## Heptathlon <br> FJCL State Forum 2019

## CUSTOMS/ROMAN LIFE

1. There were typically $\qquad$ laps in a chariot race.
A. 7
B. 3
C. 5
D. 6
2. In the baths, you went to the unctorium for a $\qquad$ .
A. hot soak
B. massage
C. steam bath
D. swim
3. Which of these has the lowest rank in the army?
A. primipilus
B. tribune
C. optio
D. centurion
4. Falernian was a kind of $\qquad$ .
A. wine
B. cloak
C. atrium
D. gladiator
5. The tunica angusti clavi was worn by $\qquad$ .
A. augurs
B. equestrians
C. nobles
D. charioteers
6. Weddings typically took place in $\qquad$ .
A. the home of the bride
B. the home of the groom
C. the Temple of Vesta
D. the Temple of Juno
7. When a gladiator retired, he was given a $\qquad$ -.
A. petasus
B. rudis
C. farm
D. ring

## HISTORY

8. Which set of battles is in the correct order?
A. Munda, Thapsus, Dyrrachium, Pharsalus
B. Pharsalus, Dyracchium, Thapsus, Munda
C. Dyrrachium, Pharsalus, Munda, Thapsus
D. Dyrrachium, Pharsalus, Thapsus, Munda
9. The Battle of Cannae was in $\qquad$ BC.
A. 211
B. 216
C. 201
D. 219
10. Marius's quaestor who received the captured Jugurtha from Bocchus was $\qquad$ .
A. Sulla
B. Metellus
C. Scipio
D. Lucullus
11. The king of Dacia who was defeated by Trajan was $\qquad$ .
A. Ariovistus
B. Decabalus
C. Adherbal
D. Tigranes
12. Caracalla murdered his brother and co-emperor $\qquad$ .
A. Probus
B. Geta
C. Elagabalus
D. Pertinax
13. Tiberius was nearly overthrown by Sejanus after he retired to the island of $\qquad$ -.
A. Pandateria
B. Rhodes
C. Sardinia
D. Capri
14. Romulus's co-king was $\qquad$ .
A. Remus
B. Camillus
C. Appius Claudius
D. Titus Tatius

## GRAMMAR [N.B. There are no macrons on this test.]

15. You will have seized:
A. capieris
B. ceperis
C. caperis
D. ceperas
16. Which does NOT belong by case?
A. civi
B. huic
C. diei
D. manu
17. All of the girls left.
A. omnes puellarum
B. omnes de puellis
C. omnes puellae
D. omnes ex puellis
18. $\qquad$ pueri, hos viros in urbem.
A. Sequantur
B. Sequimini
C. Sequere
D. Sequamini
19. Aeneas must not remain in Carthage.
A. Carthaginis
B. Carthago
C. Carthagine
D. Carthagini
20. Numquam homini callidiori quam $\qquad$ dixi.
A. regem
B. rex
C. regi
D. rege
21. You will have to remain in the city.
A. In urbe tibi manendum erit.
B. Tu in urbe remanseris.
C. Te manere in urbe oportebit.
D. In urbe tibi manendum est.

## MYTHOLOGY

22. The Argonaut captured by the Naiads on Chios was $\qquad$ .
A. Hylas
B. Hercules
C. Tiphys
D. Butes
23. Aeneas rescued his father, $\qquad$ , from Troy.
A. Helenus
B. Anchises
C. Antenor
D. Priam
24. Alcestis agreed to die in the place of her husband, $\qquad$ .
A. Peleus
B. Theseus
C. Hymen
D. Admetus
25. The hero whose life was tied to a log that had been burning in the hearth was $\qquad$ .
A. Meleager
B. Adonis
C. Hippolytus
D. Amphiaraus
26. The god of the South Wind was $\qquad$ .
A. Eurus
B. Auster
C. Boreas
D. Zephyr
27. When Troy fell, Cassandra was given to $\qquad$ as a concubine.
A. Diomedes
B. Odysseus
C. Agamemnon
D. Achilles
28. The youngest member of Odysseus' crew who fell off the roof of Circe's palace and died was
$\qquad$
A. Euphemus
B. Elpenor
C. Eumaeus
D. Eurylochus

## PHRASES, MOTTOES, ABBREVIATIONS, AND QUOTATIONS

29. Panem et circenses is a famous quote from the author $\qquad$ .
A. Juvenal
B. Horace
C. Martial
D. Tacitus
30. Crescit Eundo is the motto of $\qquad$ .
A. Arizona
B. North Carolina
C. New Mexico
D. Utah
31. Which of the following is typically an honorary degree?
A. D.D
B. Litt. D
C. J.D
D. D.V.M.
32. In et al., the "al." stands for $\qquad$ .
A. altum
B. alter
C. alii
D. alienum
33. Aut Caesar aut Nullus was the motto of $\qquad$ .
A. Augustus Caesar
B. Julius Caesar
C. Cesar Romero
D. Cesare Borgia
34. "In the year of (our) Lord" is abbreviated $\qquad$ -.
A. A.M
B. A.H
C. A.D
D. A.R.
35. Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori is a famous line from $\qquad$ .
A. Livy
B. Vergil
C. Horace
D. Juvenal

## LATIN LITERATURE

36. Which is NOT a work of Horace?
A. Odes
B. Satires
C. Epodes
D. Amores
37. The author you would consult to write a paper about the year of the four emperors would be
$\qquad$ _.
A. Sallust
B. Vitruvius
C. Livy
D. Tacitus
38. The only native Italic meter is $\qquad$ .
A. Alcaic
B. Saturnian
C. hendecasyllabic
D. Galliambic
39. The first author of fabulae praetextae was $\qquad$
A. Accius
B. Naevius
C. Seneca the Younger
D. Livius Andronicus
40. Which of the following works of Ovid describes his last night in Rome?
A. Epistulae ex Ponto
B. Ibis
C. Tristia
D. Remedia Amoris
41. Pliny the Younger's letters about the province of Bithynia were written to $\qquad$ —.
A. Vespasian
B. Titus
C. Trajan
D. Hadrian
42. Controversiae is a rhetorical work by $\qquad$ .
A. Pliny the Elder
B. Cicero
C. Seneca the Elder
D. Quintilian

## VOCABULARY / DERIVATIVES

43. Which is NOT a non-human animal?
A. eques
B. feles
C. taurus
D. cervus
44. Which is part of a ship?
A. paries
B. puppis
C. ripa
D. mala
45. Which verb is first conjugation?
A. trado
B. punio
C. premo
D. do
46. iter means $\qquad$ .
A. journey
B. within
C. the same
D. again
47. "Princess" is a derivative of $\qquad$ .
A. capio
B. claudo
C. cedo
D. cesso
48. Which of the following is NOT a derivative of moneo?
A. monitor
B. monument
C. admonish
D. monster
49. Which of the following comes from ligo?
A. legion
B. collect
C. cull
D. oblige
50. "Registrar" is derived from $\qquad$ .
A. traho
B. rego
C. ago
D. gero
