# 2017 FJCL State Latin Forum <br> Pentathlon 

## Choose the best possible answer.

## Part A) Grammar

Passage 1: Athenis vivebant Theseus eiusque pater, rex Aegeus. Illo tempore cives regi insulae Cretae poenas dabant: septem pueros et eundem numerum puellarum ad eum mittebant. Hae quattuordecim victimae Minotauro suas vitas dabant. (38 Latin Stories, Ch. 15).

1. In line 1 what case and use is Athenis?
a. Ablative of Place Where
c. Dative of Place where
b. Genitive of Place From Which
d. Accusative - Direct Object
2. What type of word is eiusque?
a. Reflexive Pronoun
c. Adjective
b. Personal Pronoun
d. Adverb
3. In line 2 what tense and voice is dabant?
a. Perfect Passive
c. Imperfect Active
b. Present Passive
d. Future Active
4. What is the accusative in line 3 ?
a. Quattuordecim
b. Minotauro
c. Victimae
d. Suas vitas
5. What case is quattuordecim?
a. Accusative
b. Nominative
c. Genitive
d. Vocative

Passage 2: In Asia erat magna urbs, Troia. Ibi rex Priamus vivebat. Paris, fillius illius, Helenam, pulchram feminam Graecam, ceperat. Propter hoc vitium multi Graeci ad Asiam venerant et diu cum Troianis bellum acerbum gesserant. Muros autem Urbis superare non potuerant. (38 Latin Stories, Ch. 12).
6. What tense and voice is erat?
a. Future Active
c. Imperfect Active
b. Present Active
d. Pluperfect Active
7. What case and number is illius?
a. Nominative Singular
c. Nominative Plural
b. Genitive Singular
d. Accusative Plural
8. What is the nominative in lines 2-3 (Propter hoc....gesserant.)?
a. Hoc vitium
c. "they" assumed
b. Troianis
d. Multi Graeci
9. What tense and voice is gesserant?
a. Imperfect Active
c. Pluperfect Active
b. Future Perfect Active
d. Perfect Active
10. Identify the form and use of superare.
a. Infinitive/Complimentary
c. Indicative/Indicating a fact
b. Infinitive/Subjective
d. Imperative/Command

## Part B) Mythology

11. What do Chimera, Cerberus \& Echidna all have in common?
a. All are monsters.
b. All are made from different animals combined.
c. All are female.
d. All live in the Underworld.
12. Which is a list of the 3 Graces?
a. Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos
c. Calliope, Clio, Erato
b. Alecto, Megaera, Tisiphone
d. Aglaia, Euphrosyne, Thalia
13. What prophetess daughter of Hecuba was destined to be ignored by all?
a. Helen
b. Cassandra
c. Creusa
d. Polyxena
14. How are Perseus and Acrisius related?
a. Grandson and grandfather.
c. Father and son.
b. Brothers.
d.Cousins.
15. What was not a punishment in the Underworld?
a. Eternal hunger and thirst.
c. Spinning wheel of fire.
b. Rolling a boulder up hill.
d. Eternal confusion.
16. What task did Heracles complete last?
a. Obtained the Girdle of the Amazon Queen.
b. Obtained the Cattle of Geryon.
c. Capture Cerberus.
d. Stole the Apples of the Hesperides.
17. What was the name of Jason's ship?
a. The Argo.
b. The Hellspont.
c. The Colchis
d. The Medusa.
18. Who was Echion?
a. Son of Creon
c. Son of Echidna
b. A dragon tooth warrior of Cadmus'
d. A sailor on the Argo
19. Who is not a prophet?
a. Tisamenus
b. Polyidus
c. Polyxo
d. Tiresias
20. What group do Zephyrus, Aeolus, Auster \& Africus belong?
a. Olympians
b.Titans
c. Winds
d. Trojans

## Part C) Customs

21. In what room of the house would you find garum?
a. Cubiculum
b.Tablinum
c. Atrium
d. Culina
22. What would you find at a comissatio?
a. Mulsa
b. Mustum
c. Acetum
d. Secunda mensa
23. What is not related to Roman religion?
a. Pontifex Maximus
b. Auspex
c. Haruspex
d. Deductio
24. Which is NOT a type of gladiator?
a. Auriga
b. Retiarius
c. Murmillo
d. Velites
25. What was worn by male slaves?
a. Toga sordidati
b. Toga libera
c. Tunica
d. Toga virilis
26. Which was a good "sign" or "omen" in Rome?
a. When a raven flew in the left quadrant.
b. When a crow flew in the left quadrant.
c. When the liver had black spots on it.
d. When a rooster crowed.
27. What order would you visit the rooms of the Thermae?
a. Frigidarium, tepdarium, caldarium, apodyterium
b. Apodyterium, tepidarium, caldarium, frigidarium
c. Caldarium, frigidarium, apodyterium, tepidarium
d. Apodyterium, thermopolium, unctorium, caldarium
28. What was celebrated on February $24^{\text {th }}$ during the late republic?
a. Regifugium
b. Lupercalia.
c. Sementivae
d. Feralia
29. What were the following things used for? Paterae, arae, secures.
a. Eating
b. Farming
c. Ritual sacrifice
d. Warring
30. What was the name of the person who was the local launderer in Rome?
a. Laboror
b. Imperator.
c. Sacerdos
d. Fullo

## Part D) History

31. Who were the parents of Romulus \& Remus?
a. Rhea Silvia \& Mars
c. Venus \& Mars
b. Gaia \& Saturn
d. Hersilia \& Titus Tatius
32. Who was not in the first triumvirate?
a. Caesar
b. Antony
c. Crassus
d. Pompey
33. Who was the Iast Julio-Claudian emperor?
a. Caligula
b. Claudius
c. Nero
d. Tiberius
34. What phrase did Caesar send to the Senate after his defeat of Pharnaces II of Pontus in 47 BC ?
a. Veni, Vidi, Vici!
c. Et tu, Brute?
b. Alea iacta est!
d. Peccavi!
35. Who was Augustus' daughter NOT married to?
a. Marcellus
b. Marcus Antonius
c. Marcus Agrippa
d. Tiberius
36. What date did the Empire begin?
a. January $1^{\text {st }}, 31 \mathrm{BC}$
c. January $16^{\text {th }}, 27 \mathrm{BC}$
b. August $1^{\text {st }}, 24 \mathrm{BC}$
d. October $5^{\text {th }}, 2$ BC
37. Who was defeated at Actium in 31 BC ?
a. Octavian \& Agrippa
c. Brutus \& Cassius
b. Marc Antony \& Cleopatra
d. Pompey \& the Optimates
38. Which Emperor was NOT assassinated by the Praetorian Guard?
a. Caligula
b. Elagabalus
c. Theodosius
d. Galba
39. Who invaded Italy in AD 452 on behalf of his betrothed, Honoria?
a. Alaric
b. Attila
c. Asturias
d. Ataulf
40. What do Maximinus Thrax, Gordian I and Philip the Arab have in common?
a. They were all Barracks Emperors.
b. They were part of the 5 Good Emperors.
c. They were all born in Italy.
d. They all Christian emperors.

## Part E) Derivatives/Vocabulary

## Select best meaning for following Latin words:

41. Invenio
a. To arrive at
b. To invent
c. To find
d. To inhabit
42. Ianua
a. Annual
b. Door
c. New
d. Old
43. Os
a. Mouth
b. Bone
c. Ox
d. Coin
44. Lavo
a. To throw
b. To enjoy
c. To hate
d. To wash
45. Nox
a. Knock
b. Weekly
c. Needy
d. Night

## Select the meaning of the Latin word from which the given word is derived:

46. Quiescent
a. Rest
b. Quest
c. Question
d. Smell
47. Deify
a. Day
b. Date
c. God
d. Daily
48. Adjunct
a. Go towards
b. Join
c. Judge
d. Juncture
49. Rhetorician
a. Rays
b. Speaker
c. Worker
d. Return
50. Pejorative
a. Worse
b. Insult
c. Yield
d. Ask
