

2022 FJCL Regional Forum
History of the Roman Monarchy & Republic

1. Which of the following did not occur in the year 63 BC?
 - a. Cicero served as co-consul with Marcus Hybrida
 - b. Catiline died at the Battle of Pistoria
 - c. Octavian was born in September
 - d. Mithridates VI died at Panticapaeum

2. Where did the Romans ultimately defeat Pyrrhus of Epirus in 275 BC?
 - a. Sentinum
 - b. Asculum
 - c. Maleventum
 - d. Camerinum

3. During what war did the Romans first use *corvi* in order to defeat their enemies?
 - a. Caesar's Gallic War
 - b. Great Latin War
 - c. First Punic War
 - d. First Illyrian War

4. What tribe did Marius ultimately defeat at Vercellae during the Cimbric War?
 - a. Cimbri
 - b. Tigurni
 - c. Scordisci
 - d. Teutones

5. Who led the slave revolt that became known as the Third Servile War in the early first century BC?
 - a. Spartacus
 - b. Athenion
 - c. Maximus
 - d. Eunus

6. What major war was fought from 149-146 BC?
 - a. Seleucid War
 - b. Third Punic War
 - c. Third Macedonian War
 - d. Jugurthine War

7. What tribune of 133 BC presented a controversial land bill before the Concilium Plebis?
 - a. Tiberius Gracchus
 - b. Fulvius Flaccus
 - c. Popilius Laenas
 - d. Gaius Gracchus

8. What river did Hannibal cross to break the treaty that had been signed between the Romans and Hasdrubal the Fair?
 - a. Po
 - b. Tiber
 - c. Ebro
 - d. Rhine

9. Where did the Romans under the command of the consuls Varro and Paullus suffer Rome's worst defeat in their history during the Second Punic War?
 - a. Lake Trasimene
 - b. Ticinus River
 - c. Trebia River
 - d. Cannae

10. Which of the following is the correct order of events that took place during the Second Punic War?
- Capture of Carthago Nova, Scipio Africanus receives the Carthaginian surrender at Gades, Hannibal goes into exile at Bruttium, Battle of Zama
 - Battle of Zama, Capture of Carthago Nova, Scipio Africanus receives the Carthaginian surrender at Gades, Hannibal goes into exile at Bruttium
 - Capture of Carthago Nova, Battle of Zama, Scipio Africanus receives the Carthaginian surrender at Gades, Hannibal goes into exile at Bruttium
 - Battle of Zama, Hannibal goes into exile at Bruttium, Capture of Carthago Nova, Scipio Africanus receives the Carthaginian surrender at Gades
11. From what years was Sulla dictator?
- 81-79 BC
 - 83-79 BC
 - 81-78 BC
 - 82-78 BC
12. Who was Caesar's co-consul in 59 BC?
- Servilius
 - Pompey
 - Lentulus
 - Bibulus
13. Who was the fourth king of Rome?
- Tullus Hostilius
 - Servius Tullius
 - Ancus Marcius
 - Tarquinius Priscus
14. Which of the following kings of Rome is not correctly matched with one of his wives?
- Romulus & Hersilia
 - Numa Pompilius & Egeria
 - Servius Tullius & Tarquinia
 - Tarquinius Superbus & Tullia Maior
15. In what year did the Second Punic War come to a close?
- 202 BC
 - 201 BC
 - 200 BC
 - 199 BC
16. Where did Caesar ultimately defeat the Pompeian forces in 45 BC?
- Munda
 - Ruspina
 - Thapsus
 - Pharsalus
17. Following what battle were Caesarion and Antyllus put to death by Octavian?
- Philippi
 - Actium
 - Mutina
 - Naulochus
18. What sacred animals did Claudius Pulcher throw into the sea precluding the disaster of Drepana in 249 BC?
- Geese
 - Chickens
 - Sheep
 - Goats
19. Where did Cincinnatus save Minucius and his army in 458 BC after they had become trapped by the Aequi?
- Arno Valley
 - Mt. Algidus
 - Antium
 - Aequicolae

20. What city did the Curiatii fight for in the duel of the triplets during the reign of Tullus Hostilius?
- a. Alba Longa
 - b. Veii
 - c. Fidenae
 - d. Rome
21. What law of 342 BC eliminated the nexum/debt bondage?
- a. Lex Poetelia
 - b. Lex Ogulnia
 - c. Lex Genucia
 - d. Lex Valeria
22. In what year was the office of quaestor increased to four elected officials per year when the office was opened to plebeians?
- a. 447 BC
 - b. 446 BC
 - c. 443 BC
 - d. 422 BC
23. What Volscian town, the birthplace of a future emperor, did the Romans siege from 370-367 BC?
- a. Antium
 - b. Velitrae
 - c. Lugdunum
 - d. Italica
24. How many “tables” or sets of codified laws were originally established in 451 BC?
- a. 2
 - b. 5
 - c. 10
 - d. 12
25. Who was given the title of *Pater Patriae* for saving Rome from the invading Gauls in 390 BC?
- a. Furius Camillus
 - b. Decius Mus
 - c. Curius Dentatus
 - d. Marcius Coriolanus
26. What did the Lex Gabinia do for Pompey the Great?
- a. Transferred command from Lucullus to him during the war with Mithridates VI
 - b. Made him co-consul with Crassus
 - c. Gave him command against the pirates in the Mediterranean
 - d. Made him governor of Hispania Ulterior & Citerior
27. What Roman general defeated Perseus of Macedon at the First Battle of Pydna?
- a. Mummius
 - b. Paullus
 - c. Metellus
 - d. Scipio
28. During what war did a certain Roman ambassador named Gaius Fabricius become known as “unbribeable”?
- a. First Punic War
 - b. Social War
 - c. Truceless War
 - d. Pyrrhic War
29. What law of 455 BC allowed for the intermarriage of plebeians and patricians?
- a. Lex Valeria-Horatia
 - b. Lex Canuleia
 - c. Lex Licinia-Sextia
 - d. Lex Publilia
30. In what year did Attalus III bequeath his kingdom of Pergamum to Rome?
- a. 138 BC
 - b. 133 BC
 - c. 131 BC
 - d. 130 BC
31. At what battle did the Romans first encounter elephants?
- a. Heraclea
 - b. Ticinus River
 - c. Bagradas Valley
 - d. Trebia River

32. Which king of Rome built the Regia?
a. Tarquinius Superbus b. Numa Pompilius c. Tarquinius Priscus d. Romulus
33. How were the Roman kings Numa Pompilius and Ancus Marcius related to one another?
a. Grandfather/Grandson b. Father/Son
c. Uncle/Nephew d. Father-in-law/Son-in-law
34. Which of the following battles of the Second Punic War did not result in a Roman defeat?
a. Dertosa b. Ticinus River c. Lake Trasimene d. Trebia River
35. What legendary augur blocked Tarquinius Priscus' movement to reinforce the original three tribal centuries?
a. Attius Navius b. Sergovesus c. Caelius Vibenna d. Attius Clausus
36. Which of Caesar's assassins was declared imperator by his troops in 43 BC after a victory over the Bessi?
a. Decimus Iunius Brutus
b. Gaius Cassius Longinus
c. Publius Servilius Casca
d. Marcus Iunius Brutus
37. During which of the Mithridatic Wars were the Romans defeated at Chalcedon in 74 BC?
a. First b. Second c. Third d. Fourth
38. What Samnite leader decimated the Romans at the Battle of Caudine Forks in 321 BC?
a. Egnatius Rufus b. Gavius Pontius c. Terentius Lucanus d. Publius Vatinius
39. What rebellious proconsul held out against Pompey's forces until 72 BC when he was assassinated?
a. Hirtuleius b. Spartacus c. Lepidus d. Sertorius
40. What Roman general followed in the footsteps of the Persian king Xerxes when he likewise led an army at Thermopylae, this time in 191 BC?
a. Fulvius Nobilior b. Scipio Asiaticus c. Acilius Glabrio d. Claudius Marcellus
41. In what year did Gaius Julius Caesar serve as sole consul?
a. 48 BC b. 47 BC c. 46 BC d. 45 BC
42. Everyone knows the exact date of Caesar's death, but what was the exact date of his crossing of the Rubicon River in 49 BC?
a. January 10 b. June 13 c. July 12 d. August 25

43. According to Livy, what king of the Bituriges formed Gaul into a prosperous kingdom during the reign of Tarquinius Priscus?

- a. Sergovesus b. Bellovesus c. Ambitgatus d. Etitovius

44. At what battle in 110 BC did Jugurtha defeat Aulus Postumius Albinus, after which he forced the Romans to pass under the yoke?

- a. Suthul b. Mulucha River c. Segovia d. Capsa

45. In what year did Africa become a Roman province?

- a. 201 BC b. 146 BC c. 105 BC d. 29 BC

46. At what battle of 38 BC did Publius Ventidius Bassus defeat the Parthians, a battle which saw the death of Pacorus, the son of Orodes II?

- a. Mt. Gaurus b. Mt. Amanus c. Mt. Gindarus d. Mt. Vesuvius

47. Where did Lutatius Catulus defeat the Carthaginians to end the First Punic War in 241 BC?

- a. Aegates Islands b. Mylae c. Cape Ecnomus d. Zama

48. Which road did the Romans use as the main throughway across the Apennines?

- a. Via Appia b. Via Valeria c. Via Egnatia d. Via Domitia

49. How many centuries were in the comitia centuriata at the time of the early republic?

- a. 6 b. 20 c. 100 d. 193

50. Who was the first king of Rome?

- a. Augustus b. Octavian c. Brutus d. Romulus