

FJCL REGIONAL FORUM 2019
CLASSICAL ART

For questions 1-20, refer to the images on pages 5 and 6.

1. **Image 1** is a detail from a portrait of which emperor?
a. Trajan b. Marcus Aurelius c. Hadrian d. Antoninus Pius
2. Identify the part of the temple marked in **Image 2**.
a. Opisthodomos b. Peristyle c. Pronaos d. Naos
3. Of what is **Image 3** an example?
a. Contrapposto b. Kouros c. Kore d. Gigantomachy
4. **Image 4** focuses on Nike's:
a. Logos b. Kairos c. Ethos d. Pathos
5. Identify the temple shown in **Image 5**.
a. Temple of Vesta b. Temple of Jupiter
c. Temple of Fortuna Virilis d. Maison Carrée
6. **Image 6** shows the interior of which structure?
a. Pantheon b. Basilica Ulpia c. Baths of Neptune d. Ara Pacis
7. Which artist sculpted the bronze original of **Image 7**?
a. Phidias b. Polykleitos c. Myron d. Praxiteles
8. Which civilization built the structure shown in **Image 8**?
a. Cycladic b. Minoan c. Mycenaean d. Greek
9. Which Roman emperor is shown in **Image 9**?
a. Vespasian b. Marcus Aurelius c. Hadrian d. Augustus
10. The fresco shown in **Image 10** was found in:
a. Knossos b. Santorini c. Mycenae d. Crete
11. Where was **Image 11** originally located?
a. Aegina, Greece b. Pergamon, Turkey c. Delos, Greece d. Rome, Italy
12. Who created the vase shown in **Image 12**?
a. Achilles Painter b. Phiale Painter c. Niobid Painter d. Andokides Painter
13. What style of painting is shown in **Image 13**?
a. Third Style b. Second Style c. Fourth Style d. First Style
14. The sculpture in **Image 14** is an example of which period of Greek art?
a. Early Classical b. Hellenistic c. Archaic d. Late Classical

15. Who is portrayed in **Image 15**?
 a. Flavian Woman b. Livia c. Aphrodite d. Theodora
16. Where is the structure shown in **Image 16** located?
 a. Delphi b. Athens c. Olympia d. Samothrace
17. What type of vase is shown in **Image 17**?
 a. Hydria b. Kylix c. Amphora d. Lekythos
18. What material was used to create **Image 18**?
 a. Marble b. Bronze c. Wood d. Porphyry
19. Which part of the façade is indicated in **Image 19**?
 a. Architrave b. Triglyph c. Cornice d. Metope
20. **Image 20** shows an aerial view of which structure?
 a. Temple of Trajan b. Pantheon c. Colosseum d. Hadrian's Villa
21. Which of the following terms refers to the technique of mixing pigment with wax and applying it to a painting or sculpture while still hot?
 a. Encaustic b. Faience c. Fresco d. Entasis
22. What type of column is found on the Arch of Titus?
 a. Doris b. Ionic c. Corinthian d. Composite
23. Where were the majority of Cycladic idols found?
 a. Tombs b. Homes c. Temples d. Palaces
24. Which term *best* describes a battle between gods and giants?
 a. Centauromachy b. Titanomachy c. Gigantomachy d. Amazonomachy
25. Which of the following is an example of the Orientalizing style?
 a. François Vase b. Amphora with Achilles and Ajax Playing Dice
 c. Eleusis Amphora d. Dipylon Vase
26. Where was the Tomb of Hunting and Fishing discovered?
 a. Cerveteri b. Veii c. Rome d. Tarquinia
27. Under which emperor was the Domus Aurea built?
 a. Nero b. Augustus c. Titus d. Vespasian
28. Which civilization built the palace at Knossos?
 a. Greek b. Minoan c. Mycenaean d. Cycladic

29. Where was the Alexander Mosaic located?
 a. House of the Vettii b. Villa of the Mysteries
 c. Villa of Agrippa Postumus d. House of the Faun
30. On which hill in Rome were the Markets of Trajan built?
 a. Palatine b. Esquiline c. Quirinal d. Viminal
31. Which style of painting imitates stone masonry?
 a. Fourth Style b. Second Style c. Third Style d. First Style
32. Which of the following is *not* a building on the Acropolis?
 a. Temple of Athena Nike b. Pantheon
 c. Parthenon d. Propylaia
33. Spoliation was most common during which period of Roman history?
 a. Republic b. High Empire c. Late Empire d. Early Empire
34. The statue of Constantine from the Basilica of Maxentius was:
 a. Chryselephantine b. Colossal c. Engaged d. Hellenistic
35. Which of the following was the largest building in the Roman Forum?
 a. Baths of Caracalla b. Hadrian's Mausoleum
 c. Basilica of Maxentius d. Temple of Antoninus and Faustina
36. Which of the following was created by Lysippos?
 a. Hermes and the Infant Dionysus b. Apocryomenos
 c. Zeus of Artemesium d. Doryphoros
37. Which architect(s) built the Temple of Apollo at Didyma?
 a. Theodoros of Phokaia b. Paionios of Ephesos and Daphnis of Miletos
 c. Iktinos and Kallikrates d. Mnesikles
38. The Pont-du-Gard in Nîmes, France is an example of a(n):
 a. Aqueduct b. Temple c. Palace d. Amphitheater
39. Who painted the Death of Sarpedon?
 a. Euphronios b. Kleitias c. Achilles Painter d. Exekias
40. The portrait of Vespasian created AD 75-79 is an example of:
 a. Idealism b. Contrapposto c. Illusionism d. Verism
41. Which pediment of the Parthenon shows Helios and his horses?
 a. North b. West c. South d. East
42. The Venus de Milo is an example of which period of Greek art?
 a. Hellenistic b. Classical c. Archaic d. Late Classical

43. Who discovered the “Gold Mask of Agamemnon”?
- a. Michael Ventris
 - b. Arthur Evans
 - c. Carl Blegen
 - d. Heinrich Schliemann
44. What material was used to create the Apollo of Veii?
- a. Bronze
 - b. Terracotta
 - c. Parian Marble
 - d. Carrara Marble
45. Which Greek sculptor was famous for writing a treatise on the ideal proportions for the human body?
- a. Myron
 - b. Kresilas
 - c. Phidias
 - d. Polykleitos
46. Which monument depicts an emperor’s conquest of the Dacians?
- a. Arch of Constantine
 - b. Column of Trajan
 - c. Arch of Titus
 - d. Arch of Septimius Severus
47. What is the term for a sunken decorative panel, often used to relieve the weight of a domed ceiling?
- a. Oculus
 - b. Keystone
 - c. Coffin
 - d. Spandrel
48. Which of these is considered to be the first known example of contrapposto?
- a. Calf-Bearer
 - b. Discobolus
 - c. Charioteer of Delphi
 - d. Kritios Boy
49. Approximately when was the Etruscan Sarcophagus of the Spouses created?
- a. 520 BC
 - b. 560 BC
 - c. 500 BC
 - d. 600 BC
50. What type of column is found on the south porch of the Erechthion?
- a. Caryatid
 - b. Doric
 - c. Corinthian
 - d. Ionic



Image 1

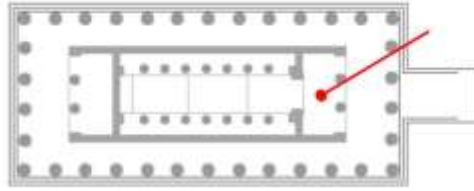


Image 2



Image 3



Image 4



Image 5



Image 6



Image 7



Image 8



Image 9



Image 10



Image 11



Image 12



Image 13



Image 14



Image 15



Image 16



Image 17



Image 18

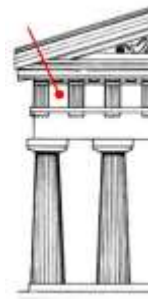


Image 19



Image 20