

Regional Latin Forum 2018
Advanced, Preliminary Round I

1. What god tricked Apollo on the day of his birth by stealing his brother's cattle? **HERMES**
 - B1. How did Hermes hide the cattle theft?
HE MADE THEM WALK BACKWARDS (AND HE WORE SANDALS TO OBSCURE HIS OWN TRACKS)
 - B2. What did Hermes trade Apollo for the forgiveness of this theft?
THE LYRE (MADE FROM TORTOISE)

2. In the early years of the Republic, what exiled nobleman led an enemy army nearly to the gates of Rome and only turned around because of the appeals of his mother?
(G. MARCIUS) CORIOLANUS
 - B1. What enemy people had Coriolanus led toward Rome? **VOLSCIANS/VOLSCI**
 - B2. Coriolanus had been exiled for withholding grain during a famine to try and force the plebeians to give something up. What?
THE OFFICE OF TRIBUNE/TRIBUNATE

3. What Roman author, born in Rome, wrote a six book epic on Epicurean philosophy?
LUCRETIUS
 - B1. Give Lucretius' full name. **TITUS LUCRETIUS CARUS**
 - B2. According to St. Jerome, why and how did Lucretius die?
HE TOOK A LOVE POTION THAT MADE HIM INSANE AND HE COMMITTED SUICIDE.

4. What Latin verb with what meaning is the ultimate root of *complete*? **PLEO: TO FILL**
 - B1. What Latin verb with what meaning is the ultimate root of *promise*?
MITTO: TO SEND
 - B2. What Latin verb with what meaning is the ultimate root of *insurgent*?
REGO: TO RULE

5. Translate the following sentence into Latin using a subjunctive: I shout so that my words are heard.
CLAMO UT VERBA AUDIANTUR.
 - B1. Translate the same sentence using an accusitive gerundive purpose clause.
CLAMO AD VERBA AUDIENDA
 - B2. Translate the same sentence using a genitive gerundive purpose clause.
CLAMO VERBORUM AUDIENDUM CAUSA/GRATIA

6. What Stoic philosopher, born in Corduba, wrote several tragedies, the *Epistulae Morales*, and the *Apocolocyntosis*?
SENECA THE YOUNGER

B1. What is the subject of the *Apocolocyntosis*?
THE PUMPKINIFICATION OF CLAUDIUS/A MOCK DEIFICATION OF CLAUDIUS

B2. Name any two of Seneca's tragedies.
MEDEA, PHAEDRA, OEDIPUS, AGAMEMNON, THYESTES, HERCULES OETAeus, HERCULES FURENS, TROADES, PHOENISSAE, OCTAVIA

7. What emperor, according to Suetonius, said "*Vae, puto deus fio*" on his death bed?
VESPASIAN

B1. Name one of the two groups Vespasian had expelled from Rome for their obstruction of his government?
See below, do not read extra answers.

B2. Name the other.
ASTROLOGERS/STOIC PHILOSOPHERS

8. What Spartan youth from Amyclae caught the eye of both Apollo and Zephyrus and was killed by a throw of the discus?
HYACINTHUS

B1. Into what did Apollo transform Hyacinthus?
A FLOWER (THE HYACINTH)

B2. What letters of mourning were on this flower's petals?
AI (AI)

9. What Latin adjective means *swift* or *quick*?
CELER

B1. What 3rd declension adjective means *faithful*?
FIDELIS

B2. What 1st and 2nd declension adjective means *left*?
SINISTER/LAEVUS

10. Give the comparative form of parvus.
MINOR, MINUS

B1. Make minor superlative.
MINIMUS

B2. Give the comparative and superlatives of magnus.
MAIOR, MAIUS; MAXIMUS

End of Advanced, Preliminary Round 1

Regional Latin Forum 2018
Advanced, Preliminary Round II

1. Using **collo** for “gather”, translate into English: The flock must quickly be gathered.
GREX CELERITER EST COLEGENDUS.

B1. Now, using **pastor** for “shepherd”, translate: The flock had to be gathered quickly by the shepherds. **GREX CELERITER PASTORIBUS ERAT COLLEGENDUS.**

B2. What use of the dative is found in the previous sentence? **AGENT**

2. Who was the ferryman of the Underworld that carries souls across the Styx?
CHARON

B1. What was the fee for carrying the souls of the dead? **ONE OBOL**

B2. What mystical object did the Sybil show Charon to get Aeneas across the river?
THE GOLDEN BOUGH/BRANCH

3. Differentiate in meaning between **pontus** and **pons**. **PONTUS = SEA, PONS = BRIDGE**

B1. Differentiate in meaning between **iuro** and **iuvo**.

IURO = SWEAR, TAKEN AN OATH; IUVO = ASSIST, HELP

B2. Differentiate in meaning between **turpis** and **tristis**.

TURPIS = SHAMEFUL, BASE, DISGRACEFUL; TRISTIS = SAD

4. Born at Lugdunum, this emperor founded colonies at Colchester and Cologne and thus revived Augustus’ policy of creating colonies in the provinces. **CLAUDIUS**

B1. What was the Roman name for Cologne?

COLONIA CLAUDIA (ARA AGRIPPINENSIIUM)

B2. What was the Roman name for Colchester?

CAMELODUNUM

5. Give the correct form of **nolo** for the following sentence: He said that he did not want to go.

NOLLE

B1. Translate that sentence into Latin.

(IS) DIXIT NOLLE IRE.

B2. Now translate into Latin: He said that he had not wanted to go.

(IS) DIXIT NOLUISSE IRE.

6. In what year was Publius Ovidius Naso, known as Ovid, born? **43 BC**
 B1. Where was Ovid born? **SULMO**
 B2. Which of Ovid's works, the first written in his exile, lamented his condition with the words *flebis ut noster status est, ita flebile carmen*? **TRISTIA**
7. In what year did the 3rd Samnite War begin? **198 BC**
 B1. What people of southern Italy appealed to the Romans for help against the Samnites in 198 to begin this war? **LUCANIANS**
 B2. What commander had initial success and drove the Samnites out of Lucania? **(L.) SCIPIO BARBATUS**
8. Which of the suitors did Odysseus slay first? **ANTINOUS**
 B1. Who is Odysseus' son who helped him kill the suitors? **TELEMACHUS**
 B2. What goddess intervened for Odysseus when the relatives of the dead suitors demanded vengeance? **ATHENA**
9. What comic playwright produced the *Andria*, *Hecyra*, and *Adelphoi* after being brought to Rome as a slave? **TERENCE**
 B1. What Roman brought Terence to Rome? **TERENTIUS LUCANUS**
 B2. Where are Terence's plays set? **ATHENS**
10. Of *suffrage*, *refraction*, *fraternize*, *infringe* or *frail* which is NOT derived from the same root? **FRATERNIZE**
 B1. From what noun is *fraternize* derived? **FRATER**
 B2. From what verb are the others derived. **FRANGO**

End of Advanced, Preliminary Round II

Regional Latin Forum 2018
Advanced, Preliminary Round III

1. What 3rd declension Latin noun with what meaning is the ultimate root of *refrigerate*?
FRIGUS: COLD
 - B1. What 3rd declension Latin noun with what meaning is the ultimate root of *refine*?
FINIS: END, LIMIT
 - B2. What 3rd declension Latin adjective with what meaning is the ultimate root of *impoverish*?
PAUPER: POOR

2. What Nereid was persuaded by Delphin to come out of hiding and marry Poseidon?
AMPHITRITE
 - B1. What son of Poseidon and Amphitrite was part fish, part man, and blew the conch shell?
TRITON
 - B2. How did Poseidon honor Delphin for his help in wooing Amphitrite?
HE MADE THE DOLPHIN A CONSTELLATION

3. What general's victory in 197 BC defeated Philip V in the Second Macedonian War?
(T. QUINCTIUS) FLAMININUS
 - B1. At what battle did Flaminius defeat Philip's army in 197 BC?
CYNOCEPHALAE
 - B2. What son of Philip came to Rome as a hostage as a result of this loss?
DEMETRIUS

4. What the dictionary entry of 2nd conjugation the Latin verb meaning "persuade".
PERSUADEO, PERSUADĒRE, PERSUASI, (PERSUASURUS/PERSUASUM)
 - B1. Give the dictionary entry for the irregular verb that serves as the passive of *facio*
FIO, FIERI, FACTUS SUM: TO HAPPEN, BECOME
 - B2. Give the dictionary entry for the deponent verb meaning "to try."
CONOR, CONARI, CONATUS SUM

5. Against whom did Cicero write 14 *Philippics* in the style of Demosthenes? **MARC ANTONY**
 - B1. In what year were the *Philippics* first delivered? **44 BC**
 - B2. Of the 14 *Philippics*, one, arguably the most famous and most vitriolic of the set, was written but not delivered publically. Which one?
THE SECOND

6. Translate the subordinate clause in the following sentence into English: **Cum Caesar consul esset, populus quam perterritus est.** **WHEN/WHILE CAESAR WAS CONSUL**
(accept “because, since” if tense is correct)

B1. What type of cum clause is found in that sentence?

CIRCUMSTANTIAL (OR CAUSAL, not temporal)

B2. Change subordinate clause to say the same thing using only two words.

CAESARE CONSULE (ablative absolute)

7. At what battle of 340 AD did Constans defeat Constantine II?

AQUILEIA

B1. With what eastern King was Constantius fighting at the time of the battle of Aquileia?

SHAPUR/SAPOR II

B2. Constans remained in power for a decade, but a conspiracy ended in his death in 350 AD. What barbarian officer became Augustus in his place?

MAGNENTIUS

8. In what meter did Gnaeus Naevius write his work on the Punic war?

SATURNIAN METER

B1. What is the title of Naevius’ work on the Punic War.

BELLUM PUNICUM

B2. Name one of Naevius’ two tragedies.

ROMULUS or CLASTIDIUM

9. What disguised goddess did Metanera, the wife of Celsus, welcome as a nursmaid to her son Demophon?

DEMETER

B1. Demeter claimed she was a Cretan woman kidnapped by pirates. What name did she use as her disguise?

DOSO

B2. What unusual action was the nurse Demeter doing with

that horrified his mother?**SHE TRIED TO MAKE HIM IMMORTAL BY**

TRIED TO MAKE HIM IMMORTAL BY

ANNOINTING HIM WITH AMBROSIA AND PUTTING HIM IN THE FIRE/EMBERS AT NIGHT.

10. Say in Latin, “easy to do.”

FACILE FACTU

B1. What form is **facile** in that phrase?

NEUTER (SINGULAR) ADJECTIVE

B2. What form and use is **factu** in that phrase?

ABLATIVE SUPINE OF RESPECT/SPECIFICATION

End of Advanced, Preliminary Round III

Do not go on to the next round

Regional Latin Forum 2018
Advanced, Final Round

1. What king of Argos led a campaign with Polynices against Thebes to restore Polynices to the throne?
ADRASTUS

B1. What prophecy did Adrastus receive that resulted in him marrying his two daughters to Polynices and another man, despite their brawling in his palace at night?

HE SHOULD YOLK HIS DAUGHTERS TO A LION AND A BOAR

B2. Who was the other man, the with a shield depicting a boar, to whom Adrastus married his daughter Deipyle?
TYDEUS

2. What praetorian prefect plotted to make himself emperor during Tiberius' withdrawal to the island of Capri?
(AELIUS) SEJANUS

B1. Whom did Tiberius put in command of the Praetorian Guard to crush Sejanus' plot?
(SERTORIUS) MACRO

B2. After the death of Sejanus, it was revealed that Sejanus had poisoned a member of the imperial family. Whom was Sejanus accused of killing?

DRUSUS (SON OF TIBERIUS)

3. What river-god fell in love with the nymph Arethusa, who was turned into a stream to escape his pursuit?
ALPHEUS

B1. To what goddess did Arethusa pray to be changed?
ARTEMIS

B2. The stream, Arethusa eventually mingled with the waters of the Alpheus. Where?
UNDERGROUND

4. Identify the speaker of the following lines of book 6 of the Aeneid, which I will read as prose:
“**Anchisa generate, deum certissima proles, / Cocyti stagna alta vides
Stygiamque paludem, / di cuius iurare timent et fallere numen.**”
CUMEAN SIBYL

B1. Identify the speaker of the following lines of book 4 of the the Aeneid, which I will read as prose:

**“femina, quae nostris errans in finibus urbem / exiguum pretio posuit,
cui litus arandum / cuique loci leges dedimus, conubia nostra /
reppulit ac dominum Aenean in regna recepit.”**

IARBAS

B2: Identify the speaker of the following lines of book 5 of the the De Bello Gallico:

**“Vincite... si ita vultis...; neque is sum...qui gravissime ex vobis
mortis periculo terrear.”**

SABINUS

5. Identify the type of condition found in this sentence: **Si quaeris paeninsulam amoenam, circumspice.** **PRESENT GENERAL**

B1. Identify the type of condition found in this sentence: **Si quid recte fecisses, id ipse fecisses.** **PAST CONTRARY TO FACT**

B2. Translate that condition from bonus 1. **IF YOU HAD WANTED SOMETHING DONE RIGHT, YOU WOULD HAVE DONE IT YOURSELF.**

6. What 3rd declension Latin adjective with what meaning is the ultimate root of “integrity”? **INTEGER: WHOLE, INTACT**

B1. What 3rd conjugation Latin verb with what meaning is the ultimate root of “intact”? **TANGO: TOUCH**

B2. What 3rd conjugation Latin verb with what meaning is the ultimate root of “absorb”? **SORBO: TO SUCK IN**

7. Who is the author of *De Viris Illustribus*, *De Grammaticis*, *De Rhetoribus*, and *De Vita Caesarum*? **SUETONIUS**

B1 & 2. Name the people whose biographies begin and end the *De Vita Caesarum*? **JULIUS CAESAR AND DOMITIAN (respectively)**

8. Who wrote love poems to a woman he called Lesbia, identified as Clodia Metelli? **CATULLUS**

B1. Who wrote love poems to a woman he called Cynthia, identified as Hostia? **PROPERTIUS**

B2. The third book of Tibullus’ poems contains 6 poems by what actual female Roman author? **SULPICIA**

9. At what battle was Hasdrubal, brother of Hannibal, killed? **METAURUS RIVER**

B1. What Roman commander made the decisive attack in this battle? **C. CLAUDIUS NERO**

B2. What consular colleague had joined forces with C. Claudius Nero in this battle? **(M.) LIVIUS SALINATOR**

10. What is the meaning of the Latin adverb **frustra**? **IN VAIN**
- B1. Give a synonym of **frustra**. **NEQUIQUAM**
- B2. Give a synonym of the adverb **statim**.
EXTEMPLO, PROTINUS, CONFESTIM, ILLICIO
11. For ten years beginning in 149 BC, this Lusitanian led a guerilla war against Rome.
Name him. **VIRIATHUS**
- B1. Viriathus' rebellion started because of the treacherous actions of a Roman governor
of Lusitania. Name the governor. **(SERVIUS SULPICIUS) GALBA**
- B2. What consul paid agents to murder Viriathus? **SERVILIUS CAEPIO**
12. What infant was exposed on Mt. Cithaeron with a spike driven through his ankles by his
father Laius? **OEDIPUS**
- B1. By whom was Oedipus raised in Corinth? **POLYBUS AND MEROPE**
- B2. What woman was destined to become Oedipus' wife and mother?
JOCASTA/EPICASTA
13. To what category of verbs do all the following belong: **accidit, obvenit, piget, pudet, licet**?
IMPERSONALS
- B1. To what category of verbs do all the following belong: **dormito, ventito, volito,**
excito? **INTENSIVE / ITERATIVE**
- B2. To what category of verbs do all the following belong: **esurio, parturio**?
DESIDERATIVE
14. Differentiate in meaning between **aestas** and **aetas**.
AESTAS: SUMMER; AETAS: AGE, TIME OF LIFE
- B1. Differentiate in meaning between **aër** and **aes**.
AËR: AIR; AES: BRONZE, COPPER
- B2. Differentiate in meaning between **moror** and **morior**.
MOROR: DELAY; MORIOR: DIE

15. When recognized by the spotter, perform the following commands: **Sta et monstra mihi tuum optimum motum saltantem.**

STUDENT SHOULD STAND AND SHOW THEIR BEST DANCE MOVE.

B1. Now, if we use **flossa, flossare** for “to floss”, perform the following commands: **State omnes et flossate vehementer.**

ALL TEAM MEMBERS SHOULD STAND AND VIGOROUSLY FLOSS (the dance move, but if they do the dental procedure, sure).

B2. Now, perform the following commands: **Duo ex factionis state et currentes, date alteris factionibus quinque altos.**

TWO TEAM MEMBERS SHOULD STAND, AND RUN AROUND GIVING THE OTHER TEAMS HIGH FIVES. (if there arne’t two team members or the other teams don’t high five back, give the attempt).

End of Advanced, Final Round