

**2023 FJCL REGIONAL FORUM
HEPTATHLON**

Mythology

1. The thyrsus is the staff of _____.
a. Hermes b. Dionysus c. Poseidon d. Hades
2. Mountain nymphs were called _____.
a. Hamadryads b. Naiads c. Meliae d. Oreads
3. The _____ refuses to heal Paris after he is wounded by Philoctetes.
a. Thetis b. Oenone c. Asclepius d. Aphrodite
4. Jason and Medea are married by _____ to prevent the Colchians from taking Medea.
a. Arete b. Circe c. Aphrodite d. Hecate
5. The hero Cadmus was ultimately changed into a _____,
a. Constellation b. tree c. snake d. bull
6. Aeneas was forced to abandon the Carthaginian queen, _____, because he had to found a new nation in Italy.
a. Dido b. Lavinia c. Creusa d. Andromache
7. Odysseus visits the Land of the Laestrygonians right after he visits _____.
a. Aeaëa b. Aeolia c. Ismarus d. Scheria

History

8. When Horatius Cocles fought on the famous bridge, he was holding off an army of _____.
a. Gauls b. Samnites c. Etruscans d. Germans
9. Cicero's co-consul was _____.
a. Antonius Creticus b. Marcus Antonius (triumvir)
c. Antonius Hybrida d. Marcus Antonius (orator)
10. The head of his brother _____ was thrown into Hannibal's camp after the Battle of the Metaurus River.
a. Hiempsal b. Hasdrubal c. Mago d. Hamilcar
11. Lucius Junius Brutus was killed in battle by _____.
a. Sextus Tarquinius b. Lucius Tarquinius
c. Arruns Tarquinius d. Tarquinius Collatinus
12. The emperor who committed suicide after the Battle of Cremona was _____.
a. Galba b. Otho c. Vitellius d. Vespasian

13. The member of Septimius Severus' dynasty who took the name of Elagabalus was originally called _____.

- a. Severus Alexander b. Caracalla c. Bassianusd. Geta

14. Theodosius I divided the empire upon his death between _____ and _____.

- a. Pulcheria and Honorius b. Arcadius and Pulcheria
c. Theodosius II and Honorius d. Arcadius and Honorius

Customs

15. A fritillus was _____.

- a. fried bread b. a dice box c. a password d. pastry chef

16. A chariot race was started when

- a. A napkin was dropped. b. a trumpet was sounded.
c. The emperor dropped his hand. d. a bell was rung.

17. At the baths, a bather could receive a massage in the _____.

- a. Tepidarium b. palaestra c. unctorium d. laconicum

18. The gladiator who fought with a net and a trident was the _____.

- a. Secutor b. Thrax c. hoplomachus d. retiarius

19. The flammeum was a garment worn by a _____.

- a. slave b. senator c. bride d. gladiator

20. People who gathered around an ustrina were attending a/an _____.

- a. funeral b. play c. lustratio d. wedding

21. NOT a piece of a soldier's armor:

- a. Galea b. lorica c. sarcina d. pugio

Latin Literature

22. The only native Italic meter, _____ was used by Livius Andronicus to translate the Iliad and Odyssey into Latin.

- a. Saturnian b. dactylic hexameter c. Galliambic d. iambic trimeter

23. Which of the following was NOT one of the lady loves of the poet Tibullus?

- a. Delia b. Plania c. Nemesis d. Sulpicia

24. The Greek philosophy which is found in the works of Seneca the Younger is _____.

- a. Cynicism b. Epicureanism c. Stoicism d. Neoplatonism

25. The emperor Claudius is known to have written a/an _____.

- a. Comedy b. satire c. history d. epic

26. The work, commonly attributed to Vergil, which is about a gnat is the _____.
 a. Culex b. Copa c. Moretum d. Aetna
27. The group of Horace's odes which are known as the "Roman Odes" are Book _____.
 a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
28. If you wanted to read Pliny the Younger's correspondence with the emperor Trajan, you would need to read Book _____ of his letters.
 a. 10 b. 9 c. 5 d. 4

MAQ

29. Indicates that there are more authors than are listed:
 a. Et al. b. etc. c. ibid. d. q.v.
30. "Audemus iura nostra defendere" is the motto of:
 a. National Rifle Association b. Republican Party
 c. Alabama d. Democratic Party
31. "Civium in moribus rei publicae salus" is the motto of:
 a. Univeristy of Texas at Austin b. University of Florida
 c. State of Missouri d. Arkansas
32. "Crescat Eundo" is both the motto of New Mexico and a quotation from _____.
 a. Cicero b. Vergil c. Horace d. Tacitus
33. The abbreviation "p.o." stands for _____ in English.
 a. After the operation b. after work c. by mouth d. visually
34. "Sollitudinem faciunt, pacem appellant" is a famous quote from _____.
 a. Caesar b. Livy c. Tacitus d. Cicero
35. "Exegi monumentum aere perrenius" is a quote from _____.
 a. Vergil b. Propertiusc. Tibullus d. Horace

Vocabulary / Derivatives

36. Saepes
 a. Often b. whisper c. suddenly d. hedge
37. bis
 a. Quickly b. near c. twice d. again
38. Immus, -a, -um
 a. Bottom of b. no c. threatening d. imminent
39. Sussuro
 a. Hasten b. whisper c. secure d. assure

40. Which of the following comes from tempero?
a. temporary b. temper c. attempt d. Tempo
41. Which does NOT come from facio?
a. efficient b. justify c. orifice d. crucify
42. ambient, trance, perish, and seditious all come from _____.
a. eo b. fio c. sum d. in
43. The meaning of the word from which "cornet" comes is _____.
a. heart b. crown c. horn d. harmony

Grammar

44. If he comes, all will be well.
a. Venit b. veniat c. veniet d. venerit
45. They hastened to hand over the letter.
a. tradere b. ut traderent c. ut tradant d. qui tradant
46. I'm sorry
a. Me paenitet b. mei paenitet c. mihi paenitet d. mi paenitet
47. The ships had been abandoned by the soldiers.
a. relictī sunt b. relictāe sint c. relictā essent d. relictāe erant
48. I fear that he will not be found.
a. ut inveniatur b. ne inveniatur c. ut inveniatur d. ne inventus erit
49. I do not remember his words.
a. Verbis eius b. verbi eius c. verborum suorum d. verborum eius
50. The lieutenant reports what he already found.
a. quid iam invenit b. quid iam inveniebat
c. quid iam inveniret d. quid iam invenerit