

**Regional Latin Forum 2018**  
**Grammar I**

**I. Choose the answer that best fills the blank.**

1. Marcus ab arbore \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. discedo      b. discedunt      c. discessit      d. discedis
2. Puella fabulam \_\_\_\_ legit.  
a. frater      b. fratribus      c. fratris      d. fratres
3. rogare: rogavit:: \_\_\_\_: fuit.  
a. fugere      b. esse      c. fleo      d. augere
4. Miles captivo clamat “ \_\_\_\_ ad portam”.  
a. sta      b. state      c. stat      d. steti
5. Servus \_\_\_\_ parat.  
a. cena      b. cenam      c. cenae      d. cenarum
6. \_\_\_\_ hostibus arma tradidit.  
a. dux      b. ducibus      c. duces      d. duce
7. Cicero in foro \_\_\_\_ facit.  
a. verbo      b. verbis      c. verba      d. verbi
8. \_\_\_\_, porta frumentum in casam.  
a. Cornelius      b. Corneliae      c. Corneli      d. Corneliam
9. Monet Marcum serpentem \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. vito      b. vitant      c. vitat      d. vitare
10. Rana insectam \_\_\_\_ cepit.  
a. linguam      b. linguae      c. linguas      d. lingua
11. Pater materque \_\_\_\_ in silva ambulant.  
a. ex libris      b. cum liberis      c. liberi      d. libris
12. Equus \_\_\_\_ cucurrit et cursum vicit.  
a. magna cum celeritate      b. magna celeritas  
c. magnam celeritatem      d. magnis celeritatibus
13. Andromeda ab monstro \_\_\_\_ cupivit.  
a. fugere      b. fugiturus      c. fugunt      d. fugit

**II. Choose the word that does NOT belong grammatically.**

14. a. legimus      b. debemus      c. intramus      d. egimus  
15. a. ducis      b. fac      c. dicite      d. duc  
16. a. ab      b. de      c. cum      d. ad  
17. a. oppidum      b. templum      c. signum      d. legum  
18. a. tempus      b. urbs      c. iter      d. flumen  
19. a. perterrita      b. ignava      c. clara      d. patria  
20. a. cepi      b. auxi      c. audi      d. tradidi  
21. a. demonstrate      b. nuntiate      c. vocate      d. tempestate  
22. a. Caesari      b. Corneliae      c. Marci      d. Veneris  
23. a. ambulabunt      b. scribunt      c. docebunt      d. facient  
24. a. accipio      b. dormio      c. venio      d. scio

**III. Match these translations to questions 25-28.**

(Proper punctuation omitted- bona fortuna!)

- a. You will not carry the golden branch to Prosepina, will you.  
b. You will carry the golden branch to Prosepina, won't you.  
c. Will you carry the golden branch to Prosepina.  
d. You will carry the golden branch to Prosepina.
25. Nonne ramum aureum ad Prosepinam portabis.  
26. Num ramum aureum ad Proserpinam portabis.  
27. Ramum aureum ad Proserpinam portabis.  
28. Portabisne ramum aureum ad Proserpinam.

**IV. Choose the answer that best translates the underlined word(s) or answers the question.**

29. Which preposition sometimes takes an accusative?  
 a. in                      b. ex                      c. de                      d. ab
30. What was the name of Rome's last king?  
 a. nominis                b. nomine                c. nomini                d. nomen
31. Which verb part is the present active infinitive?  
 a. first                    b. second                c. third                    d. fourth
32. Horatius Cocles appellatus est quod an eye amiserat.  
 a. oculus                b. oculi                    c. oculum                d. oculo
33. Romans were vanquished by Pyrrhus, King of Epirus.  
 a. rex Epiri              b. regem Epiri          c. rege Epiri            d. regi Epiri
34. Numa had given the sacred calendar to the Romans.  
 a. dederat                b. dat                      c. dabat                d. dabit
35. Numa had been given the calendar by Egeria.  
 a. datus est              b. datus erat            c. datur                d. dabatur
36. Cornelia's jewels were her sons.  
 a. Cornelia              b. Corneliae            c. Corneliam            d. Corneliarum
37. Augustus built IX temples to the gods. II were struck by lightning. How many survived?  
 a. III                      b. V                        c. VII                      d. X
38. In winter children love to play in the snow.  
 a. hiems                b. hiemis                c. hiemem                d. hieme
39. 2. Cras nos ad Italiam \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. navigant              b. navigabimus          c. navigavimus          d. navigaverat

**V. Questions 40- 50 refer to the following passage.**

Per paucos menses vacuum relictum est domicilium (house) in quo senex olim habitabat. Tandem venit Athenas philosophus Athenodorus. Domicilium conducere cupivit, sed amici fabulam de imagine narraverunt. Nihilominus (nevertheless) domicilium conduxit. Ubi nox venit, lectum posuit in prima domicili parte et  
 5 servos tabellas, stilum, lumen portare iussit. Solus sine servis mansit et scripsit. oculos in tabellos tenuit. Primo silentium noctis; deinde vincula (chains) audiuntur. Oculos non movet. Sonus vinculorum appropinquat; iam ad portam, iam intra portam auditur. Ad sonum oculos vertit, imaginem videt. Imago stabat et digitis innuebat. Philosophus autem in lecto permanet, rursus stilo et tabellis  
 10 laborat. Mox sonus vinculorum iterum auditur. Philosophus ad portam spectat, iterum imaginem videt. Non iam dubitat. Lumen capit et imaginem sequitur (follows). Senex difficultate magna ambulat quod pedibus vincula trahit. Postquam in peristylum domicili pervenit, subito non iam videtur. Philosophus in loco ubi imago  fuerat signum ponit. Postero die, Athenodorus fabulam amicis narravit.  
 15 Fabula commoti, servos locum effodire iusserunt. Inveniuntur ossa (bones) et vincula. Numquam postea imago senis visa est.

40. What is the best translation of *conduxit* (line 4)?  
 a. rented            b. will rent            c. rents            d. had been rented
41. What is the best translation of *innuebat* (line 9)?  
 a. will beckon    b. had beckoned    c. was beckoning    d. beckons
42. What is the best translation of *fuerat* (line 14)?  
 a. had been    b. is            c. used to be            d. will have been
43. What case is *pedibus* (line 12)?  
 a. nominative    b. dative            c. accusative            d. ablative
44. Who once had lived in the little house?  
 a. an old man    b. Athenodorus    c. Athena            d. a philosopher
45. What did friends say about the house?  
 a. too expensive            b. it was haunted  
 c. philosophers had taught there            d. it had a beautiful garden

46. What **didn't** the man have with him when night came?  
a. tablets      b. slaves      c. stylus      d. light
47. What did the man hear at **FIRST**?  
a. nothing      b. chains      c. screaming      d. dogs
48. How would you interpret the word *imago* for this story?  
a. statue      b. ghost      c. portrait bust      d. wax mask of an ancestor
49. What would be the best translation of *servos locum effodire iusserunt* (line 15)?  
a. they ordered the slaves to dig up the place      b. he will order the slaves to dig  
c. slaves ordered the place to be dug up      d. friends dug up the place
50. Where were bones found?  
a. in the front of the house      b. in the peristyle      c. in the tablinum      d. under the bed