

2016 FJCL State Latin Forum Derivatives II

I. Choose the response which means the same as the underlined word.

1. The lachrymose child could not be comforted.
a. screaming b. crying c. sleepless d. blind
2. Social media allows one to quickly disseminate information to a multitude.
a. wide variety b. select audience c. large crowd d. powerful entity
3. The artist is described as morose and reclusive.
a. gloomy b. passionate c. nonconformist d. fake
4. The artist is described as morose and reclusive.
a. religious b. careless c. charismatic d. solitary
5. Caia moves with passerine grace.
a. horselike b. unsophisticated c. catlike d. birdlike
6. Due to the paucity of volunteers, the project was put on hold.
a. scarcity b. dishonesty c. unreliability d. crimes
7. Ardent fans of the book series were disappointed by the film adaptation.
a. expectant b. grumpy c. fervent d. many
8. Brutus bought his son a chemistry set to encourage a nascent interest.
a. waning b. prestigious c. scientific d. developing
9. For their safety, be cognizant of the time small children spend in the pool.
a. aware b. stingy c. protective d. strict
10. The senator's speech was rendered impotent by the subsequent scandal revealing his office's corruption.
a. confusing b. hypocritical c. fertile d. powerless

II. Choose the meaning of the Latin word from which the English word is derived.

11. militant
a. many b. soldier c. thousand d. resembling
12. aboriginal
a. to rise b. to read c. to begin d. to tear
13. contagious
a. to stand b. to speak c. to bring d. to touch

14. infliction
 a. to strike b. to weep c. to proclaim d. to bend
15. reflection
 a. to weep b. to proclaim c. to bend d. to strike
16. immutable
 a. to cast a spell b. to take c. to abandon d. to change
17. dolorous
 a. joy b. anger c. darkness d. pain
18. conspicuous
 a. to look at b. to lead c. to flee d. to take
19. delete
 a. to change b. to destroy c. to move d. to widen
20. edifice
 a. to crowd b. to eat c. to build d. to enlarge

III. Choose the English word which is derived from the given Latin word.

21. dux
 a. reduction b. doxology c. duchy d. redundant
22. rego
 a. adroit b. dexterous c. respond d. reference
23. solveo
 a. insolvent b. salad c. soliloquy d. salivate
24. pōnere
 a. suspend b. penitentiary c. ponder d. provost
25. linquo
 a. liquid b. list c. identify d. derelict
26. ācer
 a. secant b. ace c. assessment d. acrid
27. tempus
 a. timid b. temporary c. tempt d. empty
28. gerere
 a. general b. creed c. greet d. gestate

29. alius
 a. luster b. algae c. alien d. alas
30. malleus
 a. malady b. mallet c. dismal d. manager

IV. Choose the Latin word from which the given English word is derived.

31. immaculate
 a. malus b. magnus c. manus d. macula
32. pejorative
 a. malus b. magnus c. parvus d. penna
33. desolation
 a. sinus b. dēlēre c. solus d. dens
34. indoctrination
 a. dens b. crēscēre c. docēre d. experior
35. vain
 a. ēvanēscō b. vānus c. venīre d. via
36. revive
 a. vinum b. vīvere c. vocāre d. vincere
37. inspire
 a. spīrāre b. spectāre c. studēre d. pirus
38. judicious
 a. impedimentum b. incendium c. iubēre d. iudex
39. pacific
 a. paucī b. pāx c. pugnāre d. putāre
40. celebrity
 a. celer b. bursa c. cerebrālis d. celebrer

V. Choose the word that does not belong by derivation.

41. a. bonafide b. ameliorate c. maximize d. optimal
42. a. chance b. candle c. chandler d. chandelier
43. a. adequate b. equality c. equator d. acute
44. a. invest b. vestments c. travesty d. harvest

45. a. enormous b. abnormality c. nocturnal d. normative

VI. Choose the word derived from the same Latin root as the given word.

46. endorse
a. dome b. duodecimal c. dossier d. domestic

47. dubious
a. dulcify b. deuce c. perdure d. indignant

48. adjourn
a. diary b. digital c. drums d. determine

49. infinitive
a. confine b. bifocal c. effeminate d. infidel

50. aggravate
a. gross b. gravity c. segregate d. gentle