## 2015 FJCL State Latin Forum Pentathlon

N.B. There are no macra on this test

## Part I. Grammar

1. In the sentence: "Multis annis quod homines pessimi erant, Iuppiter ipse maxima ira commovebatur" what is the best meaning for "quod"?
a. Before
b. Which
c. Whom
d. Because
2. What is the tense of 'fecit'?
a. Perfect
b. Present
c. Imperfect
d. Future
3. That consul was killed in battle.
a. hic
b. ille
c. ea
d. quidam
4. Iuppiter eōs servāre cupīvit quod $\qquad$ erant.
a. optimus
b. optimi
c. optimos
d. optimae
5. What forms are 'circumdare' and 'tergere'?
a. subjunctives
b. gerundives
c. infinitives
d. participles
6. What is the case of "celeritas"?
a. Genitive
b. Dative
c. Nominative
d. Accusative
7. Those are the boys whom we saw.
a. quem
b. quos
c. quibus
d. qui
8. Of the words pello, incipio, cogito, and facio, which is NOT third conjugation?
a. pello
b. incipio
c. cogito
d. facio
9. What tense is 'aedificaverat'?
a. Present
b. Imperfect
c. Perfect
d. Pluperfect
10. What type of ablative is illustrated by the phrase summa cum laude?
a. Means
b. Agent
c. Accompaniment d. Manner

## Part II. Vocabulary / Derivatives

Select best meaning for following Latin words:
11. habeo
a. have
b. habit
c. inhabit
d. haven
12. possum
a. can
b. be
c. power
d. potential
13. deleo
a. capture
b. destroy
c. owe
d. die
14. gero
a. dance
b. throw
c. grow old
d. conduct
15. opus
a. help
b. work
c. resource
d. height

Select the meaning of the Latin word from which the given word is derived:
16. somber
a. sadness
b. shade
c. sleep
d. anger
17. fugitive
a. to go
b. to flee
c. to run
d. to move
18. decadent
a. hide
b. repeat
c. cut
d. fall
19. missive
a. throw
b. jump
c. send
d. write
20. secession
a. sit
b. yield
c. fight
d. kill

## Part III. Mythology

21. Who was so handsome a man that the goddesses Venus and Proserpina fell in love with him.
a. Hyacinthus
b. Adonis
c. Narcissus
d. Heracles
22. Whose name gave rise to meaning "Opponent"? She was the goddess of vengeance.
a. Antigone
b. Echo
c. Nemesis
d. Thanatos
23. Which of these was the river of forgetfulness?
a. Styx
b. Lethe
c. Cocytus
d. Acheron
24. Who served as a guide for Telemachus in the Odyssey?
a. Teiresias
b. Chiron
c. Theocritis
d. Mentor
25. Which deity gave Heracles a golden cup in order to sail the Mediterranean?
a. Athena
b. Helios
c. Zeus
d. Dionysus
26. Which goddess has the name that shows she was born from the foam of the sea?
a. Hestia
b. Demeter
c. Aphrodite
d. Artemis
27. Which goddess has a mother who lives in her father's head and advises him as needed?
a. Minerva
b. Ceres
c. Venus
d. Demeter
28. On what island were Apollo and Diana born?
a. Fira
b. Delos
c. Paros
d. Mykonos
29. Who led the expedition of the Seven Against Thebes
a. Adrastus
b. Tydeus
c. Polyneices
d. Amphiaraus
30. What two sons of Europa (who was turned into a cow and hounded by a gadfly by the jealous Juno) became great justices in life and later judges in the underworld after their death?
a. Ajax and Diomedes
b. Minos and Rhadmanthus
c. Hero and Leander
d. Otis and Ephiliatis

## Part IV. Roman History

31. How many years after the traditional date for the founding of Rome by Romulus and Remus did the Romans overthrow the last king and form a republic?
a. 56
b. 244
c. 509
d. 753
32. Which famous Roman orator and statesman killed himself in 46 B.C.?
a. Cato
b. Cicero
c. Brutus
d. Plutarch
33. Which emperor was married to Messalina?
a. Augustus
b. Tiberius
c. Tullius
d. Cato
34. Who was the mother of Julius Caesar?
a. Aurelia
b. Arethusa
c. Cinna
d. Cornelia
35. What brothers led an uprising of the Plebians in an effort of land reform to take lands from the wealthy and distribute it to the poor and military veterans?
a. Gracchi
b. Tarquinii
c. Metarchii
d. Horatii
36. What general, who later became emperor, fought in Britain for Claudius?
a. Otho
b. Titus
c. Hadrian
d. Vespasian
37. Who was defeated at the Battle of Zama?
a. Hannibal
b. Scipio Africanus
c. Fabricius
d. Pyrrhus
38. Which emperor of Rome was assassinated on the last day of A.D. 192?
a. Commodus
b. Nero
c. Domitian
d. Caligula
39. Who sacked Rome in 410 A.D.?
a. Geiseric
b. Alaric
c. Brennus
d. Atilla
40. Which of the Five Good Emperors came first?
a. Trajan
b. Nerva
c. Hadrian
d. Marcus Aurelius

## Part V. Customs

41. The $1^{\text {st }}, 5^{\text {th }}$, and $13^{\text {th }}$ of most months were given specific names. Put the three names in correct order:
a. Kalendae, Nonae, Idus
b. Nonae, Idus, Kalendae
c. Idus, Kalendae, Nonae
d. Kalendae, Idus, Nonae
42. What were the traditional colors worn by brides at their weddings?
a. Orange and saffron yellow for Aurora
b. Blue and white for Venus
c. Peacock multi-colors for Juno
d. Green and pink for Proserpina
43. The garment worn by a triumphator during his triumph and possibly by other dignitaries at very special occasions was brightly colored. This was the $\qquad$ .
a. Latus clavus (laticlavium)
b. Tunica palmata
b. Angustus clavus
d. toga picta
44. What toga was worn by a Roman men after their coming of age ceremony around their $16^{\text {th }}$ birthdays was the:
a. Toga praetexta
b. Toga pura
c. Toga candida
d. Toga pulla
45. In a bath house, this is the changing room.
a. Fridgidarium
b. Tepidarium
c. Calidarium
d. Apodyterium
46. What was the dividing wall in a Roman circus?
a. meta
b. oppida
c. calx
d. spina
47. What did a Romans call the slave of a slave?
a. paedagogus
b. vilicus
c. vicarius
d. verna
48. In the Roman house, where were the imagines kept?
a. peristylium
b. alae
c. tablinum
d. cubiculum
49. At which wedding ceremony was it necessary to have ten witnesses?
a. contubernium
b. coemptio
c. usus
d. confarreatio
50. This was branded into a runaway slave.
a. an "R"
b. his name
c. his selling price
d. an "F"
