
 a. Domitian                      b. Trajan                      c. Tiberius                      d. Vespasian
37. Which monument depicts the Roman army crossing a pontoon bridge over a personification of the Danube?  
 a. Arch of Constantine                      b. Trajan's Column  
 c. Hadrian's Column                      d. Arch of Titus
38. What part of a Greek temple housed the statue of the god?  
 a. Naos                      b. Opisthodomos                      c. Pronaos                      d. Stylobate
39. What is the term for a ritual carrying out of a corpse for burial, a scene depicted famously on the Dipylon vases?  
 a. ephitaphios                      b. loutrophoros                      c. prothesis                      d. ekphora

40. What type of pottery is characterized by its shiny black surface?  
a. bilingual                      b. bucchero                      c. red figure                      d. black figure
41. Which of the following sculptures is an example of verism?  
a. Apollo of Veii                      b. Chimera of Arezzo  
c. Pompey the Great                      d. Augustus of Prima Porta
42. Where would one go today to visit the Augustus of Prima Porta?  
a. Louvre                      b. Pompeii                      c. British Museum                      d. Vatican Museums
43. Which monument near the Colosseum was built to commemorate the defeat of Maxentius?  
a. Arch of Constantine                      b. Milvian Bridge  
c. Trajan's Column                      d. Arch of Septimius Severus
44. Which of the following works depicts the return of the Parthian standards?  
a. Augustus of Prima Porta                      b. Altar of Pergamum  
c. Ara Pacis                      d. Temple of Mars Ultor
45. Which of the following structures was built by the Flavian Emperors?  
a. Domus Aurea                      b. Arch of Titus  
c. Cloaca Maxima                      d. Temple of Antoninus and Faustina
46. What is depicted in the lower register of the Gemma Augustea?  
a. Imperial Procession                      b. Triumphal Procession  
c. Roman soldiers erecting a trophy                      d. Trojan War
47. Which of the following floors of the Colosseum is correctly matched with the order of its columns?  
a. Ground Floor – Doric Order                      b. 1<sup>st</sup> Floor – Corinthian Order  
c. 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor – Tuscan Order                      d. Ground Floor – Ionic Order
48. Where in Pompeii was the chained dog mosaic found warning "Cave Canem"?  
a. The House of the Tragic Poet                      b. The House of the Surgeon  
c. The House of the Vettii                      d. The House of the Fawn
49. What is the architectural term for the intersection of two barrel vaults of the same height?  
a. groin vault                      b. arch  
c. cupola                      d. clerestory
50. Which of the following animals is not depicted in the Suovetaurilia Relief in the Louvre?  
a. sheep                      b. bull  
c. pig                      d. goat



image 1



image 2



image 3

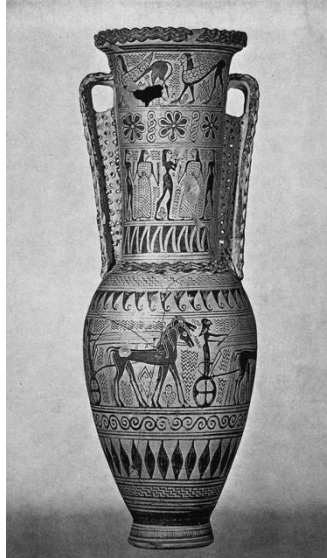


image 4



image 5



image 6

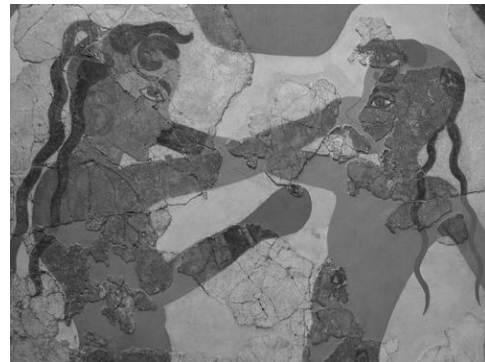


image 7



image 8



image 9



image 10



image 11

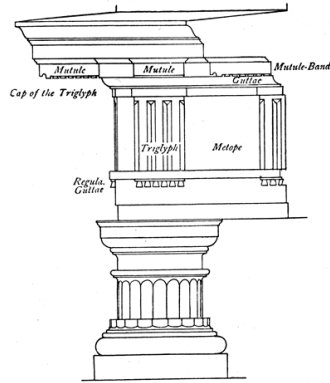


image 12



image 13



image 14



image 15



image 16



image 17



image 18



image 19



image 20