REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2002 GRAMMAR I

I. Answer the question or complete the statement.

- 1. Adjectives must agree with their nouns in a. person. b. tense. c. case. d. declension.
- 2. Which of the following is **NOT** part of the perfect system?

 a. future perfect b. present perfect c. pluperfect d. imperfect
- 3. Which of the following is **NOT** future? a. habet b. ponet c. ducet d. incipiet
- 4. A neuter noun always ends in
 - a. is in the dative plural. b. a in the accusative plural.
 - c. um in the nominative singular. d. orum in the genitive plural.
- 5. Which of the following is **NOT** a vocative? a. puellae b. vir c. Iuli d. Marcus
- 6. What happens to the direct object of an active verb when that verb is changed to a passive?
 - a. It becomes an ablative with a preposition. b. It becomes a dative.
 - c. It becomes the subject. d. It remains a direct object.
- 7. A genitive should **NOT** be placed between two a. verbs. b. adjectives. c. adverbs. d. nouns.
- 8. Which of the following does <u>NOT</u> form its singular imperative in the same way as the other three?
 - a. duco b. fugio c. dico d. facio
- 9. Which of the following is **NOT** an imperative? a. libertate b. nuntiate c. celebrate d. adiuvate
- 10. Which of the following is genitive plural?a. consulum b. periculum c. pretium d. caelum
- 11. Which of the following is **NOT** nominative? a. duo b. tria c. unius d. duae
- 12. Which of the following is **NOT** passive? a. poneris b. caperis c. videris d. docueris

		Which of the following contains an ablative of manner? a. The river flows with great speed. b. The boy was wounded with a long sword. c. The girl writes with a little stylus. d. The tops of the mountains were covered with white snow.					
		Which of the following does <u>NOT</u> contain an objective genitive? a. The memory of by-gone days filled his thoughts. b. He said he did it for love. c. The town had a large supply of good water. d. The farmer was fully occupied by his care for the fields.					
II. Choose the answer which correctly fills in the blank.							
	15.	Marcus spectat. a. puella b. puellam c. puellae d. puellis					
	16.	Quattuor et quinque sunt a. septem b. novem c. novum d. decem					
	17.	Nauta navigat. a. aquam b. aqua c. in aqua d. aqua					
	18.	Iulius est. a. puero b. puerum c. pueri d. puer					
	19.	Vulnus erat. a. altus b. alta c. alti d. altum					
	20.	bona est. a. oppida b. poeta c. fabula d. templa					
	21.	Puella pueros vocat. a. ad cenam b. cenae c. cenis d. in cena					
III. Choose the answer which best translates the underlined words.							
	22.	You ought to put your money into savings. a. ponere b. ponis c. posuisti d. pone					
	23.	His love for the woman led to his destruction. a. feminam b. femina c. feminae d. pro femina					

II.

- 24. <u>Teacher</u>, help me! a. magistri b. magister c. magistro d. magistrum
- 25. You will be tired after all that exercise.

 a. eritis b. eratis c. fueritis d. estis
- 26. They used to send their children to a different school. a. missi erant b. mittebant c. miserant d. miserunt
- 27. We shall conquer the world with love.

 a. amore b. cum amore c. amoris d. amori
- 28. The boys gave the girl some help with her packages.
 a. ad puellam b. puellae c. puellam d. puella
- 29. The student <u>had begun</u> to read the poems of the good poet. a. incepit b. incipit c. inceperat d. incipiebat
- 30. <u>Lucius</u>, come here! a. Luci b. Luce c. Lucius d. Lucii
- 31. He called the prophet <u>Helenus</u>.

 a. Helenus b. Helenum c. Helene d. Heleno
- 32. I am <u>from</u> Florida. a. ex b. ab c. de d. in
- 33. She was taken to town.
 a. capitur b. capta sunt c. capiebat d. capta est
- 34. You did not see the horse, did you?a. Nonne equum vidisti? b. Non equum vidisti?c. Num equum vidisti? d. Equumne vidisti?
- 35. The soldiers were led by good generals.
 a. imperatoribus sonis b. imperatoris boni c. imperatore bono d. ab imperatoribus bonis
- 36. The time of <u>true</u> peace was short.

 a. vera b. veri c. veris d. verae
- 37. We shall write to you tomorrow.

 a. scribebamus b. scribemus c. scribimus d. scripsimus

- 38. The general showed the kings all the treasure.
 a. regum b. regis c. regibus d. reges
- 39. Cornelius est.
 a. ad aquam b. aqua c. aquae d. aquam
- 40. The students were taught to be respectful.

 a. docent b. docentur c. docti sunt d. docuerunt
- 41. The soldiers came to the foot of the mountain.a. sub pedem montis b. ad pedem montis c. sub montem d. ad montem
- 42. Anna was called a <u>serious</u> girl by her friends. a. gravem b. gravis c. gravia d. grave
- 43. They added a room to their house <u>for the unhappy woman</u>.

 a. pro muliere miserā b. muliere miserā c. mulieris miserae
 d. mulieri miserae
- 44. Caesar entrusted his men with a lot of <u>loot</u>.

 a. praedae b praeda c. praedam d. praedarum
- 45. Fabulam, fili, tuo patri narra.

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- a. Tell the story of the son to your father.
- b. Sons, tell the story to your father.
- c. Tell the story of your father to your son.
- d. Son, tell the story to your father.

IV. Questions 46-50 refer to the following passage.

Post Romuli mortem, primi regis Romae, per breve interregnum unius anni Roma a senatoribus potentibus regebatur. Tum omnes incolae urbis regem novum postulaverunt. Numa Pompilius, Sabinus, rex prudens et homo pacis, delectus est. Viros bonos scribere multas leges aequas iussit; senatores has populum docuerunt. Rex iustus populos finitimos amabat et cum h.s contendere non desiderabat. Ubi socii auxilium petebant, Numa Pompilius his auxilium dedit. Templa aedificavit et ea curare multos viros nominavit. Virgines Vestales deligebat, templum Iani aedificavit, annum ad cursum lunae in duodecim menses divisit. Numa annos tres et quadraginta prudenter regnabat.

46. Identify the form of <u>regis</u> (line 1).

a. genitive b. dative c. verb d. ablative

- 47. In line 1, <u>breve</u> describes a. interregnum (line 1). b. <u>unius</u> (line 1). c. <u>anni</u> (line 2). d. <u>Roma</u> (line 2).
- 48. Identify the form of <u>homo</u> in line 4.

 a. ablative b. verb c. nominative d. dative
- 49. What is the correct translation for <u>Tum omnes incolae urbis regem novum</u> postulaverunt (lines 2-3)?
 - a. Then all the inhabitants will demand a new king for the city.
 - b. Then all the inhabitants of the city demanded a new king.
 - c. Then everyone demanded a new king of the city for the inhabitants.
 - d. Then all the inhabited cities will demand a new king.
- 50. According to this passage, Numa did all of the following EXCEPT
 - a. appoint many men to care for the temples.
 - b. establish a new calendar.
 - c. create a body of fair laws.
 - d. make war on his neighbors.